# DDU GORAKHPUR UNIVERSITY, GORAKHPUR DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS AND STATISTICS



# National Education Policy-2020 Syllabus

of

# **MATHEMATICS**

(Effective from Academic Session 2024-2025)

For

**UG Four Year Programme** 

(UG Honors/UG Honors with Research)

## **UG Four Year Programme (UG Honors/UG Honors with Research)**

## For Mathematics based on National Education Policy-2020 in Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)

The proposed curriculum is expected to provide the students a good overall knowledge of science covering various aspects. They will not only be able to understand the important techniques but also able to apply some commonly used techniques to other fields.

The course of UG Four Year Programme (UG Honors/UG Honors with Research) For Mathematics will be spread in four years  $-1^{st}$ ,  $2^{nd}$ ,  $3^{rd}$  and  $4^{th}$  Year. Each of which will have two semester examinations and therefore will be eight semester examinations.

## **Subject Prerequisites**

To study this subject a student must had the subject(s) Mathematics in class 12<sup>th</sup>.

## **Eligibility for Admission**

For UG in Mathematics following candidates are eligible for admission.

Eligibility for admission in this course, the student must have subject Mathematics in class 12<sup>th</sup>.

## **Program Duration**

The duration of the UG Four Year Programme (UG Honors/UG Honors with Research) For Mathematics the candidates admitted in semester-1<sup>st</sup> will be of four academic years (8 semesters). There are two regular semesters in an academic year.

## **Examination and Assessment**

As prescribed by the University (as per common ordinance for examination and assessment).

## **Programme Objectives**

The UG Four Year Programme (UG Honors/UG Honors with Research) For Mathematics aims to provide:

- **a**) In-depth of knowledge in Mathematics through understanding of key mathematical concepts, principles, theories and their applications.
- **b)** Inculcate strong interest in learning of mathematics.
- **c**) Evolve broad and balanced knowledge and understanding of definitions, key concepts, principles and theorems in Mathematics.
- **d**) Enable learners/students to apply the knowledge and skills acquired by them during the programme to solve specific theoretical and applied problems in mathematics.
- e) Develop in students the ability to apply relevant tools developed in mathematical theory to handle issues and problems in social and natural sciences.
- **f**) Provide students with sufficient knowledge and skills that enable them to undertake further studies in mathematics and related disciplines.
- **g**) Sufficient subject matter competence and enable students to prepare for various competitive examinations such as IIT-JAM, GATE, GRE, UGC-CSIR, NET/JRF and Civil Services Examinations etc.

## Framework of Four Year UG Programme (UG Honors)

		M	lajor1 (Subject-1)		Major 2	Minor	SEC/	AEC/	Disseratation/		0
	ter	Mathematics		(Subject-2) From Same	(Subject- 3) From Same/	Vocational	CoCurric ular	Research Project/ Field	Total	Award Degree	
Year	nest				Faculty	Other Faculty			Work/ Survey	Credits	d D
Y	Semester	Course	Course Title	Credits	Credits	Credits	Credits	Credits	Credits	1	war
		Code									<b>∀</b>
	I	MAT- 101F	Differential Calculus and Integral Calculus	4	6	6	3	2		23	culty
		MAT- 102F	Practical	2	0	0	3	2		23	n Fa edits
1	II	MAT-103F	Matrices and Differential Equations	3	6	6	3	2		23	Certificate in Faculty (46 Credits)
	**	MAT- 104F	Geometry	3		V	3	_		23	Certi
		MAT- 201F	Algebra	3							
2	III	MAT- 202F	Mathematical Methods	3	6	6	3	2		23	Diploma in Faculty (92 Credits)
		MAT- 203F	Differential Equations	3							a in 2 Cr
	IV	MAT- 204F	Mechanics	3	6	6		2	3*	23	Oiplom
		MAT- 301F	Ring Theory and Linear Algebra	4							
	$\mathbf{V}$	MAT- 302F	Tensor Analysis	3	10					20	
		MAT- 303F	Differential Geometry	3							s)
3		MAT- 304F	Metric Spaces and	4							UG Degree (132 Credits)
			Complex Analysis								G D
	VI	MAT- 305F	Numerical Analysis	4	10					20	(1.
			and Operations								
			Research								
		MAT- 306F	Practical	2							
		MAT- 401F	Groups and Canonical	4							
			Forms	4	-						
	VII	MAT- 402F	Topology	4						20	
	VII	MAT- 403F	Differential and	4						20	
			Integral Equations								
		MAT- 404F	Complex Analysis	4	-						UG Honors (172 Credits)
4		MAT- 405F	Real Analysis	4							Hon
		MAT- 406F	Fields and Modules	4							UG (172
		MAT- 407F	Differential Geometry	4	1						
	****		of Manifolds							20	
	VIII	MAT- 408F	Partial Differential Equations	4						20	
		MAT- 409F	Operations Research	4	-						
		MAT- 410F	Fluid Dynamics	4	-						

Note: 1.SEC (Skill Enhancement Course/ Vocational Course).

<sup>2.</sup> AEC (Ability Enhancement Course/ CoCurricular Course).

**<sup>3.\*</sup>** The student has to opt one project from subject-1/ subject-2/ subject-3.

## Framework of Four Year UG Programme (UG Honors with Research)

	Į.	M	ajor1 (Subject-1)		Major 2 (Subject-2)	Minor (Subject- 3)	SEC/ Vocational	AEC/ CoCurric	Disseratation/ Research		ree
Year	este	Mathematics			From Same Faculty	From Same/ Other Faculty	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	ular	Project/ Field Work/ Survey	Total Credits	Deg
X.	Semester	Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Credits	Credits	Credits	Credits	Credits		Award Degree
		MAT- 101F	Differential Calculus	4							y
	I		and Integral Calculus		6	6	3	2		23	Certificate in Faculty (46 Credits)
		MAT- 102F	Practical	2							in Fa redit
1		MAT- 103F	Matrices and	3							zate j 16 Cj
	II		Differential Equations		6	6	3	2		23	rtific (2
		MAT- 104F	Geometry	3	1						Ce
	Ш	MAT- 201F	Algebra	3							
		MAT- 202F	Mathematical	3	6	6	3	2		23	cult;
2			Methods								in Fa !redi
		MAT- 203F	Differential Equations	3	6	6		2	3*	23	Diploma in Faculty (92 Credits)
	IV	MAT- 204F	Mechanics	3	1			_		23	Diple
		MAT- 301F	Ring Theory and	4							
	$\mathbf{V}$	MATE 202E	Linear Algebra	2	10					20	
		MAT- 302F	Tensor Analysis	3	_						
3		MAT- 303F	Differential Geometry	3							gree
	<b>X</b> /T	MAT- 304F	Metric Spaces and Complex Analysis	4	10					20	UG Degree (132 Credits)
	VI	MAT- 305F	Numerical Analysis	4	10					20	U (13)
			and Operations								
		MAT- 306F	Research Practical	2							
		MAT- 401F	Groups and Canonical	4							
			Forms	-							
		MAT- 402F	Topology	4							
	VII	MAT- 403F	Differential and	4						20	q l
			Integral Equations								earch
		MAT- 404F	Complex Analysis	4							Reso its)
		MAT- 405F	Real Analysis	4							with
4			ourse of the following								UG Honors with Resea (172 Credits)
•		MAT- 406F	Fields and Modules	4							Hor
		MAT- 407F	Differential Geometry	4							ne
			of Manifolds								
	VIII	MAT- 408F	Partial Differential	4 8						20	
			Equations								
		MAT- 409F	Operations Research	4							
		MAT- 410F	Fluid Dynamics	4							
		Disseratation/ I MAT- 411F	Research Project Disseratation/						1		
		W1/x1-411F	Research Project	12					12		
			Research Floject					1			

Note: 1.SEC (Skill Enhancement Course/ Vocational Course).
2. AEC (Ability Enhancement Course/ CoCurricular Course).

<sup>3.\*</sup> The student has to opt one project from subject-1/ subject-2/ subject-3.

## Course Structure of **Mathematics** as Major Subject in UG Honors Programme

Year	Course Code	Course Title	Theory/Practical	Credits				
ı cai	Sourse Cour		Theory/Tractical	Citains				
	MAT- 101F	SEMESTER-I Differential Calculus and Integral Calculus	Theory	4+0				
-	MAT- 102F	Practical Practical	Practical	0+2				
-	MA 1 - 102F		Fractical	U+2				
FIRST		SEMESTER-II	T					
	MAT- 103F	Matrices and Differential Equations	Theory	3+0				
	MAT- 104F	Geometry	Theory	3+0				
	SEMESTER-III							
	MAT- 201F	Algebra	Theory	3+0				
	MAT- 202F	Mathematical Methods	Theory	3+0				
		SEMESTER-IV						
SECOND	MAT- 203F	Differential Equations	Theory	3+0				
<u> </u>	MAT- 204F	Mechanics	Theory	3+0				
		SEMESTER-V						
	MAT- 301F	Ring Theory and Linear Algebra	Theory	4+0				
_	MAT- 302F	Tensor Analysis	Theory	3+0				
-	MAT- 303F	Differential Geometry	Theory	3+0				
	SEMESTER-VI							
THIRD	MAT- 304F	Metric Spaces and Complex Analysis	Theory	4+0				
-	MAT- 305F	Numerical Analysis and Operations Research	Theory	4+0				
ŀ	MAT- 306F	Practical	Practical	0+2				
		SEMESTER-VII	1					
	MAT- 401F	Groups and Canonical Forms	Theory	4+0				
	MAT- 402F	Topology	Theory	4+0				
	MAT- 403F	Differential and Integral Equations	Theory	4+0				
Ī	MAT- 404F	Complex Analysis	Theory	4+0				
ļ	MAT- 405F	Real Analysis	Theory	4+0				
FOURTH		SEMESTER-VIII	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
	MAT- 406F	Fields and Modules	Theory	4+0				
	MAT- 407F	Differential Geometry of Manifolds	Theory	4+0				
	MAT- 408F	Partial Differential Equations	Theory	4+0				
	MAT- 409F	Operations Research	Theory	4+0				
_	MAT- 410F	Fluid Dynamics	Theory	4+0				

## Course Structure of **Mathematics** as Major Subject in UG Honors with Research Programme

SEMEST	ER-WISE TITLE	S OF THE PAPERS OF MATHEMATICS AS MAJ	OR SUBJECT IN UG PR	ROGRAMME
Year	<b>Course Code</b>	Course Title	Theory/Practical	Credits
		SEMESTER-I		
	MAT- 101F	Differential Calculus and Integral Calculus	Theory	4+0
	MAT- 102F	Practical	Practical	0+2
FIRST		SEMESTER-II	1	
TIKSI	MAT- 103F	Matrices and Differential Equations	Theory	3+0
	MAT- 104F	Geometry	Theory	3+0
		SEMESTER-III	1	
	MAT- 201F	Algebra	Theory	3+0
	MAT- 202F	Mathematical Methods	Theory	3+0
SECOND		SEMESTER-IV		
	MAT- 203F	Differential Equations	Theory	3+0
	MAT- 204F	Mechanics	Theory	3+0
		SEMESTER-V		
	MAT- 301F	Ring Theory and Linear Algebra	Theory	4+0
	MAT- 302F	Tensor Analysis	Theory	3+0
	MAT- 303F	Differential Geometry	Theory	3+0
		SEMESTER-VI	1	
THIRD	MAT- 304F	Metric Spaces and Complex Analysis	Theory	4+0
	MAT- 305F	Numerical Analysis and Operations Research	Theory	4+0
	MAT- 306F	Practical	Practical	0+2
		SEMESTER-VII		
	MAT- 401F	Groups and Canonical Forms	Theory	4+0
	MAT- 402F	Topology	Theory	4+0
	MAT- 403F	Differential and Integral Equations	Theory	4+0
	MAT- 404F	Complex Analysis	Theory	4+0
	MAT- 405F	Real Analysis	Theory	4+0
EQUIPEU.	0 1	SEMESTER-VIII		
FOURTH	Opt any two cou MAT- 406F	Fields and Modules	Theory	4 . 0
			Theory	4+0
	MAT- 407F MAT- 408F	Differential Geometry of Manifolds  Partial Differential Equations	Theory	4+0 4+0
	MAT- 408F MAT- 409F	Partial Differential Equations Operations Research	Theory Theory	4+0 4+0
	MAT- 410F	Fluid Dynamics		4+0 4+0
	1V1A 1 - 41UF	L	Theory	4+0
	MAT /11E	Dissertation/ Research Project		0 : 12
	MAT- 411F	Disseratation/ Research Project	Project	0+12

## **UG Honors:**

UG Honors opt only those students who passed UG Degree.

## **UG Honors with Research:**

UG Honors with Research opt only those students who secured 75% marks in first six semester in UG Degree.

## **Programme Exit Options:**

The mandatory number of credits which have to be secured for the purpose of award of Certificate in Faculty/Diploma in Faculty/UG Degree/ UG Honors/ UG Honors with Research are listed in the following table.

S. No.	Type of Award	Stage of Exit	Mandatory Credits to be Secured for the Award	Exit Options
1	Certificate in Faculty	After successful completion of Semester II	46	Exit option-1
2	Diploma in Faculty	After successful completion of Semester IV	92	Exit option-2
3	UG Degree	After successful completion of Semester VI	132	Exit option-3
4	UG Honors	After successful completion of Semester VIII	172	
		OR		
4	UG Honors with Research (For students who secured 75%	After successful completion of Semester VIII	172	
1	marks in first six semester)			

## **Subject Prerequisites:**

To study this subject a student must had the subject(s) Mathematics in class 12<sup>th</sup>.

## **Program Outcomes (POs)**

**PO1:** It is to give foundation knowledge for the students to understand basics of mathematics including applied aspects for the same.

**PO2:** It is to develop enhanced quantitative skills in pursuing higher mathematics and research as well.

**PO3:** Students will be able to develop solution-oriented approach towards various issues related to their environment.

**PO4:** Students will become employable in various government and private sectors.

**PO5:** Scientific temper in general and mathematical temper in particular will be developed in students.

Year	Semester	Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs)
First SEM-I		PSO1. Student should be able to possess recall basic idea about mathematics which
	SEM-II	can be displayed by them.
Second	SEM-III	<b>PSO2</b> . Student should have adequate exposure to many aspects of mathematical sciences.
	SEM-IV	
Third	SEM-V	<b>PSO3</b> . Student is equipped with mathematical modeling ability, critical mathematical
	SEM-VI	thinking, problem solving skills, etc. and apply his/her skill and knowledge in various field of studies including Science, Engineering, Commerce and Management etc.
Fourth	SEM-VII	<b>PSO4</b> . To encourage students for research studies in Mathematics and related fields.
	SEM-VIII	

## FIRST YEAR (SEMESTER-I)

## DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS AND INTEGRAL CALCULUS

Class: UG	Year: FIRST	Semester: FIRST
Subject: MATHEMATICS		
Course Code: MAT- 101F	Course Title: DIFFE INTEGRAL CALCULU	RENTIAL CALCULUS AND JS
Credits: 4+0	Core Compulsory	
Max. Marks: 25(Internal) + 75(External)	Min. Passing Marks:	As per University CBCS Norm

Total No. of Lectures-Tutorials-Practical (in hours per week): L-T-P: 4-0-0

## Course outcomes:

**CO1:** The program outcome is to give foundation knowledge for the students to understand basics of mathematics including applied aspect for developing enhanced quantitative skills and pursuing higher mathematics and research as well.

**CO2:** By the time students complete the course; they will have wide ranging application of the subject and have the knowledge of real valued functions along with sequence. They will also be able to know about convergence of sequence. Also, they have knowledge about curvature, envelopeand evolutes, Riemann integral.

CO3: The main objective of the course is to equip the student with necessary analytic and technical skills. By applying the principles of differential calculus and integral calculus he/she learns to solve a variety of practical problems in science and engineering.

**CO4:** The student is equipped with standard concepts and tools at an intermediate to advance level that will serve him/her well towards taking more advance level course in mathematics.

## Course prerequisites:

To study this course, a student must have the subject Mathematics in class 12th.

Unit	Topics						
	PART-A						
	DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS						
I	Definition of a sequence, Theorems on limits of sequences, Bounded and Monotonic sequences,						
	Convergent sequence, Cauchy's convergence criterion, Balzano Weierstrass theorem for sequence,						
	Cauchy sequence, Cauchy's first and second theorems on limits, limit superior and limit inferior of a						
	sequence, Cantor's theorem on nested intervals, subsequence.						
II	Limit, Continuity and differentiability of function of single variable, Cauchy's definition, Heine's						
	definition, equivalence of definition of Cauchy and Heine, Uniform continuity, Borel's theorem,						
	Bolzano's theorem, Intermediate value theorem, Extreme value theorem, Darboux's intermediate value						
	theorem for derivatives, Chain rule.						
III	Rolle's theorem, Lagrange and Cauchy Mean value theorems, mean value theorems of higher order,						
	Taylor's theorem with various forms of remainders, Successive differentiation, and Leibnitz theorem,						
	Maclaurin's and Taylor's series expansion.						
IV	Partial differentiation, Homogeneous function, Euler's theorem on homogeneous function, Deduction						
- '	from Euler's theorem, Jacobians and its properties, Asymptotes, Curvature, Envelops and Evolutes.						

Unit	Topics					
	PART-B					
	INTEGRAL CALCULUS					
	Lower and upper bounds, Supremum and infimum of the subsets of R and its basic properties,					
V	Completeness of R. Riemann integral and its properties, Integrability of continuous and monotonic					
	functions, Fundamental theorem of integral calculus, Mean value theorems of integral calculus,					
	Differentiation under the sign of Integration.					
	Beta and Gamma functions, Tracing of curves in Cartesian and Polar forms, Improper integrals, their					
VI	classification and convergence, Comparison test, µ-test, Abel's test, Dirichlet's test, quotient test.					
	Areas of Curve, Lengths of curve, Volumes of solid of revolution, Multiple integrals: Double and Triple					
VII	integrals, Change of order of double integration, Area as a double integral in Cartesian form, Dirichlet's					
	theorem, and Liouville's theorem for multiple integrals.					
	Vector Differentiation, Point function, Vector differential operator, Gradient, Divergence and Curl,					
VIII	Normal on a surface, Directional Derivative, Second order differential operator, Laplacian operator.					
	Vector Integration, Line integral, Circulation, Work done by a force, Surface integral, Volume integral,					
	Gauss, Green, Stokes theorems with prove and related problems.					

## **Books Recommended: (Part-A Differential Calculus)**

- 1. R.G. Bartle & D.R. Sherbert, Introduction to Real Analysis, John Wiley & Sons
- 2. T.M. Apostal, Calculus Vol. I, John Wiley & Sons Inc.
- 3. Gorakh Prasad, A text book on Differential Calculus, Pothishala Private Ltd., Prayagraj
- 4. S. Balachandra Rao & C. K. Shantha, Differential Calculus, New Age Publication.
- 5. H. Anton, I. Birens and S. Davis, Calculus, John Wiley and Sons, Inc., 2002.
- **6.** G.B. Thomas and R.L. Finney, Calculus, Pearson Education, 2007.

## **Books Recommended: (Part-B Integral Calculus)**

- 1. T.M. Apostal, Calculus Vol. II, John Wiley Publication
- 2. Gorakh Prasad, A text book on Integral Calculus, Pothishala Private Ltd., Prayagraj
- 3. Shanti Narayan & Dr. P.K. Mittal, Integral Calculus, S.Chand
- **4.** Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, John Wiley & Sons.

## Internal Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 25)

As prescribed by the University (as per common ordinance for examination and assessment).

## External Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 75)

## FIRST YEAR (SEMESTER-I) PRACTICAL

Class: UG	Year: FIRST	Semester: FIRST		
Subject: MATHEMATICS	1			
Course Code: MAT- 102F	Course Title: PRAG	Course Title: PRACTICAL		
Credits: 0+2	Core Compulsory			
Max. Marks: 25(Internal) + 75(External)	Min. Passing Mark	ss: As per University CBCS Norm		

## Total No. of Lectures-Tutorials-Practical (in hours per week): L-T-P: 0-0-4

## Course outcomes:

- CO1. The main objective of the course is to equip the student to plot the different graphs and solve the different types of equations by plotting the graphs using different computer software such as Sage Math/Mathematica /MATLAB / /Maple / Scilab /C programming / R programming etc.
- **CO2.** After completion of this course student would be able to know the Plotting the graphs.
- CO3. Student would be able to Sketching parametric curves: Trochoid, Cycloid, Epicycloid.
- **CO4.** Student would be able to find numbers between two real numbers and plotting of finite and infinite subsetof R, Matrix operations.

## Course prerequisites:

To study this course, a student must have the subject Mathematics in class 12th.

## **Topics**

- Practical / Lab work to be performed in Computer Lab.
- List of the practicals to be done using Sage Math / Mathematica /MATLAB / Maple / Scilab / R programming / Python / C programming etc.
- 1. Plotting the graphs of the following functions:
  - i. ax
  - ii. [x] (greatest integer function)
  - iii.  $x^{2n}$ ;  $n \in N$
  - iv.  $x^{2n-1}$ ;  $n \in N$
  - v.  $\frac{1}{X^{2n-1}}$ ;  $n \in N$
  - vi.  $\frac{1}{X^{2n}}$ ;  $n \in N$
  - vii.  $\sqrt{ax+b}$ , |ax+b|
  - viii. |x| for  $x \neq 0$
  - ix.  $e^x$  for  $x \neq 0$
  - x.  $e^{-x}$  for  $x \neq 0$
- 2. Plotting the graph of the following functions:

 $\log_e x$ ,  $\sin x$ ,  $\cos x$ ,  $\tan x$ .

- **3.** Plotting the graph of the following functions: sin hx, cos hx, tan hx.
- 4. Sketching parametric curves: Trochoid, Cycloid, and Epicycloid.
- **5.** By plotting the graph find the solution of the equation:

$$x = e^x$$
,  $x^2 + 1 = e^x$ ,  $1 - x^2 = e^x$ ,  $x = \log_{10}(x)$ ,  $\cos(x) = x$ ,  $\sin(x) = x$ ,  $\cos(y) = \cos(x)$ ,  $\sin(y) = \sin(x)$ .

- **6.** Plotting the graphs of polynomial of degree 2, 3, 4 and 5.
- **7.** Matrix operations:
  - i. Addition,
  - ii. Multiplication,
  - iii. Inverse,
  - iv. Transpose.
- **8.** Complex number and their representations:
  - i. Addition,
  - ii. Multiplication,
  - iii. Division,
  - iv. Modulus.

## Internal Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 25)

Practical Internal Evaluation shall be based on Practical File/Record, Viva-voce and Overall performance. {As prescribed by the University (as per common ordinance for examination and assessment)}.

## External Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 75)

Practical External Evaluation shall be based on Viva-voce, Practical Exercises and Overall performance. {As prescribed by the University (as per common ordinance for examination and assessment)}.

## Any remarks:

- At least two Computer Programmers and two Computer Operators must be assigned in computer lab.
- There should be a Computer Lab with minimum of 25 computer systems for 50 students with licensed and Free Open Source softwares related to this course.

## FIRST YEAR (SEMESTER-II)

## MATRICES AND DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

Class: UG	Year: FIRST	Semester: SECOND
Subject: MATHEMATICS		
Course Code: MAT- 103F	Course Title: MATRICE	S AND DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS
Credits: 3+0	Core Compulsory	
Max. Marks: 25(Internal) + 75(External)	Min. Passing Marks: As	per University CBCS Norm
Total No. of Lectures-Tutorials-Practical	(in hours per week): L-T-	P: 3-0-0

## Course outcomes:

**CO1:** The topics of the course are included in such a way that they focus on developing mathematical skills in matrices and eigen values from basic level to depth of knowledge.

CO2: The student will be able to find the rank, eigen values of matrices and study the Differential Equations, Formation of differential equations.

CO3: The students will be capable of learn and visualize the fundamental ideas about the rank, eigen values of matrices and Orthogonal Trajectories.

CO4: On successful completion of the course students have gained knowledge about matrices, differential equations and their properties. They have the foundation for higher course in Matrices and differential equations.

## Course prerequisites:

To study this course, a student must have the subject Mathematics in class 12th

	this course, a student must have the subject Mathematics in class 12th.					
Unit	Topics					
	MATRICES AND DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS					
I	Elementary operations on Matrices, Rank of a Matrix, Echelon form of a Matrix, Normal form of Canonical form of a Matrix, Inverse of a Matrix by elementary operations. Complex matrix, Conjugate of matrix, Transpose of Conjugate of matrix, Hermitian matrix and Skew-Hermitian matrix, Periodic matrix Idempotent matrix, Unitary matrix. System of linear homogeneous and non-homogeneous equation Consistency and Inconsistency of a system of linear equations, Theorems on consistency of a system of linear equations.					
П	Vector, Linear Dependence and Independence of vectors, Dependence and Independence of vectors of vectors by rank method. Eigen values, Eigen vectors and characteristic equation of a matrix, Orthogonal Vectors. Algebraic Multiplicity, Geometric Multiplicity, Regular eigen value, Caley-Hamilton theorem and its use in finding inverse of a matrix, Diagonalisation of square matrix, Power of matrix be Diagonalisation.					
III	Order and Degree of a Differential Equations, Formation of differential equations, General Solution, Particular Solution, Geometrical meaning of a differential equation, Equation of first order and first degree, Equation in which the variables are separable, Equation Reducible to Variable separable form, Homogeneous differential equations, Equations Reducible to Homogeneous form.					

Exact differential equations and equations reducible to the exact form, Linear differential equations, Equations Reducible to Linear form; First order higher degree differential equations solvable for p, y, x. Clairaut's differential equation, Singular Solutions, Determination of singular solution, Orthogonal Trajectories, Trajectories in Cartesian form and Polar form.

## Books Recommended:

- 1. Felix R. Gantmacher, The Theory of Matrices, AMS Chelsea Publishing.
- 2. Roger A. Horn, Charles R. Johnson, Matrix Analysis, Cambridge University Press.
- 3. Thomas S. Shores, Applied linear algebra and matrix analysis, Springer
- **4.** G.F. Simmons, Differential Equations, Tata Mcgraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd.
- 5. M. D. Rai Singhania, Ordinary and Partial Differential Equations, S. Chand and Company Ltd., New Delhi.
- 6. Richard Bronson, Gabriel B. Costa, Schaum's Outline of Differential Equations, McGraw-Hill Education
- 7. Zafar Ahsan, Differential equations and their applications, PHI.

## Internal Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 25)

As prescribed by the University (as per common ordinance for examination and assessment).

## External Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 75)

## FIRST YEAR (SEMESTER-II)

## **GEOMETRY**

Year: FIRST	Semester: SECOND
Course Title: GEOMETRY	
Core Compulsory	
Min. Passing Marks: As per University CBCS Norm	
	Course Title: GEOMI

## Total No. of Lectures-Tutorials-Practical (in hours per week): L-T-P: 3-0-0

## Course outcomes:

**CO1:** The topics of the course are included in such a way that they focus on developing mathematical skills in geometry and three-Dimensional Coordinates from basic level to depth of knowledge.

**CO2:** The student will be able to find the concepts of three-Dimensional geometry. The course in geometry intends to develop problem solving skills for solving various types of concepts in three-Dimensional geometry.

**CO3:** The students will be capable of learn and visualize the fundamental ideas about coordinate geometry and learn to describe some of the surfaces by using analytical geometry.

**CO4:** On successful completion of the course students have gained knowledge about regular geometrical figures and their properties. They have the foundation for higher course in Geometry.

## Course prerequisites:

To study this course, a student must have the subject Mathematics in class 12th.

Unit	Topics		
	GEOMETRY		
I	Three-Dimensional Coordinates in space, Distance between two points, Direction cosines and direction		
	ratios, Projection of a segment on a straight line, Projection of the join of two points on a straight line,		
	Angle between two lines, Distance of a point from a line.		
II	Plane, General equation of plane, Equation of the plane in various forms, Equation of a plane through		
	given points, Straight line in three dimensions, Coplanar lines, The image of a point in a plane, shortest		
	distance between two lines.		
III	Sphere, Equation of a sphere whose center is given, Intersection of two spheres, Intersection of sphere and		
	a straight line, Cone, Equation of cone, Equation of right circular cone, enveloping cone.		
IV	Cylinder, Right circular cylinder, Enveloping cylinder, Central conicoid, properties of the central conicoid		
	in standard form, the ellipsoid, the hyperboloid one sheet, the hyperboloid of two sheets, intersection of		
	line and a central conicoid, tangent plane, condition of tangency, director sphere, normal to a conicoid,		
	polar plane, diametral plane.		

## **Books Recommended:**

- R. J. T. Bell, An Elementary Treatise on Co-ordinate geometry of three dimensions, Macmillan India Ltd., New Delhi, 1994.
- 2. Shanti Narayan, P.K. Mittal, Analytical Solid Geometry, S. Chand & Company, New Delhi, 2008.
- 3. M.M. Tripathi, Coordinate Geometry: Polar Coordinates Approach, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi
- **4.** P.R. Vittal, Analytical Geometry 3D, Pearson.

## Internal Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 25)

As prescribed by the University (as per common ordinance for examination and assessment).

## External Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 75)

## **SECOND YEAR (SEMESTER-III)**

## ALGEBRA

	ALGEBRA	
Class: UG	Year: SECOND	Semester: THIRD
Subject: MATHEMATICS		
Course Code: MAT- 201F	Course Title: ALGI	EBRA
Credits: 3+0	Core Compulsory	
Max. Marks: 25(Internal) + 75(External)	Min. Passing Mark	s: As per University CBCS Norm
Total No. of Lectures-Tutorials-Practical	(in hours per week): I	T-P: 3-0-0
Course outcomes:		
CO1. Group theory is one of the building	a blocks of modern al	gehra. Objective of this course is to introduce

**CO1:** Group theory is one of the building blocks of modern algebra. Objective of this course is tointroduce students to basic concepts of Group theory and their properties.

**CO2:** A student learning this course gets a concept of Integers, Group and their properties. This course will lead the student to basic course in advanced mathematics particularly in Algebra.

**CO3:** The course gives emphasis to enhance students' knowledge of Permutation groups and Normal subgroups.

**CO4:** On successful completion of the course students would have acquire knowledge about Integers, Group and will help him/her in going for higher studies and research.

## Course prerequisites:

To study this course, a student must have passed Mathematics as Major Subject in UG First Year Programme.

Unit	Topics				
	ALGEBRA				
I	Properties of Integers, Divisor, Division algorithm. Greatest Common Divisor, Euclidean algorithm, Fundamental theorem of arithmemetic, Congruences and residue classes. Euler Ø —function and its properties, Euler's, Fermat's and Wilson's theorem.				
II	Algebraic Structure, Definition of a group with examples and simple properties, Subgroups, Generators of a group, Cyclic groups, Order of an element of a group, Centre of group.				
III	Permutation groups, Cyclic permutation, Transposition, Even and odd permutations, The alternating group, Cayley's theorem, Coset decomposition, Lagrange's theorem and its consequences.				
IV	Homomorphism and isomorphism, Kernel of homomorphism, Normal subgroups, Simple group, Quotient groups, Fundamental theorem of homomorphism, Theorems on isomorphism.				

## **Books Recommended:**

- 1. I. N. Herstein, Topics in Algebra, Wiley Eastern Ltd, New Delhi, 1975.
- **2.** Joseph. A. Gallian, Contemporary Abstract Algebra, Cengage Learning India Private Limited, Delhi., Fourth impression, 2015.
- **3.** P. B. Bhattacharya, S. K. Jain and S. R. Nagpal, First Course in Linear Algebra, Wiley Eastern Ltd., New Delhi, 1983.
- 4. S. Singh and Q. Zameeruddin, Modern Algebra, Vikas Publication House, India.
- 5. David M. Burton, Elementary Number Theory, Wm. C. Brown Publishers, Dubuque, Iowa 1989.

## Internal Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 25)

As prescribed by the University (as per common ordinance for examination and assessment).

## External Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 75)

## SECOND YEAR (SEMESTER-III)

## **MATHEMATICAL METHODS**

Class: U	G	Year: SECOND	Semester: THIRD
Subject:	MATHEMATICS		
Course (	Code: MAT- 202F	Course Title: MATHEMATICAL METHODS	
Credits:	3+0	Core Compulsory	
Max. Ma	arks: 25(Internal) + 75(External)	Min. Passing Marks: As per University CBCS Norm	
Total No	o. of Lectures-Tutorials-Practical	(in hours per week):	L-T-P: 3-0-0
CO1: L Objective two vari  CO2: A propertice function  CO3: Th and Four even and  CO4: Co of two vari	re of this course is tointroduce ables, Fourier series and their products student learning this course goes. This course will lead the strong two variables.  The course gives emphasis to enhance ier series, Fourier expansion of pier odd functions.  The successful completion of the course gives emphasis to enhance ier series, Fourier expansion of pier odd functions.	e students to basic coperties.  ets a concept of Laptudent to basic course students' knowledge ecewise monotonic further course students we	the building blocks of modern mathematics concepts of limit and continuity of function of place transforms, Fourier transforms and their rise in advanced mathematics particularly in the of function of two variables, Laplace transforms notions, Calculus of variations, Fourier series for build have acquire knowledge about function us of variations and will help him/her in going
	prerequisites:	assed Mathematics as	Major Subject in UG First Year Programme.
Unit	this course, a student must have pe	Topics	
		MATHEMATICAL	METHODS
I	Taylor's theorem for functions o two variables, Lagrange multipli	ons of two variables, f two variables with e er method. Exponenti	Differentiation of function of two variables, examples, Maxima and minima for functions of al functions, hyperbolic functions, logarithm of werse Circular function of complex quantities,
III	properties, Laplace transform of Initial and Final value theorem, function, Unit impulse function ordinary differential equation  Periodic functions, Fourier ser	the derivatives and into Unit step function and in, Inverse Laplace traby using Laplace tracties, Fourier expansi	on of piecewise monotonic functions, Fourier
	series for even and odd fund	=	e expansions. Fourier transforms (finite and

IV Calculus of variations-Variational problems with fixed boundaries- Euler's equation for functionals containing first order derivative and one independent variable, Extremals, Functionals dependent on higher order derivatives.

## **Books Recommended:**

- 1. T.M. Apostal, Mathematical Analysis, Pearson
- 2. G. F. Simmons, Differential Equations with Application and Historical Notes, Tata -McGrawHill
- 3. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, John Wiley & Sons.
- **4.** A.C. Srivastava, Engineering Mathematics, PHI Publication.
- 5. N. Kumar, An Elementary Course on Variational Problems in Calculus, Narosa Publications, New Delhi.
- **6.** A. S. Gupta, Text Book on Calculus of Variation, Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi.

## Internal Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 25)

As prescribed by the University (as per common ordinance for examination and assessment).

## External Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 75)

## SECOND YEAR (SEMESTER-IV)

## **DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS**

Class: UG	Year: SECOND	Semester: FOURTH
Subject: MATHEMATICS	l	
Course Code: MAT- 203F	Course Title: DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS	
Credits: 3+0	Core Compulsory	
Max. Marks: 25(Internal) + 75(External)	Min. Passing Marks: As per University CBCS Norm	

## Total No. of Lectures-Tutorials-Practical (in hours per week): L-T-P: 3-0-0

## **Course outcomes:**

Course prerequisites:

Ш

IV

**CO1:** The objective of this course is to familiarize the students with various methods of solving differential equations, partial differential equations and to have qualitative applications.

**CO2:** A student doing this course is able to solve differential equations and is able to model problems in nature using ordinary differential equations. After completing this course, a student will be able to take more courses on differential equations. These entire courses are important in engineering and industrial applications for solving boundary value problems.

**CO3:** The object of the course is to give students knowledge of basic differential equations, partial differential equations such as Simultaneous Differential Equation and Total differential equation.

**CO4:** The student, after completing the course can go for higher quality problems in Differential Equation. This will be helpful in getting employment in industry.

# To study this course, a student must have passed Mathematics as Major Subject in UG First Year Programme. Topics DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS I Linear differential equation with constant coefficients, Homogeneous Linear differential equations (Cauchy-Euler differential equation), Equations Reducible to Homogeneous linear form (Legendre's linear differential equations). II Second order linear differential equations: Use of a known solution to find another (reduction of order),

reduction to normal form, Changing the independent variable, method of variation of parameters.

Total differential equation, Necessary and sufficient condition for Integrability of total differential equation, Methods for solving the total differential equation: Solution by inspection, one variable regarded as constant, homogeneous equations, method of auxiliary equations.

Ordinary Simultaneous Differential Equation, Method of solving simultaneous linear differential equation with constant coefficients, Solution of simultaneous differential equation in a different form.

## **Books Recommended:**

- 1. G.F. Simmons, Differential Equations with Application and Historical Notes, Tata-McGraw-Hill
- 2. B. Rai, D.P. Choudhary & H. J. Freedman, A Course of Ordinary Differential Equations, Narosa
- 3. M. D. Rai Singhania, Ordinary and Partial Differential Equations, S. Chand and Company Ltd., New Delhi.
- 4. L.E. Elsgolts, Differential Equation and Calculus of variations, University Press of the Pacific.

## Internal Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 25)

As prescribed by the University (as per common ordinance for examination and assessment).

## External Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 75)

## SECOND YEAR (SEMESTER-IV)

## **MECHANICS**

Class: UG	Year: SECOND	Semester: FOURTH
Subject: MATHEMATICS		
Course Code: MAT- 204F	Course Title: MECHANICS	
Credits: 3+0	Core Compulsory	
Max. Marks: 25(Internal) + 75(External)	Min. Passing Marks: As per University CBCS Norm	

## Total No. of Lectures-Tutorials-Practical (in hours per week): L-T-P: 3-0-0

## **Course outcomes:**

**CO1:** The objective of this course is to familiarize the students with various methods of finding Forces in three dimensions. Poinsot's central axis. Wrenches. Null lines and null planes. Conjugate lines and conjugate forces and to have qualitative applications.

**CO2:** A student doing this course is able to model problems in nature using Statics & Dynamics. After completing this course, a student will be able to take more courses on Virtual work, Stable and unstable equilibrium, Catenary, Catenary of uniform strength etc. These entire courses are important in engineering and industrial applications.

**CO3:** The object of the course is to give students knowledge of basic mechanics such as motion under other laws and forces.

**CO4:** The student, after completing the course can go for higher quality problems in mechanics such as hydrodynamics. This will be helpful in getting employment in industry.

## Course prerequisites:

To study this course, a student must have passed Mathematics as Major Subject in UG First Year Programme.

Unit	Topics			
	MECHANICS			
I	Forces in three dimensions. Poinsot's central axis. Wrenches. Null lines and null planes. Conjugate lines and conjugate forces.			
II	Analytical conditions of equilibrium of coplanar forces, Virtual work, Stable and unstable equilibrium, Catenary and its properties.			
III	Motion in a straight line: velocity and acceleration, Accelerations in terms of different coordinate systems. Motion in a plane: velocity and acceleration along radial and transverse direction, velocity and acceleration along tangential and normal directions, Elastic strings.			
IV	Motion in resisting medium, Projectile motion in resisting medium. Moments and products of inertia. The momental ellipsoid. Equimomental systems. Principle axes. Central orbits. Apses and apsidal distances. Kepler's laws of planetary motion, Motion of a particle in three dimensions.			

## **Books Recommended:**

- 1. R.C. Hibbeler, Engineering Mechanics-Statics, Pearson.
- **2.** S L Loney, The Elements of Statics & Dynamics Part-I (Statics), Arihant.
- 3. S L Loney, The Elements of Statics & Dynamics Part-II (Dynamics), Arihant.
- **4.** A. Nelson, Engineering Mechanics Statics and Dynamics, Tata McGraw Hill
- 5. J.L. Synge & B.A. Griffith, Principles of Mechanics, Tata McGraw Hill

## Internal Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 25)

As prescribed by the University (as per common ordinance for examination and assessment).

## External Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 75)

## SECOND YEAR (SEMESTER-IV) PROJECT

Class: UG	Year: SECOND	Semester: FOURTH	
Subject: MATHEMATICS	,		
Course Code: As prescribed by the	Course Title: PROJECT		
University			
Credits:0+3	The student can opt any one as a project from subject-1/ subject-2/ subject-3 (Major-1/ Major-2/ Minor-3) in semester-IV		
Max. Marks: 100	Min. Passing Marks: As per	University CBCS Norm	

## Course Outcomes:

- **CO** 1. The objective of course is to write a project on the specific topic.
- **CO 2**. The student shall be able to do their research work in different interdisciplinary areas.
- **CO 3**. After completing the course, the student shall be able to understand some advanced mathematical techniques.

## Course prerequisites:

To study this course, a student must have passed Mathematics as Major Subject in UG Semester-I, II and III Programme.

## **PROJECT**

Candidate/Students should write a project on the specific topic based on any one core/major papers opted by the student in semester- I, II, III and IV. The students has been allotted a supervisor in this research project on their topic, given by the concern faculty. The project should be typed.

## **Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 100)**

## THIRD YEAR (SEMESTER-V)

## RING THEORY AND LINEAR ALGEBRA

Class: UG

Subject: MATHEMATICS

Year: THIRD

Semester: FIFTH

Course C	ode: MAT- 301F	Course Title: RING THEORY AND LINEAR ALGEBRA
Credits: 4+0		Core Compulsory
Max. Mai	rks: 25(Internal) + 75(External)	Min. Passing Marks: As per University CBCS Norm
Total No.	of Lectures-Tutorials-Practica	ll (in hours per week): L-T-P: 4-0-0
Course ou	itcomes:	
CO1: Obj	ective of this course is to sustain	the students in Abstract Algebra of almost Advanced Level.
		a basic course in almost all branches of science. The objective of this s of Abstract Algebra, Linear Algebra and some of its applications.
	er successful completion of counutative rings, vector spaces.	rse, students will enable themselves to knowledge of Polynomial rings
CO4: Stu	dent will use this knowledge in	n computer science, finance mathematics and industrial mathematics
After com	pletion of this course students wi	ill appreciate its interdisciplinary nature.
Course pi	rerequisites:	
To study t	his course, a student must have p	bassed Mathematics as Major Subject in UG Second Year Programme.
Unit		Topics
	•	PART-A
I	Introduction to rings integral	RING THEORY  domains and fields, Characteristic of a ring, Ring homomorphism,
	Ideals and quotient rings.	domains and notes, characteristic of a ring, rang nomenorphism,
II	Field of quotients of an integra	al domain, Euclidean domain, Prime and maximal ideals, principal ideal
	domain, Principal ideal rings,	Polynomial rings over commutative rings.
III	Division algorithm and con	sequences, Principal ideal domains, Factorization of polynomials,
	Reducibility tests, Irreducibility	ty tests, Eisenstein criterion, Unique factorization in $Z[x]$ .
IV	Divisibility in integral domains	s, Irreducible, Primes, Unique factorization domains, Euclidean domains.

Unit	Topics
	PART-B
	LINEAR ALGEBRA
V	Vector spaces, Vector Subspaces, Linear combination, Linear independence and dependence of vectors,
	same and same spaces, Basis and Dimension, Quotient space.
VI	Linear transformations, The Algebra of linear transformations, Rank Nullity theorem, their representation
	as matrices.
X711	Linear functionals, Dual cross, Dual Desig and Dimension, Dilinear and Quadratic forms
VII	Linear functionals, Dual space, Dual Basis and Dimension, Bilinear and Quadratic forms.
VIII	Change of basis, diagonal forms, triangular forms, Inner product spaces and norms, Orthogonal vectors,
	Orthonormal sets and bases.

## **Books Recommended : (Part-A Ring Theory)**

- 1. I. N. Herstein, Topics in Algebra, Wiley
- **2.** Joseph. A. Gallian, Contemporary Abstract Algebra, Cengage Learning India Private Limited, Delhi., Fourth impression, 2015.
- 3. David S. Dummit, & Richard M. Foote, Abstract Algebra (3rd ed.) (2016), Student Edition. WileyIndia.

## **Books Recommended : (Part-B Linear Algebra)**

- 1. K. Hoffman and R. Kunze, Linear Algebra (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.), Prentice-Hall of India.
- 2. Gilbert Strang, Linear Algebra and its Applications, Cengage Learning, 2018.
- 3. Stephen H. Friedberg, Arnold J. Insel, & Lawrence E. Spence (2003). Linear Algebra (4th ed.). Pearson.
- 4. Serge Lang, Linear Algebra (3rd ed.) (1987), Springer
- 5. S. Kumaresan, Linear Algebra- A Geometric Approach, Prentice Hall of India, 1999

## Internal Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 25)

As prescribed by the University (as per common ordinance for examination and assessment).

## External Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 75)

## THIRD YEAR (SEMESTER-V)

## TENSOR ANALYSIS

Class: U	G	Year: THIRD	Semester: FIFTH
Subject:	MATHEMATICS	I	
Course (	Course Code: MAT- 302F Course Title: TENSOR ANALYSIS		ANALYSIS
Credits:	3+0	Core Compulsory	
Max. Ma	arks: 25(Internal) + 75(External)	Min. Passing Marks: As	per University CBCS Norm
Total No	o. of Lectures-Tutorials-Practica	l (in hours per week): L-T	-P: 3-0-0
Course	outcomes:		
	ne course is aimed at exposing the ding various physical phenomena		of tensor analysis which will be useful in oundation in mathematics.
			s and deeper understanding of fundamental anding pure mathematics and in research.
	udents will be able to know the condill prepare the students to take up f		ots and developments of differential geometry elevant fields.
CO4: The studies.	e course enables the students the b	asics of tensor and differen	tial geometry for further application in higher
_	orerequisites:	assed Mathematics as Maio	or Subject in UG Second Year Programme.
Unit	Topics		
	1	TENSOR ANALY	SIS
I	Tensor: Transformation of coord	inates, Contravariant and co	variant vectors and tensors, Scalar invariants,
	Mixed tensors, Symmetric and skew –symmetric tensor, Algebra of tensors, Contraction and inner produc		bra of tensors, Contraction and inner product,
	Quotient law, Reciprocal tensors.		
II	Associated tensors, Length of a vector, Unit Vector, Null vector and orthogonal vector, Riemannian Metri		
	and Space and Christoffel symbo	ls.	
III	Covariant differentiation of vector and tensor, Ricci's theorem, Gradient of scalar, Divergence of a		
	contravariant vector, covariant vector and conservative vector, Divergence of a contravariant tensor		
	order two, Divergence of a mixed	tensor of type (1,1), Laplace	cian of an invariant, curl of a covariant vector
IV	Riemannian curvature tensor and their properties, Flat space, Ricci tensor and scalar curvature, Einste space and Einstein tensor.		e, Ricci tensor and scalar curvature, Einstein

## **Books Recommended:**

- 1. David C. Kay, Tensor Analysis, Schaum's Outline Series, McGraw Hill 1988.
- 2. R. S, Mishra, A Course in Tensors with Applications to Reimannian Geometry, Pothishala Pvt.Ltd, Allahabad.
- 3. P.K.Nayak, Tensor Calculus and Differential Geometry, PHI Learning Private Limited, Delhi.
- 4. D.C.Kay, Tensor Calculus, Sahaum's Outlines.

## Internal Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 25)

As prescribed by the University (as per common ordinance for examination and assessment).

## External Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 75)

## THIRD YEAR (SEMESTER-V)

## **DIFFERENTIAL GEOMETRY**

Class: UG	Year: THIRD	Semester: FIFTH
Subject: MATHEMATICS		
Course Code: MAT- 303F	Course Title: DIFFERENTIAL GEOMETRY	
Credits: 3+0	Core Compulsory	
<b>Max. Marks:</b> 25(Internal) + 75(External)	Min. Passing Marks: As per University CBCS Norm	
Total No. of Lectures-Tutorials-Practical (in hours per week): L-T-P: 3-0-0		

## Course outcomes:

**CO1:** The course is aimed at exposing the students to foundations of tensor analysis which will be useful in understanding various physical phenomena and gives the student the foundation in mathematics.

**CO2:** After completion of this course the student will have rigorous and deeper understanding of fundamental concepts in Mathematics. This will be helpful to the student in understanding pure mathematics and in research.

CO3: Students will be able to know the concepts of curve, basic concepts and developments of differential geometry which will prepare the students to take up further applications in the relevant fields.

**CO4:** The course enables the students the basics of tensor and differential geometry for further application in higher studies.

## Course prerequisites:

To study this course, a student must have passed Mathematics as Major Subject in UG Second Year Programme.

Unit	Topics		
	DIFFERENTIAL GEOMETRY		
I	Local theory of curves -space curves, Regular curve and Plane curve, twisted curve, equation of a plane		
	and straight line, equation of curves in space, length of a curve, tangent to curve, Order of contact between		
	curves and surfaces, osculating plane, equation of osculating plane, equation osculating plane at a point		
	of curve of intersection of two surfaces. Tangent, principal normal and binormal, normal plane and		
	rectifying plane.		
II	Curvature and torsion, Serret-Frenet formulae, Direction cosines of the principal normal and binormal,		
	Osculating sphere. Involutes and evolutes of curves, curve on surface, Regular point and Singularities of		
	surface, transformation of parameters, Parametric curves, tangent plane and normal line, First		
	fundamental form and arc length. Angle between two curves on surface.		
III	Special tensors and its properties, orthogonal trajectories, Differential equation of orthogonal trajectories.		
	Second fundamental form of surface, Geometric interpretation of the second fundamental form, Gauss		
	and Weingarten equation, Identities based on Weingarten equation.		
IV	Normal curvature and its equation, Meusnier's theorem. Principal directions and curvatures. Mean		
	curvature, Gaussian Curvature, Minimal surface. Definition of Geodesics and differential equation of		
	geodesics on a surface.		

## **Books Recommended:**

- 1. Somasundaram, Differential Geometry, Narosa Publishing House
- 2. Andrew Pressley, Elementary Differential Geometry, Springar Verlag, 2014
- 3. M. P. do Carmo, Differential geometry of curves and surfaces, Prentice Hall 1976.
- **4.** Gray, Differential Geometry of Curves and Surfaces, CRC Press, 1998.
- 5. S. Montiel and A. Ros, Curves and Surfaces, American Mathematical Society, 2005.
- **6.** B. O'Neill, Elementary Differential Geometry, Elsevier 2006.

## Internal Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 25)

As prescribed by the University (as per common ordinance for examination and assessment).

## External Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 75)

# THIRD YEAR (SEMESTER-VI) METRIC SPACES AND COMPLEX ANALYSIS

	G	Year: THIRD	Semester: SIXTH	
Subject:	MATHEMATICS			
Course Code: MAT- 304F		Course Title: METRI	Course Title: METRIC SPACES AND COMPLEX ANALYSIS	
Credits: 4+0		Core Compulsory	Core Compulsory	
Max. Ma	x. Marks: 25(Internal) + 75(External) Min. Passing Marks: As per University CBCS Norm		As per University CBCS Norm	
Total No	o. of Lectures-Tutorials-Practical	l (in hours per week):	L-T-P: 4-0-0	
Course o	outcomes:			
	e course is aimed at exposing the shysical phenomena and gives the		of analysis which will be useful in understanding n mathematics.	
			brous and deeper understanding of fundamental derstanding pure mathematics and in research.	
	udents will be able to know the c ll prepare the students to take up f		e, basic concepts and developments of analysis ne relevant fields.	
CO4: The higher stop		pasics of metric spaces	and contour integration for further application in	
	prerequisites:	137.1	4	
To study Unit	this course, a student must have p	assed Mathematics as N <b>Topics</b>	Major Subject in UG Second Year Programme.	
		PART-A METRIC SPACE	S	
I	Definition of a Metric Space, Exa		Bounded and Unbounded Metric Space, Pseudo-	
	metric, Subspace of a Metric Spa	ace, Diameter of a Subs	et of a Metric Space, Distance of a Point from a	
	Non-empty set, Distance between	n two Non-empty Subse		
	Neighborhood of a point, Interior Point and Interior of a Set, Open sets, Equivalent Metrics, Exteri		ets of a Metric Space. Open and Closed Spheres,	
	Neighborhood of a point, Interior			
		or Point and Interior of	a Set, Open sets, Equivalent Metrics, Exterior,	
		or Point and Interior of Limit Point and Isolated	a Set, Open sets, Equivalent Metrics, Exterior,	
II	Frontier and Boundary of a Set, I , Dense Sets and Separable Space	or Point and Interior of Limit Point and Isolated es.		
II	Frontier and Boundary of a Set, I , Dense Sets and Separable Space	or Point and Interior of Limit Point and Isolated es.  amples, Sequence in a	a Set, Open sets, Equivalent Metrics, Exterior, Point, Derived Set, Closed Set, Closure of a Set  Metric Space, Convergence in a Metric Space	
II	Frontier and Boundary of a Set, I , Dense Sets and Separable Space Subspace of a Metric Space, Ex Cauchy Sequence, Complete Met	or Point and Interior of Limit Point and Isolated es.  amples, Sequence in a tric Space, Isometry and	a Set, Open sets, Equivalent Metrics, Exterior, Point, Derived Set, Closed Set, Closure of a Set  Metric Space, Convergence in a Metric Space	
	Frontier and Boundary of a Set, I , Dense Sets and Separable Space Subspace of a Metric Space, Ex Cauchy Sequence, Complete Met	or Point and Interior of Limit Point and Isolated es.  amples, Sequence in a tric Space, Isometry and I criterion and other characters.	a Set, Open sets, Equivalent Metrics, Exterior, Point, Derived Set, Closed Set, Closure of a Set Metric Space, Convergence in a Metric Space I Isometric Space.	
	Frontier and Boundary of a Set, I , Dense Sets and Separable Space Subspace of a Metric Space, Ex Cauchy Sequence, Complete Met Continuous mappings, Sequentia Homeomorphism, Contraction m	or Point and Interior of Limit Point and Isolated es.  amples, Sequence in a tric Space, Isometry and I criterion and other cha apping, Banach fixed points.	a Set, Open sets, Equivalent Metrics, Exterior Point, Derived Set, Closed Set, Closure of a Set Metric Space, Convergence in a Metric Space I Isometric Space.	
III	Frontier and Boundary of a Set, I , Dense Sets and Separable Space Subspace of a Metric Space, Ex Cauchy Sequence, Complete Met Continuous mappings, Sequentia Homeomorphism, Contraction m Cover, Compact Sets and compac	or Point and Interior of Limit Point and Isolated es.  amples, Sequence in a tric Space, Isometry and I criterion and other charapping, Banach fixed potentials of the point of the second control of the second end end of the second end end end end	a Set, Open sets, Equivalent Metrics, Exterior Point, Derived Set, Closed Set, Closure of a Set Metric Space, Convergence in a Metric Space I Isometric Space.  Tracterizations of continuity, Uniform continuity oint theorem.	

Unit	Topics		
	PART-B		
	COMPLEX ANALYSIS		
V	Complex numbers as ordered pairs, geometric representation of complex number, Stereographic		
	projection, Continuity and Differentiability of complex functions, Analytic functions, Cauchy Riemann		
	equations, Harmonic functions.		
VI	Complex integration, Cauchy-Goursat theorem, Cauchy's Integral formula, Formulae for first, second		
	and nth derivatives, Cauchy's Inequality, Liouville's Theorem.		
VII	Series of non-negative terms, convergence and divergence, Comparison tests, Cauchy's integral test,		
	Ratio tests, Root test, Raabe's logarithmic, De Morgan and Cauchy's condensation test, Taylor Series,		
	Laurent Series and its examples.		
VIII	Zeroes and poles of order m, Isolated singular points, Types of isolated singular points, Residues,		
	Residues at poles and its examples, Residue at infinity, Cauchy's residue theorem, Evaluation of improper		
	real integrals, Definite integrals involving sines and cosines.		

## **Books Recommended: (Part-A Metric Spaces)**

- 1. Shanti Narayan, A Course of Mathematical Analysis, S. Chand Publication.
- 2 .Satish Shirali and H. L Vasudeva. Metric Spaces, (2009), Springer, First Indian Print.
- 3. S, Kumaresan. Topology of Metric Spaces (2nd ed.), (2014). Narosa Publishing House. New Delhi.
- 4. G. F. Simmons, Introduction to Topology and Modern Analysis (2004), Tata McGraw Hill. New Delhi

## **Books Recommended: (Part-B Complex Analysis)**

- 1. Shanti Narayan, Theory of Functions of a Complex Variable, S. Chand Publications.
- 2. J.W.Brown and R.V. Churchill Complex variables and Applications, McGraw-Hill Higher Education.
- 3. T.M. Apostal, Calculus Vol. I, John Wiley & Sons Inc.

## Internal Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 25)

As prescribed by the University (as per common ordinance for examination and assessment).

## External Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 75)

## THIRD YEAR (SEMESTER-VI)

## NUMERICAL ANALYSIS AND OPERATIONS RESEARCH

Subject: 1	Ĵ	Year: THIRD	Semester: SIXTH
Subject. I	MATHEMATICS		
	<b>dode:</b> MAT- 305F	Course Title: NUMER RESEARCH	ICAL ANALYSIS AND OPERATIONS
Credits: 4	4+0	Core Compulsory	
Max. Ma	rks: 25(Internal) + 75(External)	Min. Passing Marks: As	per University CBCS Norm
Total No.	of Lectures-Tutorials-Practica	l (in hours per week): L-T	T-P: 4-0-0
Course or	utcomes:		
to underst Algebraic CO2: The Later he c CO3: The of this pap problems research.	gramming for variety of problems tand the basic concept of Nume and differential equation.  e main outcome will be that stude an opt for advance course in Nume astudent will be able to solve varieties will enable the students to apply and its related problems to apply	ents will be able to handle perical Analysis and linear pous problems based on number of the basic concepts of the further concepts and apprenticed and appren	various numerical techniques, application of the end of the course the student will be able concept of linear programming and to solve problems and finding approximated solution. programming in higher Mathematics.  erical techniques. After successful completion numerical techniques problems, transportation plication of Numerical Analysis and operation asic knowledge of Numerical Analysis and
operation	research for higher study and Res	search.	
Course p	<b>=</b>	137.1	
Course programmer To study to	<b>=</b>	-	or Subject in UG Second Year Programme.
Course p	<b>=</b>	Topics	or Subject in UG Second Year Programme.
Course programmer To study to	this course, a student must have p	Topics PART-A	•
Course programmer To study to Unit	this course, a student must have p	Topics PART-A NUMERICAL ANALYS	SIS
Course programmer To study to	this course, a student must have p	Topics PART-A NUMERICAL ANALYS tations, Calculus of fi	SIS inite differences, Difference operators,
Course programmer To study to Unit	Error in numerical compu	Topics PART-A NUMERICAL ANALYS tations, Calculus of fiferential calculus, Interpo	SIS inite differences, Difference operators, plation with equal and unequal intervals,
Course programmer To study to Unit	Error in numerical compu	Topics PART-A NUMERICAL ANALYS tations, Calculus of freential calculus, Interpolation for	SIS inite differences, Difference operators,

III	Numerical differentiation derivatives using forward and backward formula, Numerical Integration,		
	General Quadrature formula, Trapezoidal rule, Simpson's one-third and three-eight formulae and		
	Weddle's rules.		
TX7			
IV	Numerical solution of ordinary differential equation, Picard method, Taylor series method, Euler's		
	method, Modified Euler's method, Runge-Kutta method.		
Unit	Topics		
	PART-B		
OPERATIONS RESEARCH			
V	Developing mathematical models, Mathematical programming, Linear programming, Convex sets, Convex and concave functions, Theorems on convexity, Linear programming problem (LPP), Simple and general LPP, Solutions of simple LPP by graphical method, Analytical solution of general LPP, Canonical and standard forms of LPP. Shork and surplus variables		
	and standard forms of LPP, Slack and surplus variables.		
VI	Solution of general LPP by Simplex method. Use of artificial variables in simplex method, Big-M method and Two-Phase method, Concept of duality in linear programming, Theorems on duality, Dual simplex method.		
VII	Transportation problem, Solution of transportation problem, Methods for finding Initial basic feasible solution of transportation problem, Optimal solution of transportation problem by modified distribution (MODI) method, Degeneracy in transportation problem, Maximization transportation problem. Assignment problem, Balanced and unbalanced assignment problems. Solution of assignment Problem, Hungarian Method, Maximization Assignment problem.		
VIII	Game Theory: Competitive game, Two-Person Zero-Sum (Rectangular) game, Minimax-maximin criteria, Saddle points, Solution of rectangular game with and without saddle points, Huge rectangular games, Dominance rules, Solution of huge rectangular games using rules of dominance, Graphical method for 2xn and mx2 games without saddle points.		

## Books Recommended:(Part-A Numerical Analysis)

 $1.M.\ K.\ Jain,\ S.R.K.\ Iyeng ar\ \&\ R.K.\ Jain,\ Numerical\ Methods\ for\ Engineering\ and\ scientific computation$ 

2. S. S. Sastry, Introductory methods of Numerical Analysis

## Books Recommended: (Part-B Operation Research)

- 1. Taha, Hamdy H, Opearations Research- An Introduction, Pearson Education.
- 2. V. S. Verma, Linear Programming and Game Theory, Neelkamal Prakashan, Gorakhpur, 2011.
- 3. Kanti Swarup , P. K. Gupta , Man Mohan Operations research, Sultan Chand & Sons
- 4. Hillier Frederick S and Lieberman Gerald J., Operations Research, McGraw Hill Publication.
- 5. Winston Wayne L., Operations Research: Applications and Algorithms, Cengage Learning, 4th Edition.
- 6. Hira D.S. and Gupta Prem Kumar, "Problems in Operations Research: Principles and Solutions", S Chand & Co Ltd.
- 7. Kalavathy S., Operations Research, S. Chand.

## Internal Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 25)

As prescribed by the University (as per common ordinance for examination and assessment).

## External Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 75)

## THIRD YEAR (SEMESTER-VI)

## **PRACTICAL**

Class: UG	Year: THIRD	Semester: SIXTH
Subject: MATHEMATICS		
Course Code: MAT- 306F	Course Title: PRACTICAL	
Credits: 0+2	Core Compulsory	
Max. Marks: 25(Internal) + 75(External)	Min. Passing Marks: As p	er University CBCS Norm

## Total No. of Lectures-Tutorials-Practical (in hours per week): L-T-P: 0-0-4

## Course outcomes:

**CO1.** The main objective of the course is to equip the student to solve the transcendental and algebraic equations, system of linear equations, Interpolation, Numerical Integration, ordinary differential equations, ordinary difference equations by using different computer software such as Sage Math/Mathematica /MATLAB / /Maple / Scilab /C programming / R programming etc.

**CO2.** After completion of this course student would be able to solve the transcendental and algebraic equations.

## Course prerequisites:

- To study this course, a student must have passed Mathematics as Major Subject in UG Second Year Programme.
- To study this course, a student must have the course MAT- 305F in UG third year.

## **Topics**

- Practical / Lab work to be performed in Computer Lab.
- List of the practicals to be done using Sage Math / Mathematica /MATLAB / Maple / Scilab / R programming / Python / C programming etc.
- 1. Solution of transcendental and algebraic equations by
  - i. Bisection method
  - ii. Regula Falsi method
  - iii. Newton Raphson method
  - iv. Iteration method
- 2. Solution of system of linear equations by
  - i. LU decomposition method
  - ii. Gaussian elimination method
  - iii. Gauss-Seidel method
- 3. Interpolation by
  - i. Newton's forward Interpolation
  - ii. Newton's backward Interpolation
  - iii. Lagrange Interpolation
  - iv. Divided difference interpolation formula
- **4.** Numerical Integration by
  - i. Trapezoidal Rule
  - ii. Simpson's one third rule

- 5. Numerical Integration by
  - i. Simpson's three-eight rule
  - ii. Weddle's Rule
- **6.** Solution of ordinary differential equations by
  - i. Euler method
  - ii. Runge Kutta method
- **7.** Solution of ordinary difference equations by Picard method.
- **8.** Solution of ordinary difference equations by Taylor series method.

## Internal Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 25)

Practical Internal Evaluation shall be based on Practical File/Record, Viva-voce and Overall performance. {As prescribed by the University (as per common ordinance for examination and assessment)}.

## External Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 75)

Practical External Evaluation shall be based on Viva-voce, Practical Exercises and Overall performance. {As prescribed by the University (as per common ordinance for examination and assessment)}.

## Remarks:

- At least two Computer Programmers and two Computer Operators must be assigned in computer lab.
- There should be a Computer Lab with minimum of 25 computer systems for 50 students with licensed and Free Open Source softwares related to this course.

### FOURTH YEAR (SEMESTER-VII)

### **GROUPS AND CANONICAL FORM**

Class: UG	Year: FOURTH	Semester: SEVENTH	
Subject: MATHEMATICS			
Course Code: MAT- 401F	Course Title: GROUPS AND CANONICAL FORM		
Credits: 4+0	Core Compulsory		
Max. Marks: 25(Internal) + 75(External)	Min. Passing Marks: As per University CBCS Norm		
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Total No. of Lectures-Tutorials-Practical (in hours per week): L-T-P: 4-0-0

#### Course outcomes:

- **CO 1**. The aim of this course is to understand Group theory covering a wide area of research in abstract algebra.
- CO 2. The students shall be able to understand Sylow's theorems, group homomorphism, isomorphism etc. are used to define the structure of groups as well as it is applicable in physical and chemical sciences.
- CO 3. After the completion of the course, the students shall be able to gain conceptual understanding of the course for qualifying various competitive exams such as CSIR-NET (JRF), IAS,PCS and other teaching jobs.

### Course prerequisites:

To study this course, a student must have passed Mathematics as Major Subject in UG Third Year Programme.

Unit	Topics
	GROUPS AND CANONICAL FORM
I	Groups: Conjugacy relation. Normalizer of an element, Class equation of a finite group, Center
	of a group, Fundamental theorems on isomorphism of groups, Automorphisms, Inner
	automorphism.
II	Maximal subgroups, Commutator subgroups, Composition series, Examples of Composition
	series and normal series. Jordan-Holder theorem, Solvable groups, Solvable subgroups,
	Nilpotent groups.
777	External and internal direct product of groups, Cauchy's theorem for finite group,
III	Cauchy's theorem for abelian group, Groups of order p 2 and pq, Sylow's p subgroups,
	Sylow's first, second and third theorems. Application of Sylow's theorems to find the number
	of Sylow's p subgroups of a finite groups.
IV	Canonical forms: Similarity of linear transformations, Invariant subspaces, Reduction to
	triangular forms, Nilpotent transformations, Index of nilpotency, Invariants of a nilpotent
	transformation, The primary decomposition theorem, Jordan blocks and Jordan forms.

### **Books Recommended:**

- 1. I.N. Herstein: Topics in Algebra, Wiley Eastern Ltd., New Delhi.
- 2. P.B. Bhattacharya, S.K. Jain and S.R. Nagpaul Basic Abstract Algebra (Second Edition), Cambridge University Press, Indian Edition.
- 3. Surjeet Singh and Qazi Zameeruddin: Modern Algebra, Vikas Publishing House. Pvt. Ltd.
- **4.** K.B. Datta:Matrix and Linear Algebra, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi,.
- 5. S. Kumaresan: Linear Algebra, A Geometric Approach, Prentice Hall of India.
- **6.** A.R. Vasishtha & A.K. Vasishtha: Modern Algebra, Krishna Prakashan Media (P) Ltd., Meerut.
- 7. H.K.Pathak: Abstract Algebra, Shiksha Sahitya Prakashan.

### Internal Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 25)

As prescribed by the University (as per common ordinance for examination and assessment).

### External Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 75)

### FOURTH YEAR (SEMESTER-VII)

### **TOPOLOGY**

Subject: MATHEMATICS			
Course Title: TOPOLOGY			
Core Compulsory			
Min. Passing Marks: As per University CBCS Norm			
r	e Compulsory		

Total No. of Lectures-Tutorials-Practical (in hours per week): L-T-P: 4-0-0

### Course outcomes:

- CO 1. The aim of this course is to understand the concept of theory of continuous curve, differentiable and Riemannian manifold and lie groups with their applications.
- **CO 2.** The students shall be able to understand the theory of Banach and Hilbert spaces and their operators.
- **CO 3.** After the completion of the course, they are able to understand abstract Harmonic analysis on locally compact groups.

### Course prerequisites:

To study this course, a student must have passed Mathematics as Major Subject in UG Third Year Programme.

Unit	Topics		
	TOPOLOGY		
I	Definition and examples of topological spaces. Closed sets. Closure. Dense subsets. Neighbourhoods. Interior, exterior and boundary. Accumulation points and derived sets. Bases and sub-bases. Subspaces and relative topology. Neighbourhood Systems.		
II	Continuous functions and homeomorphism, The Pasting lemma. First and second countable spaces. Lindelof's theorems. Separable spaces. Second Countability and Separability.		
III	Separation axioms $T_0,T_1,T_2,T_3,T_4$ ; their characterizations and basic properties. Urysohn Lemma. Tietze extention theorem.		
IV	Compact sets and their properties. Finite intersection property, Bolzano Weierstrass property. Continuous functions and compactness, Sequential compactness, countable compactness and their comparison. One point compactification. Connected spaces. Connectedness on the real line. Components. Locally connected Spaces.		

### **Books Recommended:**

- 1. George F. Simmons: Introduction to Topology and Modern Analysis, Mc Graw-Hill Book Company.
- 2. J.L. Kelley: General Topology, Van Nostrand, Reinhold Co., New York.
- **3.** K.D. Joshi: Introduction to General Topology, Wiley Eastern Ltd.
- **4.** James R Munkres: Topology, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- **5.** Willard: General Topology Addison-Wesley, Reading.

### Internal Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 25)

As prescribed by the University (as per common ordinance for examination and assessment).

### External Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 75)

### FOURTH YEAR (SEMESTER-VII)

### DIFFERENTIAL AND INTEGRAL EQUATIONS

Class: UG	Year: FOURTH	Semester: SEVENTH	
Subject: MATHEMATICS			
Course Code: MAT- 403F	Course Title: DIFFERENTIAL AND INTEGRAL EQUATIONS		
Credits: 4+0	Core Compulsory		
Max. Marks: 25(Internal) + 75(External)	Min. Passing Marks: As per University CBCS Norm		
Total No. of Lectures-Tutorials-Practical (in hours per week): L-T-P: 4-0-0			

Total No. of Lectures-Tutorials-Practical (in hours per week): L-T-P: 4-0-0

### Course Outcomes:

- **CO 1**. The students shall be able to learn the series solution of differential equation of second order with variable coefficients.
- **CO 2**. The aim of this course is to understand initial and boundary value problems.
- **CO3**. After the completion of the course, the students shall be able to solve linear Volterra and Fredholm integral equations using appropriate methods and understand the relationship between integral and differential equations.

### Course prerequisites:

To study this course, a student must have passed Mathematics as Major Subject in UG Third Year Programme.

Unit	Topics
	DIFFERENTIAL AND INTEGRAL EQUATIONS
I	Series solution of differential equations of second order with variable coefficients and emergence of special functions, orthogonal sets of function, orthogonality of some special functions, Hermite orthogonality of a set of complex valued functions, Sturm-Liouville equation, Sturm-Liouville problem, Hypergeometric differential equation, Papperitz symbol, Pochhammer symbol, Hypergeometric function, Solution of Gauss's Hypergeometric Differential Equation, differentiation of Hypergeometric functions, Hermite's differential equation and its solution, Hermite's polynomials, generating function for $H_n(x)$ , Rodrigue's formula for $H_n(x)$ , orthogonality of Hermite's polynomials, recurrence formulae for Hermite's polynomials.
П	Legendre's differential equation and its solution, Legendre's functions, Rodrigue's formula for $P_n(x)$ , generating function for $P_n(x)$ , Laplace definite integrals for $P_n(x)$ , orthogonality of Legendre's polynomials, recurrence formulae for Legendre's polynomials, Beltrami result. Bessel's differential equation and its solution, Bessel's functions, generating function for $J_n(x)$ , differential equations reducible to Bessel's differential Equations, orthogonality of Bessel's functions, recurrence formulae for Bessel's polynomials.

- Introduction of integral equations, linear integral equations, types of linear integral equations, types of Kernels, conversion of differential equations to integral equations,  $L_2$  kernels and  $L_2$  functions, eigen values and eigen functions, solution of Volterra integral equations by successive approximations and successive substitution methods.
- Fredholm integral equations of first and second kinds, solution of Fredholm integral equations by Successive approximations and successive substitution methods, Neumann Series, Volterra solution of Fredholm integral equation of second kind, reduction of Volterra integral equation into differential equation.

#### **Books Recommended:**

- 1. V. S. Verma, Series Solution and Special Functions, Neel Kamal Prakashan, Gorakhpur, 2017.
- 2. V. S. Verma, Fundamentals of Integral Equations Neel Kamal Prakashan, Gorakhpur, 2018.
- 3. M D Raisinghania, Mathematical methods, Kedarnath, Ramnath, Meerut, 1996.
- 4. JN Sharma, RK Gupta, Special functions, Krishna Prakashan Media (P) Ltd, 2020.

### Internal Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 25)

As prescribed by the University (as per common ordinance for examination and assessment).

### External Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 75)

### FOURTH YEAR (SEMESTER-VII)

### **COMPLEX ANALYSIS**

Class: UG	Year: FOURTH	Semester: SEVENTH
Subject: MATHEMATICS		
Course Code: MAT- 404F	Course Title: COMPLEX ANALYSIS	
Credits: 4+0	Core Compulsory	
Max. Marks: 25(Internal) + 75(External)	Min. Passing Marks: As per University CBCS Norm	

### Total No. of Lectures-Tutorials-Practical (in hours per week): L-T-P: 4-0-0

### **Course Outcomes:**

- **CO 1.** The aim of this course is to understand the use of this course in different field of mathematical Analysis.
- **CO 2.** The students shall be able to think and develop new ideas in complex analysis.
- **CO 3.** After the completion of the course, the students shall be able to get benefit of this course in various national and international competitive examinations.

### Course prerequisites:

To study this course, a student must have passed Mathematics as Major Subject in UG Third Year Programme.

Unit	Topics	
COMPLEX ANALYSIS		
I	Conformal Mapping, Mobius (Bilinear) transformations: involving circles and half-planes, fixedpoint, cross ratio, Transformations $w=z^2$ , $w=\tan^2(z/2)$ .	
II	Power series and its convergence. Analyticity of power series, singularity of power series, Gamma function. Zeta Function.	
III	Analytic continuation. Uniqueness of analytic continuation. Power series method of analyticcontinuation. Natural boundary.	
IV	Maximum-modulus theorem. Schwarz's lemma. Hadamard's three-circles theorem. Borel-Cartheodory theorem. Pharagmen- Lindelof theorem.	

### **Books Recommended:**

- 1. E.C. Titchmarsh: Theory of Functions, Oxford University Press, London.
- **2.** Mark J. Ablowitz and A.S. Fokas: Complex Variables: Introduction and Applications, Cambridge University Press, South Asian Edition, 1998.
- **3.** R.V. Churchill & J.W. Brown. Complex Variables and Applications, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition McGraw-Hill,New York, 1990.
- **4.** Shanti Narayan: Theory of Functions of a Complex Variable, S. Chand & Co., New Delhi.
- **5.** S. Ponnusamy, Foundation of Complex Analysis, Narosa Publication.

### Internal Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 25)

As prescribed by the University (as per common ordinance for examination and assessment).

### External Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 75)

### FOURTH YEAR (SEMESTER-VII)

### **REAL ANALYSIS**

Class: UG	Year: FOURTH	Semester: SEVENTH
Subject: MATHEMATICS		
Course Code: MAT- 405F	Course Title: REAL ANALYSIS	
Credits: 4+0	Core Compulsory	
Max. Marks: 25(Internal) + 75(External)	Min. Passing Marks: As per University CBCS Norm	
Total No. of Lectures-Tutorials-Practical (in hours per week). L.T.P. 4.0.0		

Total No. of Lectures-Tutorials-Practical (in hours per week): L-T-P: 4-0-0

### Course Outcomes:

- **CO 1.** The aim of this course is to demonstrate ability to think critically by proving mathematical conjectures and establishing theorems.
- **CO 2.** The student shall be able to demonstrate an intuitive and computational understanding of bounded variation, Uniform convergence and power series through solving application problem.
- CO 3. After the completion of the course, the student shall be able to enter into wide area of research in analysis and differential geometry. Also get benefit of this course in various national and international competitive examinations.

### Course prerequisites:

To study this course, a student must have passed Mathematics as Major Subject in UG Third Year Programme.

Unit	Topics
	REAL ANALYSIS
I	Functions of Bounded Variation and some properties of function of bounded variation, Lipschitz condition and function. Variation function, Positive Variation function, Negative Variation function and The Jordan Decomposition theorem.
П	Definition and Existence of Riemann- Stieltjes integrals. Properties of the integral, integration and differentiation, the first and second mean value theorem, the fundamental theorem of integral calculus, change of variable and Integration by parts for Riemann- Stieltjes. Relation between Riemann and Riemann- Stieltjes integral. Riemann- Stieltjes integrals and bounded variation.
III	Sequences of functions of real numbers and its related examples. Pointwise convergence and uniform convergence. CauchyCriterion of uniform convergence, M <sub>n</sub> test, Weierstrass M- test, everywhere continuous but nowhere differentiable functions. Dini's Criterion of uniform convergence. Uniform convergence and continuity. Continuity of limit function. Uniform convergence and Riemann Stieltjes integration, Uniform convergence and differentiation.

IV

Abel's and Dirichlet's tests for uniform convergence. Connections between Riemann-Stieltjes integrals, uniform convergence and bounded variation. Curves, Rectifiable curves, Additive and Continuity properties of arc length. Power series, Radius of convergence and interval of convergence, Formulas for determining the radius of convergence, Uniqueness theorem for power series, First and Second form of Abel's theorem and Tauber's theorem for power series.

### **Books Recommended:**

- Walter Rudin: Principles of Mathematical Analysis (3rd edition), McGraw-Hill, Kogakusha, 1976 International Student Edition.
- 2. H. L. Royden: Real Analysis, Macmillan Pub. Co. Inc. New York, 4th Edition, 1993.
- **3.** Richard Johnson Baugh: Foundation of Mathematical Analysis.
- **4.** H. K. Pathak: Real Analysis, Shiksha Sahitya Prakashan.
- **5.** Apostol: Mathematical Analysis, Narosa Publishing House.

### Internal Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 25)

As prescribed by the University (as per common ordinance for examination and assessment).

### External Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 75)

### FOURTH YEAR (SEMESTER-VIII)

#### FIELDS AND MODULES

Class: UG	Year: FOURTH	Semester: EIGHTH
Subject: MATHEMATICS		
Course Code: MAT- 406F	Course Title: FIELDS AND MODULES	
Credits: 4+0	Core Compulsory	
Max. Marks: 25(Internal) + 75(External)	Min. Passing Marks: As p	er University CBCS Norm

### Total No. of Lectures-Tutorials-Practical (in hours per week): L-T-P: 4-0-0

### Course Outcomes:

- **CO 1.** The aim of this course is to think and develop new ideas in this subject.
- **CO 2**. The student shall be able to understand the applications of this course in different field of Science and Technology
- **CO 3.** After the completion of the course the student shall be able to get benefit of this course in various national and international competitive examinations.

### Course prerequisites:

To study this course, a student must have passed Mathematics as Major Subject in UG Third Year Programme.

Unit	Topics	
FIELDS AND MODULES		
I	Field theory: Extension Fields. Algebraic and transcendental extensions. Splitting Field. Separableand inseparable extensions.	
II	Normal extension. Perfect Fields. Finite Fields.	
III	Automorphisms of extensions. Galois group. Fundamental theorem of Galois Theory. Construction with ruler and compass. Solution of polynomial equations by radicals.	
IV	Modules, Cyclic modules. Simple modules. Semi-simple modules. Schuler's lemma. Free modules. Noetherian and artinian modules. Hilbert basis theorem.	

#### **Books Recommended:**

- 1. I.N. Herstein: Topics in Algebra, Wiley Eastern Ltd., New Delhi.
- **2.** P.B. Bhattacharya, S.K. Jain and S.R. Nagpaul : Basic Abstract Algebra (Second Edition), Cambridge University Press, Indian Edition.
- 3. Surjeet Singh and Qazi Zameeruddin: Modern Algebra, Vikas Publishing House. Pvt. Ltd.
- **4.** K.B. Datta: Matrix and Linear Algebra, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 5. S. Kumaresan: Linear Algebra, A Geometric Approach, Prentice Hall of India.
- 6. A.R. Vasishtha & A.K. Vasishtha: Modern Algebra, Krishna Prakashan Media (P) Ltd.,
- 7. H.K.Pathak: Abstract Algebra, Shiksha Sahitya Prakashan.

### Internal Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 25)

As prescribed by the University (as per common ordinance for examination and assessment).

### External Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 75)

### FOURTH YEAR (SEMESTER-VIII)

### DIFFERENTIAL GEOMETRY OF MANIFOLDS

Class: UG	Year: FOURTH	Semester: EIGHTH	
Subject: MATHEMATICS			
Course Code: MAT- 407F	Course Title: DIFFERENTIAL GEOMETRY OF MANIFOLDS		
Credits: 4+0	Core Compulsory		
Max. Marks: 25(Internal) + 75(External)	Min. Passing Marks: As p	per University CBCS Norm	
Total No. of Lactures Tytorials Descript (in house non-wealt), I. T. D. 4.0.0			

Total No. of Lectures-Tutorials-Practical (in hours per week): L-T-P: 4-0-0

#### Course Outcomes:

- **CO 1.** The aim of this course is to understand the basic of this course and think & develop new ideas in this course.
- CO 2. The student shall be able to demonstrate an intuitive and computational understanding of Tensor Algebra, Differentiable manifold, Riemannian Manifold, Exterior algebra and Submanifolds & Hypersurfaces.
- CO 3. After the completion of the course the student shall be able to enter into wide area of research in differential geometry and its applications in physical sciences and Cosmology. Also get benefit of this course in various national and international competitive examinations.

### Course prerequisites:

To study this course, a student must have passed Mathematics as Major Subject in UG Third Year Programme.

Unit	Topics
	DIFFERENTIAL GEOMETRY OF MANIFOLDS
I	Tensor Algebra: Contravariant and covariant vector. Tensor product of vector spaces, tensor, contravariant, covariant and mixed tensor of second order. Tensor of type (r, s), tensor product oftensors. Symmetric and skew symmetric tensors, contraction. Definition and examples of differentiable manifold, Differentiable functions, Differentiable curves.
П	Tangent space, Vector fields, Lie bracket. Principal Fibre Bundle, cross section, Linear Frame Bundle, Associated Principal Bundle, Vector Bundles, Bundle Homomorphism, Tangent Bundle, Fundamental Vector Field. Invariant view point of connections. Covariant differentiation.
Ш	Torsion. Curvature. Parallelism. Difference tensor of two connections. Lie derivative. RiemannianManifold. Riemannian connection. Riemannian curvature tensor and Ricci tensor. Idenitities of Bianchi. Sectional curvature and Schur's theorem.
IV	Exterior product of two vectors. Exterior algebra of order r. Exterior derivative. Cartans's structural equations. Submanifolds and Hypersurfaces. Normals. Gauss's formula. Weingarten equations.

### **Books Recommended:**

- 1. R. S. Mishra, A Course in Tensors with Applications to Riemanian Geometry, Pothishala, Allahabad, 1965.
- 2. Y. Matsushima, Differentiable Manifolds, Marcel Dekker, 1972.
- 3. B. B. Sinha, An Introduction to Modern Differential Geometry, Kalyani Prakashan, New Delhi, 1982.
- 4. Y. Talpiert, Differential Geometry with applications to Mechanics and Physics, Marcel Dekkar Inc. 2001.
- 5. N.J. Hicks, Notes on Differential Geometry, D. Van Nostrand Inc., 1965.
- **6.** U.C.De and A.A.Shaaikh, Differential Geometry of Manifolds, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi 2007.
- K.S.Amur ,D.J.Shetty and C.S.Bagewadi, An Introduction to Differential Geometry , Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi 2010.
- 8. S. Shahshahani, An Introductory Course on Differentiable Manifolds, Dover Publication Inc. New York, 2016.

### Internal Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 25)

As prescribed by the University (as per common ordinance for examination and assessment).

### External Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 75)

### FOURTH YEAR (SEMESTER-VIII)

### PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

Class: UG	Year: FOURTH	Semester: EIGHTH	
Subject: MATHEMATICS			
Course Code: MAT- 408F	Course Title: PARTIAL D	DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS	
Credits: 4+0	Core Compulsory		
<b>Max. Marks:</b> 25(Internal) + 75(External)	Min. Passing Marks: As p	per University CBCS Norm	
Total No. of Lectures-Tutorials-Practical (in hours per week): L-T-P: 4-0-0			

#### Course Outcomes:

- **CO 1.** The aim of this course is to learn formation and classification of partial differential equations.
- **CO 2.** The student shall be able to solve partial differential equations using different methods.
- CO 3. After the completion of the course, the student shall be able to use the method of separation of variables to solve Laplace, diffusion and wave equations.

### Course prerequisites:

To study this course, a student must have passed Mathematics as Major Subject in UG Third Year Programme.

Unit	Topics		
PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS			
I	Introduction of partial differential equations, formation of partial differential equations, partial differential equations of order one and its classification, Lagrange's partial differential equation of order one and its solution, general methods of solution of Lagrange's equation, method of grouping and method of multipliers, linear partial differential equation of order one with n independent variables.		
П	Non-linear partial differential equations of order one, complete integral, particular integral, singular integral and general integral with geometrical interpretations, standard forms of non-linear partial differential equations of order one and their solutions, non-linear partial differential equations of order one reducible to standard forms, compatible system of partial differential of first order, Charpit's and Jacobi's method for solving non-linear partial differential equation of order one.		
III	Formation of partial differential equation of higher order, linear homogeneous partial differential equation with constant coefficients of second order, linear non-homogeneous partial differential equation with constant coefficients of second order, Euler-Cauchy partial differential equation.		

Linear partial differential equations with variable coefficients, classification of linear partial differential equations of second order and canonical forms, solution of non-linear partial differential equations of second order by Monge's method, method of separation of variables for solving Laplace, diffusion and wave equations.

#### **Books Recommended:**

- 1. V.S.Verma, A Text Book of Partial Differential Equations, Neelkamal Prakashan, Gorakhpur, 2019.
- 2. I.N. Sneddon, Elements of Partial Differential Equations, Courier Corporation, 2006.
- **3.** Tyn Myint-U and Lokenath Debnath, Linear Partial Differential Equations for Scientists and Engineers, 4th edition, Springer, Indian reprint, 2006.
- **4.** S.L. Ross, Differential Equations, 3rd Ed., John Wiley and Sons, India, 2004.

### Internal Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 25)

As prescribed by the University (as per common ordinance for examination and assessment).

### External Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 75)

### FOURTH YEAR (SEMESTER-VIII)

### **OPERATIONS RESEARCH**

Class: UG	Year: FOURTH	Semester: EIGHTH	
Subject: MATHEMATICS			
Course Code: MAT- 409F	Course Title: OPERATIO	NS RESEARCH	
Credits: 4+0	Core Compulsory		
Max. Marks: 25(Internal) + 75(External)	Min. Passing Marks: As per University CBCS Norm		
Total No. of Lectures-Tutorials-Practical (in hours per week): L-T-P: 4-0-0			

### Total No. of Lectures-Tutorials-Practical (in hours per week): L-T-P: 4-0-0

### **Course Outcomes:**

- **CO 1**. The aim of this course is to apply it in different sectors of research field like game theory, job sequencing, network analysis, dynamical programming etc.
- CO 2. The student shall be able to do their research work in different interdisciplinary areas.
- **CO 3**. After the completion of the course, the student shall be able to get hired by most of the companies as OR technician since companies require OR experts to get maximum output out of minimum resources.

### Course prerequisites:

To study this course, a student must have passed Mathematics as Major Subject in UG Third Year Programme.

Unit	Topics		
	OPERATIONS RESEARCH		
I	Inventory Control: Introduction, Classification of Inventory, Economic parameter associated withinventory problems, Deterministic and Probabilistic models with without lead time.		
П	Sequencing Problems: Assumptions for sequencing problem. Processing n jobs on two machines, n jobs on three machines, 2 jobs on m machines, Problem of Replacement, Individuals and Groupreplacement policies		
ш	Network analysis: Basic concepts and definition. Network drawing and analysis Critical path method. Labelling method. Methods based on time estimates to find critical path. Concept of slackand float. Resource levelling and time-cost trade-off analysis. Time-cost optimization procedure. Project crashing. PERT. Requirements for application of PERT technique. Practical limitations inusing PERT. Diffferences in PERT and CPM.		

Non-Linear Programming: Introduction and defintions. Formulation of non-Linear programming problems, General non-linear programming problems. Kuhn-Tucker conditions, Lagrangian Method, Constrained optimization with equality constraints. Constrained optimization with inequality constaints. Saddle point problems Saddle points and NLPP. Wolfe's and Beale's method to solve Quadratic Programming problem.

#### **Books Recommended:**

- 1. S.D. Sharma: Operations Research, Kedar Nath Ram Nath & Company.
- 2. S.S. Rao: Optimization Theory and Applications, Wiley Eastern Ltd., New Delhi.
- 3. J.K. Sharma: Operations Research Theory and Applications, Macmillan India Ltd.
- **4.** H.A. Taha: Operations Research An Introduction, Macmillan Publishing Co., Inc., New York.
- **5.** Kanti Swarup, P.K. Gupta, Man Mohan: Operations Research, Sultan Chand and sons, New Delhi.
- **6.** B.S. Goel, S.K. Mittal: Operations Research, Pragati Prakashan, Meerut.
- 7. P.K. Gupta, D.S. Hira: Operatons Research An Introduction, S. Chand & CompanyLtd., New Delhi.

### Internal Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 25)

As prescribed by the University (as per common ordinance for examination and assessment).

### External Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 75)

### FOURTH YEAR (SEMESTER-VIII)

### FLUID DYNAMICS

Equivalence between Eulerian and Lagrangian forms of equations of continuity, Equation of continuity in other coordinate systems, Symmetrical forms of equation of continuity.  Euler's and Lagrange's equation of motion, Lamb's hydrodynamical equations, Conservative field of force, Euler's equations of motion in cylindrical and Spherical polar coordinates, Equations of motion under impulsive force, Energy equation, Pressure equation, Bernaulli's	Class: UC	UG Year: FOURTH Semester: EIGHTH				
Credits: 4+0  Core Compulsory  Max. Marks: 25(Internal) + 75(External)  Min. Passing Marks: As per University CBCS Norm  Total No. of Lectures-Tutorials-Practical (in hours per week): L-T-P: 4-0-0  Course Outcomes:  CO 1. The aim of this course is to effectively write mathematical solutions in a clear and concise manner.  CO 2. The student shall be able to demonstrate an intuitive and computational understanding of Fluid motion, Lagrangian and Eulerian methods, Euler's and Lagrange's Equation of continuity, Newton's law of viscosity Navier-Stokes equations of motion, Steady viscous flow between parallel planes.  CO 3. After the completion of the course, the student shall be able to research in applied mathematics, cosmology and use the knowledge in qualifying various competitive exams like CSIR-NET  Course prerequisites:  To study this course, a student must have passed Mathematics as Major Subject in UG Third Year Programme.  Unit  Topics  FLUID DYNAMICS  I General idea of fluids, Properties of fluids, Fluid motion, Kinds of motion, Methods of describing fluid motion, Lagrangian and Eulerian methods, Relation between Lagrangian and Eulerian methods, Streamlines, Path lines, Streak lines, Velocity potential, Vorticity vector, Vortex lines, Boundary surface, Equation of continuity by Euler's and Lagrange's methods, Equivalence between Eulerian and Lagrangian forms of equations of continuity. Equation of continuity in other coordinate systems, Symmetrical forms of equation of continuity.  Euler's and Lagrange's equation of motion, Lamb's hydrodynamical equations, Conservative field of force, Euler's equations of motion in cylindrical and Spherical polar coordinates, Equations of motion under impulsive force, Energy equation, Pressure equation, Bernaulli's	Subject: 1	MATHEMATICS				
Max. Marks: 25(Internal) + 75(External)  Min. Passing Marks: As per University CBCS Norm  Total No. of Lectures-Tutorials-Practical (in hours per week): L-T-P: 4-0-0  Course Outcomes:  CO 1. The aim of this course is to effectively write mathematical solutions in a clear and concise manner.  CO 2. The student shall be able to demonstrate an intuitive and computational understanding of Fluid motion, Lagrangian and Eulerian methods, Euler's and Lagrange's Equation of continuity, Newton's law of viscosity Navier-Stokes equations of motion, Steady viscous flow between parallel planes.  CO 3. After the completion of the course, the student shall be able to research in applied mathematics, cosmology and use the knowledge in qualifying various competitive exams like CSIR-NET  Course prerequisites:  To study this course, a student must have passed Mathematics as Major Subject in UG Third Year Programme.  Unit  Topics  FLUID DYNAMICS  I General idea of fluids, Properties of fluids, Fluid motion, Kinds of motion, Methods of describing fluid motion, Lagrangian and Eulerian methods, Relation between Lagrangian and Eulerian methods, Streamlines, Path lines, Streak lines, Velocity potential, Vorticity vector, Vortex lines, Boundary surface, Equation of continuity by Euler's and Lagrange's methods, Equivalence between Eulerian and Lagrangian forms of equations of continuity, Equation of continuity in other coordinate systems, Symmetrical forms of equation of continuity.  II Euler's and Lagrange's equation of motion, Lamb's hydrodynamical equations, Conservative field of force, Euler's equations of motion in cylindrical and Spherical polar coordinates, Equations of motion under impulsive force, Energy equation, Pressure equation, Bernaulli's	Course C	rrse Code: MAT- 410F Course Title: FLUID DYNAMICS				
Max. Marks: 25(Internal) + 75(External)  Min. Passing Marks: As per University CBCS Norm  Total No. of Lectures-Tutorials-Practical (in hours per week): L-T-P: 4-0-0  Course Outcomes:  CO 1. The aim of this course is to effectively write mathematical solutions in a clear and concise manner.  CO 2. The student shall be able to demonstrate an intuitive and computational understanding of Fluid motion, Lagrangian and Eulerian methods, Euler's and Lagrange's Equation of continuity, Newton's law of viscosity Navier-Stokes equations of motion, Steady viscous flow between parallel planes.  CO 3. After the completion of the course, the student shall be able to research in applied mathematics, cosmology and use the knowledge in qualifying various competitive exams like CSIR-NET  Course prerequisites:  To study this course, a student must have passed Mathematics as Major Subject in UG Third Year Programme.  Unit  Topics  FLUID DYNAMICS  I General idea of fluids, Properties of fluids, Fluid motion, Kinds of motion, Methods of describing fluid motion, Lagrangian and Eulerian methods, Relation between Lagrangian and Eulerian methods, Streamlines, Path lines, Streak lines, Velocity potential, Vorticity vector, Vortex lines, Boundary surface, Equation of continuity by Euler's and Lagrange's methods, Equivalence between Eulerian and Lagrangian forms of equations of continuity, Equation of continuity in other coordinate systems, Symmetrical forms of equation of continuity.  II Euler's and Lagrange's equation of motion, Lamb's hydrodynamical equations, Conservative field of force, Euler's equations of motion in cylindrical and Spherical polar coordinates, Equations of motion under impulsive force, Energy equation, Pressure equation, Bernaulli's	Crodita	Core Compulsory				
Total No. of Lectures-Tutorials-Practical (in hours per week): L-T-P: 4-0-0  Course Outcomes:  CO 1. The aim of this course is to effectively write mathematical solutions in a clear and concise manner.  CO 2. The student shall be able to demonstrate an intuitive and computational understanding of Fluid motion, Lagrangian and Eulerian methods, Euler's and Lagrange's Equation of continuity, Newton's law of viscosity Navier-Stokes equations of motion, Steady viscous flow between parallel planes.  CO 3. After the completion of the course, the student shall be able to research in applied mathematics, cosmology and use the knowledge in qualifying various competitive exams like CSIR-NET  Course prerequisites:  To study this course, a student must have passed Mathematics as Major Subject in UG Third Year Programme.  Unit  Topics  FLUID DYNAMICS  I General idea of fluids, Properties of fluids, Fluid motion, Kinds of motion, Methods of describing fluid motion, Lagrangian and Eulerian methods, Relation between Lagrangian and Eulerian methods, Streamlines, Path lines, Streak lines, Velocity potential, Vorticity vector, Vortex lines, Boundary surface, Equation of continuity by Euler's and Lagrange's methods, Equivalence between Eulerian and Lagrangian forms of equations of continuity, Equation of continuity in other coordinate systems, Symmetrical forms of equation of continuity.  II Euler's and Lagrange's equation of motion, Lamb's hydrodynamical equations, Conservative field of force, Euler's equations of motion in cylindrical and Spherical polar coordinates, Equations of motion under impulsive force, Energy equation, Pressure equation, Bernaulli's				non University CDCS Norms		
Course Outcomes:  CO 1. The aim of this course is to effectively write mathematical solutions in a clear and concise manner.  CO 2. The student shall be able to demonstrate an intuitive and computational understanding of Fluid motion, Lagrangian and Eulerian methods, Euler's and Lagrange's Equation of continuity, Newton's law of viscosity Navier-Stokes equations of motion, Steady viscous flow between parallel planes.  CO 3. After the completion of the course, the student shall be able to research in applied mathematics, cosmology and use the knowledge in qualifying various competitive exams like CSIR-NET  Course prerequisites:  To study this course, a student must have passed Mathematics as Major Subject in UG Third Year Programme.  Unit  Topics  FLUID DYNAMICS  General idea of fluids, Properties of fluids, Fluid motion, Kinds of motion, Methods of describing fluid motion, Lagrangian and Eulerian methods, Relation between Lagrangian and Eulerian methods, Streamlines, Path lines, Streak lines, Velocity potential, Vorticity vector, Vortex lines, Boundary surface, Equation of continuity by Euler's and Lagrange's methods, Equivalence between Eulerian and Lagrangian forms of equations of continuity, Equation of continuity in other coordinate systems, Symmetrical forms of equation of continuity.  II  Euler's and Lagrange's equation of motion, Lamb's hydrodynamical equations, Conservative field of force, Euler's equations of motion in cylindrical and Spherical polar coordinates, Equations of motion under impulsive force, Energy equation, Pressure equation, Bernaulli's			,	•		
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CO 2. The student shall be able to demonstrate an intuitive and computational understanding of Fluid motion, Lagrangian and Eulerian methods, Euler's and Lagrange's Equation of continuity, Newton's law of viscosity Navier-Stokes equations of motion, Steady viscous flow between parallel planes.  CO 3. After the completion of the course, the student shall be able to research in applied mathematics, cosmology and use the knowledge in qualifying various competitive exams like CSIR-NET  Course prerequisites:  To study this course, a student must have passed Mathematics as Major Subject in UG Third Year Programme.  Unit  Topics  FLUID DYNAMICS  I General idea of fluids, Properties of fluids, Fluid motion, Kinds of motion, Methods of describing fluid motion, Lagrangian and Eulerian methods, Relation between Lagrangian and Eulerian methods, Streamlines, Path lines, Streak lines, Velocity potential, Vorticity vector, Vortex lines, Boundary surface, Equation of continuity by Euler's and Lagrange's methods, Equivalence between Eulerian and Lagrangian forms of equations of continuity, Equation of continuity in other coordinate systems, Symmetrical forms of equation of continuity.  II Euler's and Lagrange's equation of motion, Lamb's hydrodynamical equations, Conservative field of force, Euler's equations of motion in cylindrical and Spherical polar coordinates, Equations of motion under impulsive force, Energy equation, Pressure equation, Bernaulli's	Course (	<b>Dutcomes</b> :				
motion, Lagrangian and Eulerian methods, Euler's and Lagrange's Equation of continuity, Newton's law of viscosity Navier-Stokes equations of motion, Steady viscous flow between parallel planes.  CO 3. After the completion of the course, the student shall be able to research in applied mathematics, cosmology and use the knowledge in qualifying various competitive exams like CSIR-NET  Course prerequisites:  To study this course, a student must have passed Mathematics as Major Subject in UG Third Year Programme.  Unit  Topics  FLUID DYNAMICS  General idea of fluids, Properties of fluids, Fluid motion, Kinds of motion, Methods of describing fluid motion, Lagrangian and Eulerian methods, Relation between Lagrangian and Eulerian methods, Streamlines, Path lines, Streak lines, Velocity potential, Vorticity vector, Vortex lines, Boundary surface, Equation of continuity by Euler's and Lagrange's methods, Equivalence between Eulerian and Lagrangian forms of equations of continuity, Equation of continuity in other coordinate systems, Symmetrical forms of equation of continuity.  II Euler's and Lagrange's equation of motion, Lamb's hydrodynamical equations, Conservative field of force, Euler's equations of motion in cylindrical and Spherical polar coordinates, Equations of motion under impulsive force, Energy equation, Pressure equation, Bernaulli's	<b>CO 1.</b> Th	e aim of this course is to effective	vely write mathematical s	olutions in a clear and concise manner.		
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CO 3. After the completion of the course, the student shall be able to research in applied mathematics, cosmology and use the knowledge in qualifying various competitive exams like CSIR-NET  Course prerequisites:  To study this course, a student must have passed Mathematics as Major Subject in UG Third Year Programme.  Unit  Topics  FLUID DYNAMICS  General idea of fluids, Properties of fluids, Fluid motion, Kinds of motion, Methods of describing fluid motion, Lagrangian and Eulerian methods, Relation between Lagrangian and Eulerian methods, Streamlines, Path lines, Streak lines, Velocity potential, Vorticity vector, Vortex lines, Boundary surface, Equation of continuity by Euler's and Lagrange's methods, Equivalence between Eulerian and Lagrangian forms of equations of continuity, Equation of continuity in other coordinate systems, Symmetrical forms of equation of continuity.  II  Euler's and Lagrange's equation of motion, Lamb's hydrodynamical equations, Conservative field of force, Euler's equations of motion in cylindrical and Spherical polar coordinates, Equations of motion under impulsive force, Energy equation, Pressure equation, Bernaulli's	motion, l	Lagrangian and Eulerian metho	ods, Euler's and Lagrang	ge's Equation of continuity, Newton's		
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To study this course, a student must have passed Mathematics as Major Subject in UG Third Year Programme.  Topics  FLUID DYNAMICS  General idea of fluids, Properties of fluids, Fluid motion, Kinds of motion, Methods of describing fluid motion, Lagrangian and Eulerian methods, Relation between Lagrangian and Eulerian methods, Streamlines, Path lines, Streak lines, Velocity potential, Vorticity vector, Vortex lines, Boundary surface, Equation of continuity by Euler's and Lagrange's methods, Equivalence between Eulerian and Lagrangian forms of equations of continuity, Equation of continuity in other coordinate systems, Symmetrical forms of equation of continuity.  Heller's and Lagrange's equation of motion, Lamb's hydrodynamical equations, Conservative field of force, Euler's equations of motion in cylindrical and Spherical polar coordinates, Equations of motion under impulsive force, Energy equation, Pressure equation, Bernaulli's	cosmolog	gy and use the knowledge in qu	alifying various competi	tive exams like CSIR-NET		
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FLUID DYNAMICS  General idea of fluids, Properties of fluids, Fluid motion, Kinds of motion, Methods of describing fluid motion, Lagrangian and Eulerian methods, Relation between Lagrangian and Eulerian methods, Streamlines, Path lines, Streak lines, Velocity potential, Vorticity vector, Vortex lines, Boundary surface, Equation of continuity by Euler's and Lagrange's methods, Equivalence between Eulerian and Lagrangian forms of equations of continuity, Equation of continuity in other coordinate systems, Symmetrical forms of equation of continuity.  Euler's and Lagrange's equation of motion, Lamb's hydrodynamical equations, Conservative field of force, Euler's equations of motion in cylindrical and Spherical polar coordinates, Equations of motion under impulsive force, Energy equation, Pressure equation, Bernaulli's		his course, a student must have pa		r Subject in UG Third Year Programme.		
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Equations of motion under impulsive force, Energy equation, Pressure equation, Bernaulli's	II	Euler's and Lagrange's equation of motion, Lamb's hydrodynamical equations, Conservative				
		field of force, Euler's equation	ons of motion in cylinda	rical and Spherical polar coordinates,		
		Equations of motion under in	npulsive force, Energy eq	quation, Pressure equation, Bernaulli's		
equation and its applications, Euler's momentum theorem, D'Alermbert's paradox.		equation and its applications,	Euler's momentum theor	rem, D'Alermbert's paradox.		

	Newton's law of viscosity, Kinds of fluids, Nature of stress. Stress components in a real fluid, Symmetry of stress tensor, Transformation of stress components, Stress invariants, Relations
III	between Cartesian components of stress, Rate of strain quadric, Principal stresses, Stoke's law
	of viscosity, Relations between stress and rate of strain.
IV	General motion of a fluid elements, Navier-Stokes equations of motion, Steady viscous flow between parallel planes. Steady flow through a tubes of uniform circular cross-sections.
	Steady flow between concentric rotating cylinders, Diffusion of vorticity, Energy dissipation
	due to viscosity. Reynold's number and its physical significance.

#### **Books Recommended:**

- 1. J.K. Goyal and K.P. Gupta: Fluid Dynamics, Pragati Prakashan, Meerut, 2017
- 2. N. Curle and H. J. Davis: Modern Fluid Dynamics, D. Van Nostrand Company Ltd. London, 1968.
- 3. G.K. Batchelor: An Introduction to Fluid Dynamics, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 2000
- **4.** F. Chorlton: A Text Book of Fluid Dynamics, CBS Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi, 2002.

### Internal Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 25)

As prescribed by the University (as per common ordinance for examination and assessment).

### External Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 75)

### FOURTH YEAR (SEMESTER-VIII) DISSERTATION/ RESEARCH PROJECT

Class: UG	Year: FOURTH	Semester: EIGHTH
Subject: MATHEMATICS	•	•
Course Code: MAT- 411F	Course Title: DISSE	RTATION/ RESEARCH PROJECT
Credits:0 +12	Core Compulsory	
Max. Marks: 100	Min. Passing Marks	: As per University CBCS Norm

### Course Outcomes:

- **CO 1**. The objective of course is to write a dissertation/research project on the specific topic.
- CO 2. The student shall be able to do their research work in different interdisciplinary areas.
- **CO 3**. After completing the course, the student shall be able to understand some advanced mathematical techniques.

### Course prerequisites:

To study this course, a student must have passed Mathematics as Major Subject in UG Third Year Programme.

### DISSERTATION/ RESEARCH PROJECT

Candidate/Students should write a dissertation/research project on the specific topic based on any one core/major papers opted by the student in any semester. The students has been allotted a supervisor in this dissertation/research project on their topic, given by the concern faculty. The dissertation/research project should be typed and its presentation on Power Point.

### **Evaluation Methods (Max. Marks: 100)**







# Syllabus as per Ordinance, Four Years B.Sc. Programme 2024



### **Department of Physics**

Deen Dayal Upadhyaya Gorakhpur University, Gorakhpur

**SESSION: 2024-2025** 







The Ordinance, 4-year B.Sc. program 2024 of Deen Dayal Upadhyaya Gorakhpur University, Gorakhpur laid down the following guidelines:

### **Types of Courses:**

Student has to choose two Major disciplines (subjects) from their Faculty and study them for three years (six semesters).

Additionally, they will choose a minor discipline (subject) either from their Faculty or from other Faculties and study it for the first two years (four semesters).

### Additional Course Requirements:1

Every student must opt for the following courses:

- One Skill Enhancement/Vocational course per semester from a pool of courses offered by the University in the first three semesters (Semesters I, II, III).
- One Ability Enhancement/Co-curricular Course per semester from a pool of courses offered by the University in the first four semesters (Semesters I, II, III, IV).
- Undertake a Research Project/Dissertation/Internship/Fieldwork/Survey in one of their major disciplines (subjects) in the semester IV.

### Special Requirements for B.Sc. (Honours with Research):<sup>2</sup>

Students opting for the four-year B.Sc. Degree (Honours with Research) must prepare a Major Research Project or Dissertation in the semester VIII.







### **Exit Options:**<sup>3</sup>

In the 4-year B.Sc. Program, students have an exit option at different levels, including Certificate, Diploma, B.Sc. Degree, B.Sc. Honors Degree, and B.Sc. Honors with Research Degree.

Year Completed	Total Credits	Degree	Options
1	46	Certificate	EXIT
2	92	Diploma	EXIT
3	132	B.Sc. Degree	EXIT
4	172	B.Sc. Honors	EXIT

Or

4	172	B.Sc. Honors with	EXIT
		Research	

These guidelines provide a structured framework for students pursuing the 4-year B.Sc. program at Deen Dayal Upadhyaya Gorakhpur University, Gorakhpur ensuring a comprehensive academic experience with opportunities for specialization and skill development.

### **Reference:**

<sup>1</sup>From Article 3 subsection- 3.3,3.4 & 3.5 of 4 Year UG Ordinance of DDUGU

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>From Article 3 subsection- 3.6 of 4 Year UG Ordinance of DDUGU

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>From Appendix - Aof 4 Year UG Ordinance of DDUGU







### **Course Structure for Four Years B.Sc. Programme**

SEMESTER-WISE TITLES OF COURSES ALONGWITH CREDITS						
YEAR	COURSE CODE PAPER TITLE					
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
		Semester-I				
	PHY- 101F	Mathematical Physics & Newtonian Mechanics	4+0			
	PHY- 102F	Practical (Mechanical Properties of Matter)	0 + 2			
	SEC-PHY-1		3			
	AEC-PHY-1		2			
1 <sup>st</sup> Year		Semester-II				
	PHY- 103F	Thermal Physics & Semiconductor Devices	4+0			
	PHY- 104F	Practical (Thermal Properties of Matter & Electronic Circuits)	0 + 2			
	SEC-PHY-2		3			
	AEC-PHY-2		2			
		Semester-III				
	PHY- 201F	Electromagnetic Theory & Optics	4+0			
	PHY- 202F	Practical (Demonstrative Aspects of Electricity & Magnetism)	0 + 2			
	SEC-PHY-3		3			
- nd	AEC-PHY-3		2			
2 <sup>nd</sup> Year	Semester-IV					
	PHY- 203F	Modern Physics & Electronics	4+0			
	PHY- 204F	Practical (Basic Electronics Instrumentation)	0 + 2			
	AEC-PHY-4		2			
	PHY- 205F	Research Project / Dissertation / Internship / Fieldwork / Survey	3			
		Semester-V				
	PHY- 301F	Classical Mechanics & Statistical Mechanics	4+0			
	PHY- 302F	Quantum Mechanics & Spectroscopy	4+0			
3 <sup>rd</sup> Year	PHY- 303F	Practical (Demonstrative Aspects of Optics & Lasers)	0 + 2			
		Semester-VI				
	PHY- 304F	Solid State Physics & Nuclear Physics 4				
	PHY- 305F	Analog & Digital - Principles & Applications	4+0			
	PHY- 306F	Practical (Analog & Digital Circuits)	0 + 2			







YEAR	COURSE CODE	PAPER TITLE	CREDIT	
4 <sup>th</sup> Year	Semester-VII			
	PHY- 401F	Mathematical Physics	4 + 0	
	PHY- 402F	Classical Mechanics	4+0	
	PHY- 403F	Quantum Mechanics	4+0	
	PHY- 404F	Electronics	4+0	
	PHY- 405F	Physics Practical – Electronics		
	OR		0 + 4	
	PHY- 406F	Physics Practical - Optics		
	Semester-VIII			
	PHY- 407F	Thermodynamics and Statistical Physics	4+0	
	PHY- 408F	Electromagnetic Theory and Plasma Physics	4+0	
	PHY- 409F	Solid State Physics	4+0	
	PHY- 410F	Group Theory and Molecular Spectra	4+0	
	PHY- 405F	Physics Practical – Electronics		
	OR		0 + 4	
	PHY- 406F	Physics Practical - Optics		

### For students who secured 75% marks in First Six Semesters

YEAR	COURSE CODE	PAPER TITLE	CREDIT	
	Semester-VII			
4 <sup>th</sup> Year	PHY- 401F	Mathematical Physics	4 + 0	
	PHY- 402F	Classical Mechanics	4+0	
	PHY- 403F	Quantum Mechanics	4+0	
	PHY- 404F	Electronics	4+0	
	PHY- 405F	Physics Practical – Electronics		
	OR		0 + 4	
	PHY- 406F	Physics Practical - Optics		
	Semester-VIII			
	PHY- 407F	Thermodynamics and Statistical Physics	4+0	
	PHY- 408F	Electromagnetic Theory and Plasma Physics	4+0	
	PHY- 411F	Major Research Project/Dissertation	12	

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### **Semester I**

PHY - 101F: Mathematical Physics & Newtonian Mechanics

Credits 4+0

### **Course Outcomes (COs):**

- CO1 Recognize the difference between scalars, vectors, pseudo-scalars and pseudo-vectors.
- CO2 Understand the physical interpretation of gradient, divergence and curl.
- CO3 Comprehend the difference and connection between Cartesian, spherical and cylindrical coordinate systems.
- CO4 Know the meaning of 4-vectors, Kronecker delta and Epsilon (Levi Civita) tensors.
- CO5 Study the origin of pseudo forces in rotating frame.
- CO6 Study the response of the classical systems to external forces and their elastic deformation.
- CO7 Understand the dynamics of planetary motion and the working of Global Positioning System (GPS).
- CO8 Comprehend the different features of Simple Harmonic Motion (SHM) and wave propagation.

### Part A

### Unit 1 Vector Algebra

Coordinate rotation, reflection and inversion as the basis for defining scalars, vectors, pseudo-scalars and pseudo-vectors (include physical examples). Component form in 2D and 3D. Geometrical and physical interpretation of addition, substraction, dot product, wedge product, cross product and triple product of vectors. Position, separation and displacement vectors.

#### **Unit 2 Vector Calculus**

Geometrical and physical interpretation of vector differentiation, Gradient, Divergence and Curl and their significance. Vector integration, Line, Surface (flux) and Volume integrals of vector fields. Gradient theorem, Gauss-divergence theorem, Stoke-curl theorem, Greens theorem and Helmholtz theorem (statement only). Introduction to Dirac delta function.

### **Unit 3** Coordinate Systems

2D & 3D Cartesian, Spherical and Cylindrical coordinate systems, basis vectors, transformation equations. Expressions for displacement vector, arc length, area element, volume element, gradient, divergence and curl in different coordinate systems. Components of velocity and acceleration in different coordinate systems. Examples of non-inertial coordinate system and pseudo-acceleration.

#### **Unit 4 Introduction to Tensors**

Principle of invariance of physical laws w.r.t. different coordinate systems as the basis for defining tensors. Coordinate transformations for general spaces of nD, contravariant, covariant & mixed tensors and their ranks, 4-vectors. Index notation and summation convention. Symmetric and skew-symmetric tensors. Invariant tensors, Kronecker delta and Epsilon (Levi Civita) tensors. Examples of tensors in physics.







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#### Part B

### **Unit 1 Dynamics of a System of Particles**

Review of historical development of mechanics up to Newton. Background, statement and critical analysis of Newton's axioms of motion. Dynamics of a system of particles, centre of mass motion, and conservation laws & their deductions. Rotating frames of reference, general derivation of origin of pseudo forces (Euler, Coriolis & centrifugal) in rotating frame, and effects of Coriolis force.

### Unit 2 Dynamics of a Rigid Body

Angular momentum, Torque, Rotational energy and the inertia tensor. Rotational inertia for simple bodies (ring, disk, rod, solid and hollow sphere, solid and hollow cylinder, rectangular lamina). The combined translational and rotational motion of a rigid body on horizontal and inclined planes. Elasticity, relations between elastic constants, bending of beam and torsion of cylinder.

### **Unit 3** Motion of Planets & Satellites

Two particle central force problem, reduced mass, relative and centre of mass motion. Newton's law of gravitation, gravitational field and gravitational potential. Kepler's laws of planetary motion and their deductions. Motions of geo-synchronous & geo-stationary satellites and basic idea of Global Positioning System (GPS).

### **Unit 4 Wave Motion**

Differential equation of simple harmonic motion and its solution, use of complex notation. Damped and forced oscillations, Quality factor. Composition of simple harmonic motion, Lissajous figures. Differential equation of wave motion. Plain progressive waves. Principle of superposition of waves, stationary waves, phase and group velocity. Fourier series and Fourier coefficients (simple examples)

### **Suggested Readings**

#### PART A

- 1. Murray Spiegel, Seymour Lipschutz, Dennis Spellman, "Schaum's Outline Series: Vector Analysis", McGraw Hill, 2017, 2e
- 2. A.W. Joshi, "Matrices and Tensors in Physics", New Age International Private Limited, 1995, 3e
- 3. D.S. Mathur, P.S. Hemne, "Mechanics", S. Chand Publishing, 1981, 3e

### **PART B**

- 1. Charles Kittel, Walter D. Knight, Malvin A. Ruderman, Carl A. Helmholz, Burton J. Moyer, "Mechanics (In SI Units): Berkeley Physics Course Vol 1", McGraw Hill, 2017, 2e
- 2. Richard P. Feynman, Robert B. Leighton, Matthew Sands, "The Feynman Lectures on Physics Vol. 1", Pearson Education Limited, 2012
- 3. Hugh D. Young and Roger A. Freedman, "Sears & Zemansky's University Physics with Modern Physics", Pearson Education Limited, 2017, 14e
- 4. D.S. Mathur, P.S. Hemne, "Mechanics", S. Chand Publishing, 1981, 3e







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### **PHY - 102F: Practical (Mechanical Properties of Matter)**

Credits 0+2

### **Course Outcomes (COs):**

Experimental physics has the most striking impact on the industry wherever the instruments are used to study and determine the mechanical properties. Measurement precision and perfection is achieved through Lab Experiments.

### **Lab Experiment List**

- 1. Moment of inertia of fly wheel.
- 2. Compound pendulum; Acceleration due to gravity and radius of gyration.
- 3. Modulus of rigidity by Maxwell's needle.
- 4. Young's modulus of rectangular bar by cathetometer or optical lever method
- 5. To determine the force constant of a spiral spring by statical and dynamical methods
- 6. To determine height of building and draw zero-error graph of sextant.
- 7. Elastic constants by Searle's apparatus.
- 8. Surface tension of water by Jaeger's method.
- 9. Coefficient of viscosity of water by Poiseuille's method.
- 10. Frequency of electrically maintained tuning fork.
- 11. Frequency of A.C. mains using sonometer.







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### **Semester II**

### PHY – 103F: Thermal Physics & Semiconductor Devices Course Outcomes (COs):

Credits 4+0

- CO1 Recognize the difference between reversible and irreversible processes.
- CO2 Understand the physical significance of thermodynamical potentials.
- CO3 Comprehend the kinetic model of gases w.r.t. various gas laws.
- CO4 Study the implementations and limitations of fundamental radiation laws.
- CO5 Utility of AC bridges.
- CO6 Recognize the basic components of electronic devices.
- CO7 Design simple electronic circuits.
- CO8 Understand the applications of various electronic instruments.

### PART A

### **Unit 1 Zeroth & First Law of Thermodynamics**

State functions and terminology of thermodynamics. Zeroth law and temperature. First law, internal energy, heat and work done. Work done in various thermodynamical processes. Enthalpy, relation between C P and C V . Carnot's engine, efficiency and Carnot's theorem. Efficiency of internal combustion engines (Otto and diesel).

### **Unit 2** Second & Third Law of Thermodynamics

Different statements of second law, Clausius inequality, entropy and its physical significance. Entropy changes in various thermodynamical processes. Third law of thermodynamics and unattainability of absolute zero. Thermodynamical potentials, Maxwell's relations, conditions for feasibility of a process and equilibrium of a system. Clausius- Clapeyron equation, Joule-Thompson effect.

### **Unit 3 Kinetic Theory of Gases**

Kinetic model and deduction of gas laws. Derivation of Maxwell's law of distribution of velocities and its experimental verification. Degrees of freedom, law of equipartition of energy (no derivation) and its application to specific heat of gases (mono, di and poly atomic).

### **Unit 4** Theory of Radiation

Blackbody radiation, spectral distribution, concept of energy density and pressure of radiation. Derivation of Planck's law, deduction of Wien's distribution law, Rayleigh-Jeans law, Stefan-Boltzmann law and Wien's displacement law from Planck's law.

### PART B

### **Unit 1 DC & AC Circuits**

Growth and decay of currents in RL circuit. Charging and discharging of capacitor in RC, LC and V RCL circuits. Network Analysis. Thevenin's and Norton's theorems. AC Bridges - measurement of inductance (Maxwell's and Anderson's bridges) and measurement of capacitance (Schering's and de Sauty's bridges).







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### **Unit 2** Semiconductors & Diodes

P and N type semiconductors, qualitative idea of Fermi level. Formation of depletion layer in PN junction diode, field & potential at the depletion layer. Qualitative idea of current flow mechanism in forward & reverse biased diode. Diode fabrication. PN junction diode and its characteristics, static and dynamic resistance. Principle, structure, characteristics and applications of Zener, Tunnel, Light Emitting, Point Contact and Photo diodes. Half and Full wave rectifiers, calculation of ripple factor, rectification efficiency and voltage regulation. Basic idea about filter circuits and voltage regulated power supply.

### **Unit 3** Transistors

Bipolar Junction PNP and NPN transistors. Study of CB, CE & CC configurations w.r.t. active, cutoff & saturation regions; characteristics; current, voltage & power gains; transistor currents & relations between them. Idea of base width modulation, base spreading resistance & transition time. DC Load Line analysis and Q-point stabilisation. Voltage Divider Bias circuit for CE amplifier. Qualitative discussion of RC coupled amplifier (frequency response not included).

#### **Unit 4** Electronic Instrumentation

Multimeter: Principles of measurement of dc voltage, dc current, ac voltage, ac current and resistance. Specifications of a multimeter and their significance. Cathode Ray Oscilloscope: Block diagram of basic CRO. Applications of CRO to study the waveform and measurement of voltage, current, frequency & phase difference.

### **Suggested Readings**

### PART A

- 1. M.W. Zemansky, R. Dittman, "Heat and Thermodynamics", McGraw Hill, 1997, 7e
- 2. F.W. Sears, G.L. Salinger, "Thermodynamics, Kinetic theory & Statistical thermodynamics", Narosa Publishing House, 1998
- 3. Enrico Fermi, "Thermodynamics", Dover Publications, 1956
- 4. S. Garg, R. Bansal, C. Ghosh, "Thermal Physics", McGraw Hill, 2012, 2e
- 5. Meghnad Saha, B.N. Srivastava, "A Treatise on Heat", Indian Press, 1973, 5e

### **PART B**

- 1. R.L. Boylestad, L. Nashelsky, "Electronic Devices and Circuit Theory", Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., 2015, 11e
- 2. J. Millman, C.C. Halkias, Satyabrata Jit, "Electronic Devices and Circuits", McGraw Hill, 2015, 4e
- 3. B.G. Streetman, S.K. Banerjee, "Solid State Electronic Devices", Pearson Education India, 2015, 7e
- 4. J.D. Ryder, "Electronic Fundamentals and Applications", Prentice-Hall of India Private Limited, 1975, 5e
- 5. A. Sudhakar, S.S. Palli, "Circuits and Networks: Analysis and Synthesis", McGraw Hill, 2015, 5e
- 6. S.L. Gupta, V. Kumar, "Hand Book of Electronics", Pragati Prakashan, Meerut, 2016, 43e







### PHY – 104F: Practical (Thermal Properties of Matter & Electronic Circuits) Credits 0+2

### **Course Outcomes (COs):**

Experimental physics has the most striking impact on the industry wherever the instruments are used to study and determine the thermal and electronic properties. Measurement precision and perfection is achieved through Lab Experiments.

### **Lab Experiment List**

- 1. Mechanical Equivalent of Heat by Callender and Barne's method
- 2. Value of Stefan's constant
- 3. Verification of Stefan's law
- 4. Characteristics of P-N junction.
- 5. Characteristics of Zener diode.
- 6. Measurement of inductance of a coil using Anderson's bridge.
- 7. Measurement of capacity and power factor of a capacitor using Schering's Bridge.
- 8. Study the behaviour of LCR circuit.
- 9. Characteristics of p-n-p transistor in common-emitter configuration.
- 10. Characteristics of p-n-p transistor in common-base configuration.
- 11. Study of resonance of digital display (LCR) in series and parallel circuit to find its resonance frequency.







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### **Semester III**

### PHY – 201F: Electromagnetic Theory & Optics

Credits 4+0

### **Course Outcomes (COs):**

- CO1 Better understanding of electrical and magnetic phenomenon in daily life.
- CO2 To troubleshoot simple problems related to electrical devices.
- CO3 Comprehend the powerful applications of ballistic galvanometer.
- CO4 Study the fundamental physics behind reflection and refraction of light (electromagnetic waves).
- CO5 Study the working and applications of Michelson and Fabry-Perot interferometers.
- CO6 Recognize the difference between Fresnel's and Fraunhofer's class of diffraction.
- CO7 Comprehend the use of polarimeters.
- CO8 Study the characteristics and uses of lasers.

### PART A

#### **Unit 1 Electrostatics**

Electric force between two charges. General expression for Electric field in terms of volume charge density (divergence & curl of Electric field), general expression for Electric potential in terms of volume charge density and Gauss law (applications included). Study of electric dipole. Electric fields in matter, polarization, auxiliary field D (Electric displacement), electric susceptibility and permittivity.

### **Unit 2** Magnetostatics

Magnetic force between two current elements. General expression for Magnetic field in terms of volume current density (divergence and curl of Magnetic field), General expression for Magnetic potential in terms of volume current density and Ampere's circuital law (applications included). Magnetic fields in matter, magnetisation, auxiliary field H, magnetic susceptibility and permeability.

### **Unit 3** Time Varying Electromagnetic Fields

Faraday's laws of electromagnetic induction and Lenz's law. Displacement current, equation of continuity and Maxwell-Ampere's circuital law. Self and mutual induction (applications included). Maxwell's equations and their physical significance.

### **Unit 4 Electromagnetic Waves**

Electromagnetic energy density and Poynting vector. Plane electromagnetic waves in linear infinite dielectrics, dispersive & non- dispersive media. Reflection and refraction of homogeneous plane electromagnetic waves, law of reflection, Snell's law, Fresnel's formulae (Reflection and transmission coefficient for normal incidence).







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### **PART B**

#### **Unit 1 Interference**

Conditions for interference and spatial & temporal coherence. Division of Wavefront - Fresnel's Biprism and Lloyd's Mirror. Division of Amplitude - Parallel thin film, wedge shaped film and Newton's Ring experiment. Interferometer - Michelson and Fabry-Perot.

#### Unit 2 Diffraction

Fresnel's and Fraunhofer's class of diffraction. Fresnel's Half Period Zones and Zone plate. Fraunhofer diffraction at a single slit, N-slits and Diffracting Grating. Resolving Power of Optical Instruments - Rayleigh's criterion and resolving power of telescope.

### **Unit 3** Polarisation

Polarisation by dichronic crystals, birefringence, Nicol prism, retardation plates. Analysis of polarized light. Optical Rotation - Fresnel's explanation of optical rotation and Half Shade & Biquartz polarimeters.

#### Unit 4 Lasers

Characteristics and uses of Lasers. Qualitative analysis of Spatial and Temporal coherence. Conditions for Laser action and Einstein's coefficients. Ruby and He-Ne Lasers (qualitative discussion)

### **Suggested Readings**

### PART A

- 1. D.J. Griffiths, "Introduction to Electrodynamics", Prentice-Hall of India Private Limited, 2002, 3e
- 2. E.M. Purcell, "Electricity and Magnetism (In SI Units): Berkeley Physics Course Vol 2", McGraw Hill, 2017,2e
- 3. Richard P. Feynman, Robert B. Leighton, Matthew Sands, "The Feynman Lectures on Physics Vol. 2", Pearson Education Limited, 2012
- 4. D.C. Tayal, "Electricity and Magnetism", Himalaya Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., 2019, 4e

### PART B

- 1. Francis A. Jenkins, Harvey E. White, "Fundamentals of Optics", McGraw Hill, 2017, 4e
- 2. Samuel Tolansky, "An Introduction to Interferometry", John Wiley & Sons Inc., 1973, 2e
- 3. A. Ghatak, "Optics", McGraw Hill, 2017, 6e







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### PHY – 202F: Practical (Demonstrative Aspects of Electricity & Magnetism) Credits 0+2

### **Course Outcomes (COs):**

Experimental physics has the most striking impact on the industry wherever the instruments are used to study and determine the electric and magnetic properties. Measurement precision and perfection is achieved through Lab Experiments.

### **Lab Experiment List**

- 1. Determine unknown resistance using Carey Foster's bridge.
- 2. Determination of high resistance by method of leakage.
- 3. Reduction factor of Helmholtz galvanometer.
- 4. Variation of magnetic field along the axis of Helmholtz coil
- 5. Verification of Child's law.
- 6. Current sensitivity of a dead-beat moving coil galvanometer.
- 7. Charge sensitivity of a ballistic galvanometer by capacity discharge method.
- 8. Calibration of energy meter using ammeter and voltmeter.
- 9. Time constant using charging discharging of capacitor.
- 10. Earth Inductor: Horizontal component of earth's magnetic field







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### **Semester IV**

PHY – 203F: Modern Physics & Electronics

Credits 4+0

### **Course Outcomes (COs):**

- CO1 Recognize the difference between the structure of space & time in Newtonian & Relativistic mechanics.
- CO2 Understand the physical significance of consequences of Lorentz transformation equations.
- CO3 Comprehend the wave-particle duality.
- CO4 Develop an understanding of the foundational aspects of Quantum Mechanics.
- CO5 Study the comparison between various biasing techniques.
- CO6 Study the classification of amplifiers.
- CO7 Comprehend the use of feedback and oscillators.
- CO8 Comprehend the theory and working of optical fibers along with its applications.

#### **PART A**

### Unit 1 Relativity-Experimental Background

Michelson-Morley experiment and significance of the null result. Einstein's postulates of special theory of relativity. Structure of space & time in Relativistic mechanics and derivation of Lorentz transformation equations (4-vector formulation included). Consequences of Lorentz Transformation Equations (derivations & examples included)

### **Unit 2** Relativity-Relativistic Kinematics

Concept of Simultaneity (Relativity of simultaneity); Transformation of Length (Length contraction); Transformation of Time (Time dilation); Transformation of Velocity (Relativistic velocity addition); Transformation of Acceleration; Transformation of Mass (Variation of mass with velocity). Relation between Energy & Mass (Einstein's mass & energy relation) and Energy & Momentum.

### **Unit 3** Inadequacies of Classical Mechanics

Particle Properties of Waves: Spectrum of Black Body radiation, Photoelectric effect, Compton effect and their explanations based on Max Planck's Quantum hypothesis. Wave Properties of Particles: Louis de Broglie's hypothesis of matter waves and their experimental verification by Davisson-Germer's experiment and Thomson's experiment.

### **Unit 4 Introduction to Quantum Mechanics**

Matter Waves: Mathematical representation, Wavelength, Concept of Wave group, Group (particle) velocity, Phase (wave) velocity and relation between Group & Phase velocities. Wave Function: Functional form, Normalisation of wave function, Orthogonal & Orthonormal wave functions and Probabilistic interpretation of wave function based on Born Rule.







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### **PART B**

### **Unit 1** Transistor Biasing

Faithful amplification & need for biasing. Stability Factors and its calculation for transistor biasing V circuits for CE configuration: Fixed Bias (Base Resistor Method), Emitter Bias (Fixed Bias with Emitter Resistor), Collector to Base Bias (Base Bias with Collector Feedback) &, Voltage Divider Bias. Discussion of Emitter-Follower configuration.

### Unit 2 Amplifiers

Classification of amplifiers based on Mode of operation (Class A, B, AB, C & D), Stages (single & multi stage, cascade & cascode connections), Coupling methods (RC, Transformer, Direct & LC couplings), Nature of amplification (Voltage & Power amplification) and Frequency capabilities (AF, IF, RF & VF). Theory & working of RC coupled voltage amplifier (Uses of various resistors & capacitors, and Frequency response) and Transformer coupled power amplifier (calculation of Power, Effect of temperature, Use of heat sink & Power dissipation). Calculation of Amplifier Efficiency (power efficiency) for Class A Series-Fed, Class A Transformer Coupled, Class B Series-Fed and Class B Transformer Coupled amplifiers.

### **Unit 3** Feedback & Oscillator Circuits

Feedback Circuits: Effects of positive and negative feedback. Voltage Series, Voltage Shunt, Current Series and Current Shunt feedback connection types and their uses for specific amplifiers. Estimation of Input Impedance, Output Impedance, Gain, Stability, Distortion, Noise and Band Width for Voltage Series negative feedback and their comparison between different negative feedback connection types. Oscillator Circuits: Use of positive feedback for oscillator operation. Barkhausen criterion for self-sustained oscillations. Feedback factor and frequency of oscillation for RC Phase Shift oscillator and Wein Bridge oscillator. Qualitative discussion of Reactive Network feedback oscillators (Tuned oscillator circuits): Hartley & Colpitt oscillators.

### **Unit 4** Introduction to Fiber Optics

Basics of Fiber Optics, step index fiber, graded index fiber, light propagation through an optical fiber, acceptance angle & numerical aperture, qualitative discussion of fiber losses and applications of optical fibers.

### **Suggested Readings**

### PART A

- 1. A. Beiser, Shobhit Mahajan, "Concepts of Modern Physics: Special Indian Edition", McGraw Hill, 2009, 6e
- 2. John R. Taylor, Chris D. Zafiratos, Michael A.Dubson, "Modern Physics for Scientists and Engineers", Prentice-Hall of India Private Limited, 2003, 2e
- 3. R.A. Serway, C.J. Moses, and C.A. Moyer, "Modern Physics", Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd. 2004. 3e
- 4. R. Resnick, "Introduction to Special Relativity", Wiley India Private Limited, 2007
- 5. R. Murugeshan, Kiruthiga Sivaprasath, "Modern Physics", S. Chand Publishing, 2019, 18e







### **PART B**

- 1. R.L. Boylestad, L. Nashelsky, "Electronic Devices and Circuit Theory", Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., 2015, 11e
- 2. J. Millman, C.C. Halkias, Satyabrata Jit, "Electronic Devices and Circuits", McGraw Hill, 2015, 4e
- 3. B.G. Streetman, S.K. Banerjee, "Solid State Electronic Devices", Pearson Education India, 2015, 7e
- 4. J.D. Ryder, "Electronic Fundamentals and Applications", Prentice-Hall of India Private Limited, 1975, 5e
- 5. John M. Senior, "Optical Fiber Communications: Principles and Practice", Pearson Education Limited, 2010, 3e
- 6. John Wilson, John Hawkes, "Optoelectronics: Principles and Practice", Pearson Education Limited, 2018, 3e
- 7. S.L. Gupta, V. Kumar, "Hand Book of Electronics", Pragati Prakashan, Meerut, 2016, 43e







#### PHY – 204F: Practical (Basic Electronics Instrumentation)

Credits 0+2

#### **Course Outcomes (COs):**

Basic Electronics instrumentation has the most striking impact on the industry wherever the components / instruments are used to study and determine the electronic properties. Measurement precision and perfection is achieved through Lab Experiments.

#### **Lab Experiment List**

- 1. Measurement of dc and ac voltages and frequency using cathod ray oscilloscope.
- 2. To study the characteristics of R-C network.
- 3. To study the characteristics of a rectifier circuit.
- 4. To study the characteristics of an unregulated power supply.
- 5. To study the characteristics of low/high pass filter.
- 6. To study the characteristics of interstage audio transformer.
- 7. To determine the dispersive power of the material of prism by spectrometer
- 8. Specific rotation of cane sugar using Polarimeter.
- 9. Resolving power of telescope
- 10. Resolving power of plane transmission grating
- 11. To determine the wavelength of sodium light by grating.







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## Semester V

#### PHY – 301F: Classical Mechanics and Statistical Mechanics

Credits 4+0

#### **Course Outcomes (COs):**

- CO1 Understand the concepts of generalized coordinates and D'Alembert's principle.
- CO2 Understand the Lagrangian dynamics and the importance of cyclic coordinates.
- CO3 Comprehend the difference between Lagrangian and Hamiltonian dynamics.
- CO4 Study the important features of central force and its application in Kepler's problem.
- CO5 Recognize the difference between macrostate and microstate.
- CO6 Comprehend the concept of ensembles.
- CO7 Understand the classical and quantum statistical distribution laws.
- CO8 Study the applications of statistical distribution laws.

#### PART A

#### **Unit 1 Constrained Motion**

Constraints - Definition, Classification and Examples. Degrees of Freedom and Configuration space. Constrained system, Forces of constraint and Constrained motion. Generalised coordinates, Transformation equations and Generalised notations & relations. Principle of Virtual work and D'Alembert's principle.

#### **Unit 2** Lagrangian Formalism

Lagrangian for conservative & non-conservative systems, Lagrange's equation of motion (no derivation), Comparison of Newtonian & Lagrangian formulations, Cyclic coordinates, and Conservation laws (with proofs and properties of kinetic energy function included). Simple examples based on Lagrangian formulation.

#### Unit 3 Hamiltonian Formalism

Phase space, Hamiltonian for conservative & non-conservative systems, Physical significance of Hamiltonian, Hamilton's equation of motion (no derivation), Comparison of Lagrangian & Hamiltonian formulations, Cyclic coordinates, and Construction of Hamiltonian from Lagrangian. Simple examples based on Hamiltonian formulation.

#### **Unit 4** Central Force

Definition and properties (with prove) of central force. Equation of motion and differential equation of orbit. Bound & unbound orbits, stable & non-stable orbits, closed & open orbits and Bertrand's theorem. Motion under inverse square law of force and derivation of Kepler's laws. Laplace-Runge-Lenz vector (Runge-Lenz vector) and its applications.







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#### **PART B**

#### **Unit 1** Macrostate & Microstate

Macrostate, Microstate, Number of accessible microstates and Postulate of equal a priori. Phase space, Phase trajectory, Volume element in phase space, Quantisation of phase space and number of accessible microstates for free particle in 1D, free particle in 3D & harmonic oscillator in 1D.

#### **Unit 2 Concept of Ensemble**

Problem with time average, concept of ensemble, postulate of ensemble average and Liouville's theorem (proof included). Micro Canonical, Canonical & Grand Canonical ensembles. Thermodynamic Probability, Postulate of Equilibrium and Boltzmann Entropy relation.

#### **Unit 3 Distribution Laws**

Statistical Distribution Laws: Expressions for number of accessible microstates, probability & number of particles in ith state at equilibrium for Maxwell-Boltzmann, Bose-Einstein & Fermi-Dirac statistics. Comparison of statistical distribution laws and their physical significance. Canonical Distribution Law: Boltzmann's Canonical Distribution Law, Boltzmann's Partition Function, Proof of Equipartition Theorem (Law of Equipartition of energy) and relation between Partition function and Thermodynamic potentials.

#### Unit 4 Applications of Statistical Distribution Laws

Application of Bose-Einstein Distribution Law: Photons in a black body cavity and derivation of Planck's Distribution Law. Application of Fermi-Dirac Distribution Law: Free electrons in a metal, Definition of Fermi energy, Determination of Fermi energy at absolute zero, Kinetic energy of Fermi gas at absolute zero and concept of Density of States (Density of Orbitals).

#### **Suggested Readings**

#### PART A

- 1. Herbert Goldstein, Charles P. Poole, John L. Safko, "Classical Mechanics", Pearson Education, India, 2011, 3e
- 2. N.C. Rana, P.S. Joag, "Classical Mechanics", McGraw Hill, 2017
- 3. R.G. Takwale, P.S. Puranik, "Introduction to Classical Mechanics", McGraw Hill, 2017

#### PART B

- 1. F. Reif, "Statistical Physics (In SI Units): Berkeley Physics Course Vol 5", McGraw Hill, 2017. 1e
- 2. B.B. Laud, "Fundamentals of Statistical Mechanics", New Age International Private Limited, 2020. 2e
- 3. B.K. Agarwal, M. Eisner, "Statistical Mechanics", New Age International Private Limited, 2007, 2e







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#### PHY – 302F: Quantum Mechanics & Spectroscopy

Credits 4+0

#### **Course Outcomes (COs):**

- CO1 Understand the significance of operator formalism in Quantum mechanics.
- CO2 Study the eigen and expectation value methods.
- CO3 Understand the basis and interpretation of Uncertainty principle.
- CO4 Develop the technique of solving Schrodinger equation for 1D and 3D problems.
- CO5 Comprehend the success of Vector atomic model in the theory of Atomic spectra.
- CO6 Study the different aspects of spectra of Group I & II elements.
- CO7 Study the production and applications of X-rays.
- CO8 Develop an understanding of the fundamental aspects of Molecular spectra.

#### PART A

#### **Unit 1** Operator Formalism

Operators: Review of matrix algebra, definition of an operator, special operators, operator algebra and operators corresponding to various physical-dynamical variables. Commutators: Definition, commutator algebra and commutation relations among position, linear momentum & angular momentum and energy & time. Simple problems based on commutation relations.

#### **Unit 2 Eigen & Expectation Values**

Eigen & Expectation Values: Eigen equation for an operator, eigen state (value) and eigen functions. Linear superposition of eigen functions and Non-degenerate & Degenerate eigen states. Expectation value pertaining to an operator and its physical interpretation. Hermitian Operators: Definition, properties and applications. Prove of the hermitian nature of various physical-dynamical operators.

#### **Unit 3** Uncertainty Principle & Schrodinger Equation

Uncertainty Principle: Commutativity & simultaneity (theorems with proofs). Non commutativity of operators as the basis for uncertainty principle and derivation of general form of uncertainty principle through Schwarz inequality. Uncertainty principle for various conjugate pairs of physical- dynamical parameters and its applications.

Schrodinger Equation: Derivation of time independent & time dependent forms, Schrodinger equation as an eigen equation, Deviation & interpretation of equation of continuity in Schrodinger representation, and Equation of motion of an operator in Schrodinger representation.

#### **Unit 4** Applications of Schrodinger Equation

Application to 1D Problems: Infinite Square well potential (Particle in 1D box), Finite Square well potential, Potential step, Rectangular potential barrier and 1D Harmonic oscillator. Application to 3D Problems: Infinite Square well potential (Particle in a 3D box) and the Hydrogen atom (radial distribution function and radial probability included). (Direct solutions of Hermite, Associated Legendre and Associated Laguerre differential equations to be substituted).







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#### PART B

#### **Unit 1 Vector Atomic Model**

Inadequacies of Bohr and Bohr-Sommerfeld atomic models w.r.t. spectrum of Hydrogen atom (fine structure of H-alpha line). Modification due to finite mass of nucleus and Deuteron spectrum. Vector atomic model (Stern-Gerlach experiment included) and physical & geometrical interpretations of various quantum numbers for single & many valence electron systems. LS & jj couplings, spectroscopic notation for energy states, selection rules for transition of electrons and intensity rules for spectral lines. Fine structure of H-alpha line on the basis of vector atomic model.

#### **Unit 2** Spectra of Alkali & Alkaline Elements

Spectra of alkali elements: Screening constants for s, p, d & f orbitals; sharp, principle, diffuse & fundamental series; doublet structure of spectra and fine structure of Sodium D line.

#### Unit 3 X-Rays & X-Ray Spectra

Nature & production, Continuous X-ray spectrum & Duane-Hunt's law, Characteristic X-ray spectrum & Mosley's law, Fine structure of Characteristic X-ray spectrum.

#### **Unit 4** Molecular Spectra

Discrete set of energies of a molecule, electronic, vibrational and rotational energies. Quantisation of vibrational energies, transition rules and pure vibrational spectra. Quantisation of rotational energies, transition rules, pure rotational spectra and determination of inter nuclear distance. Rotational-Vibrational spectra; transition rules; fundamental band. P,Q, R

#### **Suggested Readings**

#### **PART A**

- 1. D.J. Griffiths, "Introduction to Quantum Mechanics", Pearson Education, India, 2004, 2e
- 2. E. Wichmann, "Quantum Physics (In SI Units): Berkeley Physics Course Vol 4", McGraw Hill, 2017
- 3. Richard P. Feynman, Robert B. Leighton, Matthew Sands, "The Feynman Lectures on Physics Vol. 3", Pearson Education Limited, 2012
- 4. R Murugeshan, Kiruthiga Sivaprasath, "Modern Physics", S. Chand Publishing, 2019, 18e

#### **PART B**

- 1. H.E. White, "Introduction to Atomic Spectra", McGraw Hill, 1934
- 2. C.N. Banwell, E.M. McCash, "Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy", McGraw Hill, 2017, 4e
- 3. R Murugeshan, Kiruthiga Sivaprasath, "Modern Physics", S. Chand Publishing, 2019, 18e
- 4. S.L. Gupta, V. Kumar, R.C. Sharma, "Elements of Spectroscopy", Pragati Prakashan, Meerut, 2015, 27e







PHY – 303F: Practical (Demonstrative Aspects of Optics & Lasers)

Credits 0+2

#### **Course Outcomes (COs):**

Experimental physics has the most striking impact on the industry wherever the instruments are used to study and determine the optical properties. Measurement precision and perfection is achieved through Lab Experiments.

#### **Lab Experiment List**

- 1. Focal length of thin lenses and their combination by Nodal slide.
- 2. Wavelength of light using bi-prism.
- 3. Wavelength of light by Newton's rings method.
- 4. Breadth of single slit by diffraction of light using spectrometer.
- 5. Wavelength of light using double slit experiment (using spectrometer)
- 6. Refractive index using Brewster's law.
- 7. To determine the wavelength and separation between D1 and D2 line with the help of Michelson Interferometer.
- 8. To determine the Young's modulus by Cornue's Fringes or Newton's rings.
- 9. To determine the velocity of ultrasonic wave by diffraction method.
- 10. To determine the diameter of a thin wire by interference in a wedge shape air film.
- 11. To determine the wavelength of sodium light by interference due to three/ four slits.







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#### **Semester VI**

PHY – 304F: Solid State Physics & Nuclear Physics

Credits 4+0

#### **Course Outcomes (COs):**

- CO1 Understand the crystal geometry w.r.t. symmetry operations.
- CO2 Comprehend the power of X-ray diffraction and the concept of reciprocal lattice.
- CO3 Study various properties based on crystal bindings.
- CO4 Recognize the importance of Free Electron & Band theories in understanding the crystal properties.
- CO5 Study the salient features of nuclear forces & radioactive decays.
- CO6 Understand the importance of nuclear models & nuclear reactions.
- CO7 Comprehend the working and applications of nuclear accelerators and detectors.
- CO8 Understand the classification and properties of basic building blocks of nature.

#### **PART A**

#### **Unit 1** Crystal Structure

Lattice, Basis & Crystal structure. Lattice translation vectors, Primitive & non-primitive cells. Symmetry operations, Point group & Space group. 2D & 3D Bravais lattice. Parameters of cubic lattices. Lattice planes and Miller indices. Simple crystal structures - HCP & FCC, Diamond, Cubic Zinc Sulphide, Sodium Chloride, Cesium Chloride.

#### **Unit 2** Crystal Diffraction

X-ray diffraction and Bragg's law. Experimental diffraction methods - Laue, Rotating crystal and Powder methods. Derivation of scattered wave amplitude. Reciprocal lattice, Reciprocal lattice vectors and relation between Direct & Reciprocal lattice. Diffraction conditions, Ewald's method and Brillouin zones. Reciprocal lattice to SC, BCC & FCC lattices.

#### **Unit 3** Crystal Bindings

Classification of Crystals on the Basis of Bonding - Ionic, Covalent, Metallic, van der Waals (Molecular) and Hydrogen bonded. Crystals of inert gases, Attractive interaction (van der Waals- London) & Repulsive interaction, Equilibrium lattice constant, Cohesive energy and Compressibility & Bulk modulus. Ionic crystals, Cohesive energy, Madelung energy and evaluation of Madelung constant.

#### **Unit 4** Lattice Vibrations

Lattice Vibrations: Lattice vibrations for linear mono & di atomic chains, Dispersion relations and Acoustical & Optical branches (qualitative treatment). Qualitative description of Phonons in solids. Lattice heat capacity, Dulong-Petit's law and Einstein's theory of lattice heat capacity. Free Electron Theory: Fermi energy, Density of states, Heat capacity of conduction electrons, Paramagnetic susceptibility of conduction electrons and Hall effect in metals.

Band Theory: Origin of band theory, Qualitative idea of Bloch theorem, Kronig-Penney model, Effectice mass of an electron & Concept of Holes & Classification of solids on the basis of band theory.







#### PART B

#### **Unit 1** Nuclear Forces & Radioactive Decays

General Properties of Nucleus: Mass, binding energy, radii, density, angular momentum, magnetic dipole moment vector and electric quadrupole moment tensor. Nuclear Forces: General characteristic of nuclear force and Deuteron ground state properties. Radioactive Decays: Nuclear stability, basic ideas about beta minus decay, beta plus decay, alpha decay, gamma decay & electron capture, fundamental laws of radioactive disintegration and radioactive series.

#### **Unit 2** Nuclear Models & Nuclear Reactions

Nuclear Models: Liquid drop model and Bethe-Weizsacker mass formula. Single particle shell model (the level scheme in the context of reproduction of magic numbers included).

Nuclear Reactions: Bethe's notation, types of nuclear reaction, Conservation laws, Cross-section of nuclear reaction, nuclear fission and fusion(qualitative), Nuclear reactors.

#### **Unit 3** Accelerators & Detectors

Accelerators: Theory, working and applications of Van de Graaff accelerator, Cyclotron and Synchrotron. Detectors: Theory, working and applications of GM counter, Semiconductor detector, Scintillation counter and Wilson cloud chamber.

## **Unit 4** Elementary Particles

Fundamental interactions & their mediating quanta. Concept of antiparticles. Classification of elementary particles based on intrinsic-spin, mass, interaction & lifetime.

#### **Suggested Readings**

#### PART A

- 1. Charles Kittel, "Introduction to Solid State Physics", Wiley India Private Limited, 2012, 8e
- 2. A.J. Dekker, "Solid State Physics", Macmillan India Limited, 1993
- 3. R.K. Puri, V.K. Babbar, "Solid State Physics", S. Chand Publishing, 2015

#### **PART B**

- 1. Kenneth S. Krane, "Introductory Nuclear Physics", Wiley India Private Limited, 2008
- 2. Bernard L. Cohen, "Concepts of Nuclear Physics", McGraw Hill, 2017
- 3. S.N. Ghoshal, "Nuclear Physics", S. Chand Publishing, 2019







PHY – 305F: Analog & Digital- Principles & Applications

Credits 4+0

#### **Course Outcomes** (COs):

- CO1 Study the drift and diffusion of charge carriers in a semiconductor.
- CO2 Understand the Two-Port model of a transistor.
- CO3 Study the working, properties and uses of FETs.
- CO4 Comprehend the design and operations of SCRs and UJTs.
- CO5 Understand various number systems and binary codes.
- CO6 Familiarize with binary arithmetic.
- CO7 Study the working and properties of various logic gates.
- CO8 Comprehend the design of combinational and sequential circuits.

#### **PART A**

#### **Unit 1 Semiconductor Junction**

Expressions for Fermi energy, Electron density in conduction band, Hole density in valence band, Drift of charge carriers (mobility & conductivity), Diffusion of charge carries and Life time of charge carries in a semiconductor. Work function in metals and semiconductors. Expressions for Barrier potential, Barrier width and Junction capacitance (diffusion & transition) for depletion layer in a PN junction. Expressions for Current (diode equation) and Dynamic resistance for PN junction.

#### **Unit 2** Transistor Modeling

Transistor as Two-Port Network. Notation for dc & ac components of voltage & current. Quantitative discussion of Z, Y & h parameters and their equivalent two-generator model circuits. h-parameters for CB, CE & CC configurations. Analysis of transistor amplifier using the hybrid equivalent model and estimation of Input Impedance, Output Impedance and Gain (current, voltage & power).

#### **Unit 3** Field Effect Transistors

JFET: Construction (N channel & P channel); Configuration (CS, CD & CG); Operation in different regions (Ohmic or Linear, Saturated or Active or Pinch off & Break down); Important Terms (Shorted Gate Drain Current, Pinch Off Voltage & Gate Source Cut-Off Voltage); Expression for Drain Current (Shockley equation); Characteristics (Drain & Transfer); Parameters (Drain III Resistance, Mutual Conductance or Transconductance & Amplification Factor); Biasing w.r.t. CS configuration (Self Bias & Voltage Divider Bias); Amplifiers (CS & CD or Source Follower); Comparison (N & P channels and BJTs & JFETs).

**Unit 4 MOSFET:** Construction and Working of DE-MOSFET (N channel & P channel) and E-MOSFET (N channel & P channel); Characteristics (Drain & Transfer) of DE-MOSFET and E-MOSFET; Comparison of JFFET and MOSFET.







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#### PART B

#### **Unit 1** Number System

Number Systems: Binary, Octal, Decimal & Hexadecimal number systems and their inter conversion. Binary Codes: BCD, Excess-3 (XS3), Parity, Gray, ASCII & EBCDIC Codes and their advantages & disadvantages. Data representation.

#### **Unit 2 Binary Arithmetic**

Binary Addition, Decimal Subtraction using 9's & 10's complement, Binary Subtraction using 1's & 2's compliment, Multiplication and Division.

#### **Unit 3 Logic Gates**

Truth Table, Symbolic Representation and Properties of OR, AND, NOT, NOR, NAND, EXOR & EX-NOR Gates. Implementation of OR, AND & NOT gates (realization using diodes & transistor). De Morgan's theorems. NOR & NAND gates as Universal Gates. Application of EX-OR & EX- NOR gates as pairty checker. Boolean Algebra. Karnaugh Map.

#### **Unit 4** Combinational & Sequential Circuits

Combinational Circuits: Half Adder, Full Adder, Parallel Adder, Half Substractor, Full Substractor. Data Processing Circuits: Multiplexer, Demultiplexer, Decoders & Encoders. Sequential Circuits: SR, JK & D Flip-Flops, Shift Register (transfer operation of Flip-Flops), and Asynchronous & Synchronous counters.

## **Suggested Readings**

#### **PART A**

- 1. R.L. Boylestad, L. Nashelsky, "Electronic Devices and Circuit Theory", Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., 2015, 11e
- 2. J. Millman, C.C. Halkias, Satyabrata Jit, "Electronic Devices and Circuits", McGraw Hill, 2015, 4e
- 3. B.G. Streetman, S.K. Banerjee, "Solid State Electronic Devices", Pearson Education India, 2015, 7e
- 4. J.D. Ryder, "Electronic Fundamentals and Applications", Prentice-Hall of India Private Limited, 1975, 5e
- 5. S.L. Gupta, V. Kumar, "Hand Book of Electronics", Pragati Prakashan, Meerut, 2016, 43e **PART B**
- 1. D. Leach, A. Malvino, Goutam Saha, "Digital Principles and Applications", McGraw Hill, 2010, 7e
- 2. William H. Gothmann, "Digital Electronics: An Introduction to Theory and Practice", Prentice-Hall of India Private Limited, 1982, 2e
- 3. R.P. Jain, "Modern Digital Electronics", McGraw Hill, 2009, 4e







PHY – 306F: Practical (Analog & Digital Circuits)

Credits 0+2

#### **Course Outcomes (COs):**

Analog & digital circuits have the most striking impact on the industry wherever the electronics instruments are used to study and determine the electronic properties. Measurement precision and perfection is achieved through Lab Experiments.

## **Lab Experiment List**

- 1. Verification of Richardson-Dushman equation and evaluation of work function of cathode material.
- 2. To draw the characteristics and to determine the parameters of a field effect transistor (FET).
- 3. Characteristics of MOSFET
- 4. Verification of truth table of OR, AND and NOT gates.
- 5. Study and Verification of AND gate using TTL IC 7408
- 6. Study and Verification of OR gate using TTL IC 7432
- 7. Study and Verification of NAND gate and use as Universal gate using TTL IC 7400
- 8. Study and Verification of NOR gate and use as Universal gate using TTL IC 7402
- 9. Study and Verification of NOT gate using TTL IC 7404
- 10. Study and Verification of Ex-OR gate using TTL IC 7486







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#### **Semester VII**

#### PHY – 401F: Mathematical Physics

Credits 4+0

**Course Objectives:** Understanding mathematical functions and solution methods useful in various branches of Physics.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- CO1. The students will understand various functions and solutions to differential equations.
- CO2. The foundation for understanding of Classical and Quantum Mechanics will be laid.
- CO3. The techniques learnt will be useful in different branches of Physics.

#### Unit – I

**Special Functions**: Second order linear differential equations; Solution by series expansion; Legendre, Bessel, Hermite and Laguerre differential equations, their solutions and properties, Spherical Harmonics.

#### Unit – II

**Fourier Transform:** Dirac Delta function, Fourier Transform, Sine and Cosine transform, Linearity, Change of Scale, Translation, Modulation, simple applications.

**Green Function:** Green's function as a technique to solve linear ordinary differential equations, Homogeneous and Inhomogeneous boundary conditions, Solution of Poisson equation using Green's function technique, Symmetry property.

#### Unit – III

**Complex Variables I:** General function of complex variable, Cauchy-Riemann differential equation and analyticity, conformal mapping (translation, rotation, inversion), Cauchy's integral formula, Taylor's and Laurent's series, singularity poles.

#### Unit - IV

**Complex Variables II:** Residue theorem. Evaluation of definite integrals, around (i) unit circle and (ii) infinite semi-circle; using Jordan's lemma with poles lying on real axis, and of integrals involving multiple valued function-branch point.

- 1. Mathematical Methods for Physicists by G. Arfken, H. Weber and F.E. Harris (Elsevier)
- 2. Mathematics for Physicist by P. Dennery and A. Krzynicki (Dover Publication)
- 3. Special Functions and their Applications by N.N. Lebedev (Dover Publication)
- 4. Mathematical Methods for Physics and Engineering by K.F. Riley, M.P. Hobson and S.J.Bence (Cambridge University Press)
- 5. Mathematical Physics by B. S. Rajput (Pagati Prakashan)
- 6. Complex Variables and Applications by J.W. Brown and R. V. Churchill (McGraw-Hill)







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#### PHY – 402F: Classical Mechanics

Credits 4+0

**Course Objectives:** Understanding basic methods of mechanics and use of Lagrangian and Hamiltonian approach.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

CO1. The students will understand dynamics of particles and conservation laws.

CO2. The understanding of different mechanical problems and their solutions will be developed.

#### Unit - I

**Vectors:** Curvilinear Coordinates, Gradient, Divergence and Curl, Laplace equation in spherical polar and cylindrical polar coordinates and their solution, Green's theorem, Gauss and Stokes Theorems.

**Tensors**: Covariant and Contravariant vectors, Tensors – Addition, Multiplication, Contraction, Symmetry properties; Tensor density, Pseudo-tensors.

#### **Unit-II**

**Mechanics of a system of particles**: Generalized coordinates and Constraints, Generalized coordinates, D' Alembert's principle, Lagrange's Equation, symmetry and cyclic coordinates. Hamilton's principle, Least action principle, Langrange's equations, symmetry properties and Noether's theorem, Lagrangian formulation for elementary mechanical systems - free particle, simple and double pendulum.

#### **Unit-III**

**Two Body Problem**: Reduction to one-body problem, reduced mass, Virial Theorem, planetary orbits.

**Scattering**: Collision between particles, disintegration of particles, elastic collisions, scattering, Rutherford's formula.

**Small oscillations**: Damped and Forced oscillations, coupled vibrations.

#### **Unit-IV**

**Hamiltonian Formulation**: Hamilton equations, canonical transformations, Poisson's bracket, Symplectic approach to canonical transformations; Hamilton Principle function, Hamilton-Jacobi equation, conservation theorem in Poisson brackets. Harmonic Oscillator Problem, Hamilton characteristic Function, separation of Action angle variables, Central Force problem.

- 1. Vector Analysis and Introductory Tensor Analysis by M.R. Spiegel (Schaum Series)
- 2. Matrices and Tensors in Physics by A.W. Joshi (New Age)
- 3. Classical Mechanics by H. Goldstein (Narosa, New Delhi)
- 4. Classical Mechanics by K.C. Gupta (Wiley Eastern)
- 5. Classical Mechanics by L.D. Landau (Elsevier)
- 6. Classical Mechanics by N.C. Rana and P.S. Joag (Tata-McGraw-Hill)







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PHY – 403F: Quantum Mechanics

Credits 4+0

**Course Objectives:** Understanding concepts of quantum mechanics and solving operator equations for different quantum problems.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- CO1. The students will understand wave mechanical formulation of quantum particles and various rules arising out of it.
- CO2. The understanding of different formulations of quantum mechanics laying foundations for the study of molecules, atoms and fundamental particles

#### Unit-I

**Wave Mechanical formulation**: Schrodinger wave equation, Hermitian operators and observables, Discreet and continuous spectrum, Dirac delta function, Commuting observables and related algebra, Pure and mixture states; Simple applications: potential well, barrier potential, tunnel effect, unbound states: reflection and transmission of waves.

#### **Unit - II**

**Identity of Particles:** Distinguishability of identical particles, exchange degeneracy and operator, construction of symmetric and antisymmetric wave functions, Pauli's exclusion principle and Slater's determinant, Electron spin hypothesis, spin matrices and eigen value equations, symmetric and antisymmetric wave functions for hydrogen molecule.

#### **Unit - III**

**Matrix formulation:** Dirac's bra and ket notations, Hilbert Space, Orthonormality and completeness relations (discrete and continuous), linear and real operators, eigen value equations and related theorems, degeneracy, projection operators and measurement, application to Harmonic Oscillator, Equivalence of wave and matrix mechanics.

#### Unit - IV

**Theory of Angular momentum:** Orbital, spin and total angular momentum operators: eigen value equations and matrix representations, Ladder operators, commutation relations, Addition of angular momenta, Clebsch-Gordon coefficients.

- 1. Quantum Mechanics, Vol. I & II by Albert Messiah (Dover Publication)
- 2. The Principles of Quantum Mechanics by P.A.M. Dirac (Oxford University Press)
- 3. Quantum Mechanics by L.I. Schiff (Tata-McGraw-Hill)
- 4. Modern Quantum Mechanics by J.J. Sakurai (Addison Wesley)
- 5. Introduction to Quantum Mechanics by D.J. Griffths (Pearson Education)
- 6. Quantum Mechanics by C. Cohen-Tannoudji, B. Diu and F. Laloe (Wiley VCH)
- 7. Quantum Mechanics by B. K. Agarwal and Hari Prakash (Prentice-Hall, India)







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PHY – 404F: Electronics Credits 4+0

Course Objectives: Understanding functions of electronic devices and circuit logic.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

CO1. The students will understand electronic circuits and control using various devices.

CO2. The students will understand simple logic and control via logic circuits.

#### Unit - I

**Power Electronics:** SCR: Basic structure, I-V characteristics and two- transistor model of SCR, SCR controlled half and full wave rectifier circuit and their analysis. UJT, equivalent circuit, I-V characteristics, Saw tooth wave generation. Elements of SMPS.

#### Unit - II

**Operational Amplifier:** IC-741 -Block diagram, operation, Characteristics of op-amp; inverting and non-inverting inputs: Input offset current and Input offset voltage, differential amplifier, CMRR, Slew rate and power band width, op-amp as an amplifier. Application of Op-amp: summer, integrator and differentiator. Timer: IC-555 -Block diagram, Astable and Monostable operations, applications of IC-555 as VCO.

#### **Unit - III**

**Boolean Algebra and Gates:** Boolean algebra, composite function and their algebraic simplification, De-Morgan's theorem ,duality in Boolean algebra, Universality of NAND and NOR gates. SOP and POS forms, karnaugh map, design of logic circuits, X-OR gate and its applications, half adder and full adder, parallel adder, look ahead carry.

#### **Unit - IV**

**Elements of Logic Families:** Transistor as a switch, FAN IN, FAN OUT, Noise Immunity, propagation delay, RTL, DTL, TTL logic, Sourcing and Sinking logic, TTL loading and Fan out, ECL logic.

- 1. Switch Mode Power Conversion by K. Kit Sum (Marcel Dekker).
- 2. Power Electronics by P.C. Sen (Tata Mc Graw-Hill)
- 3. Pulse, Digital and Switching Wave Forms by J. Milman and H. Taub (McGraw-Hill)
- 4. Op-amp and Linear Integrated Circuits by R.A. Gayakwad (Prentice-Hall India)
- 5. Integrated Circuits by J. Millman and C.C. Halkias (Tata-McGraw-Hill)
- 6. Digital Principle and Application by A.P. Malvino and D.P. Leach (McGraw-Hill)
- 7. Modern Digital Electronics by R.P. Jain (Tata McGraw-Hill)







\* The following two courses PHY-405 and PHY-406 are mandatory. One course will be allotted in the VII semester and the other in VIII semester.

**PHY – 405F: Physics Practical-Electronics** 

Credits 0+4

**Course Objectives**: The student will handle instruments, take readings and analyze the results, to understand various concepts and applications.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- CO1. Learning circuit fundamentals and making connections to study properties of electronic devices.
- CO2. Learn to present observations, results and analysis in suitable and presentable form.

#### **LIST OF EXPERIMENTS**

Students will be required to perform at least five experiments from each course. They will have to maintain record books of experiments done.

- 1. Study of regulator circuits
- 2. Study of switch mode power supply (SMPS)
- 3. Study of characteristic of SCR and controlled rectification by SCR.
- 4. Study of RC coupled amplifier
- 5. Study of emitter follower
- 6. Study of phase shift oscillator
- 7. Study of multivibrator: Use of 555
- 8. Study of saw tooth wave generation by UJT
- 9. Study of characteristics of operational amplifier
- 10. Study of TTL gates
- 11. Study of combinational logic circuits
- 12. Study of super heterodyne receiver
- 13. Study of linear and square wave detector
- 14. Microwave measurement: Mode analysis and standing wave ratio







## भौतिकी विभाग, दीनदयाल उपाध्याय गोरखपुर विश्वविद्यालय,गोरखपुर

PHY – 406F: Physics Practical- Optics

Credits 0+4

**Course Objectives**: The student will handle instruments, take readings and analyze the results, to understand various concepts and applications.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

CO1. Hands on experience with optical instruments and understanding concepts of physical optics.

CO2. Learn to present observations, results and analysis in suitable and presentable form.

#### **LIST OF EXPERIMENTS**

Students will be required to perform at least five experiments from each course. They will have to maintain record books of experiments done.

- 1. Use of constant deviation spectrograph
- 2. Use of Fabry-Perot interferometer
- 3. Use of concave grating
- 4. He-Ne Laser
- 5. e/m by Zeeman effect
- 6. EPR of free radicals
- 7. Programming on PC
- 8. Velocity of ultrasonic wave
- 9. Hall effect
- 10. Magnetic Susceptibility
- 11. Measurement of dipole moment
- 12. Use of scintillation counter
- 13. Determination of Dielectric Constant
- 14. Double slit/Triple slit/ Four slit Wedge shape

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## भौतिकी विभाग, दीनदयाल उपाध्याय गोरखपुर विश्वविद्यालय,गोरखपुर

## **Semester VIII**

#### PHY – 407F: Thermodynamics and Statistical Physics

Credit 4+0

**Course Objectives:** Understanding laws of thermodynamics and microscopic statistical description.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- CO1. The students will understand laws of thermodynamics and relation between macroscopic and microscopic properties.
- CO2. The students will be able to apply the concepts in different states of matter.

#### Unit – I

Second law of thermodynamics, Entropy and Probability, Thermodynamic Potentials, Thermodynamic Equilibrium, Third law of thermodynamics, First and Second order phase transistions: Clausius - Clapeyron and Ehrenfest's equations; Chemical potential and phase equilibria, Gibb's phase rule.

#### Unit - II

Thermodynamic properties of liquid Helium II, The lambda - transition, London's explanation, Quantum liquid, Tisza two fluid model, Landau spectrum, concept of second sound. Conditions for Equilibrium, Entropy of an Ideal Boltzmann gas, Gibb's paradox, Sackur - Tetrode equation.

#### Unit – III

Canonical and Grand Canonical Ensembles, Entropy of a system in contact with heat reservoir, Ideal gas in canonical ensemble, Maxwell velocity distribution, Grand canonical ensemble, Thermodynamics of photons, Translational, Rotational and Vibrational partition functions of a molecule and their applications.

#### Unit - IV

Thermodynamical properties, Black body radiation, Bose - Einstein Condensation, Ideal Fermi - Diarc gas, Fermi temperature, applications of degeneracy to free electrons in metals, Magnetic susceptibility, White dwarfs and Chandrashekhar limit.

- 1. A Treatise on Heat by M.N. Saha and B.N. Srivastava (Indian Press Limited, Allahabad)
- 2. Heat and Thermodynamics by M.W. Zemansky and R.H. Dittman (McGraw Hill)
- 3. Fundamentals of Statistical and Thermal Physics by F. Reif (McGraw-Hill)
- 4. Statistical Mechanics by K. Huang (John Wiley & Sons)
- 5. Statistical Mechanics by R.K. Pathria (Elsevier)
- 6. Statistical Mechanics and Properties of Matter by E.S.R. Gopal (Macmillan Ltd., Delhi)
- 7. Statistical Mechanics by B. K. Agarwal and M. Eisner (Wiley Eastern)







#### PHY – 408F: Electromagnetic Theory and Plasma Physics

Credit 4+0

**Course Objectives:** Understanding Physics of Electromagnetic waves and plasma state.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

CO1. The students will understand nature of Electric and Magnetic fields, Electromagnetic waves and plasma state.

CO2. The students will be able to apply the concepts in various branches of Physics.

#### Unit - I

**Maxwell Equations**: Microscopic and Macroscopic fields, Macroscopic Maxwell equations, Fields **D** and **H**, Dielectric tensor, Principal dielectric axes.

**Potential and Gauges**: Scalar and vector potentials, Gauge transformation, Lorentz guage and Transverse gauge, Maxwell equations in terms of electromagnetic potentials.

#### Unit - II

**Propagation of Electromagnetic Waves**: Propagation of electromagnetic waves in free space, conducting and non-conducting medium, skin depth, Boundary conditions on EM Fields, Reflection and refraction at a plane interface between dielectrics.

**Polarisation of EM Waves**: Fresnel's Formula, Normal- and anomalous- Dispersion, metallic reflection. EM Wave in bound media: rectangular and circular wave guides, TE, TM and TEM Modes, Cut-off frequency and Wavelength.

#### Unit - III

**Plasma State**: Plasma state of matter, Motion of charge particles in uniform E & B fields, non-uniform fields, drifting motion, electrostatic and magnetostatic lenses; Time varying E & B fields, Adiabatic invariants, Plasma confinements(Pinch effect, Mirror confinement, Van Allen Belts), Elementary idea of fusion technology.

#### Unit - IV

**Hydrodynamics of Plasma:** Hydrodynamical description, Equation of magneto hydrodynamics, High frequency plasma oscillations, Short wavelength limit and Debyescreening distance.

Wave Phenomenon in Magneto-Plasma: Electromagnetic waves perpendicular to  $B_0$ , phase velocity, Polarization, Cut-off and resonances, Electromagnetic waves parallel to  $B_0$ , Alfven waves.

- 1. Introduction to Electrodynamics by D.J. Griffiths (Prentice Hall, New Delhi)
- 2. The Classical theory of Fields by L.D. Landau and E.M. Lifshitz (Elsevier)
- 3. Classical Electrodynamics by J.D. Jackson (Wiley Eastern)
- 4. Introduction to Plasma Physics by F.F. Chen (Plenum Press, New York)
- 5. Plasma Physics by S.N. Sen (Pragati Prakashan)







PHY – 409F: Solid State Physics

Credit 4+0

**Course Objectives:** Understanding the physics related to matter in solid state.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

CO1. The students will understand crystal structure and energy concepts.

CO2. Learn different properties of solids and their relation to crystal structure and defects.

#### Unit - I

**Crystal Structure:** Ionic, covalent, metallic and hydrogen bonding, space lattice and basis; Types of lattice, Miller indices, crystal structures of NaCl, CsCl, ZnS, graphite and diamond; Reciprocal lattice and Brillouin Zones; Basic idea of crystal defects and dislocations.

#### Unit - II

**Band Theory of Solids:** Sommerfield model, Density of states, Fermi and mean energies at zero and finite temperatures; Origin of energy bands; Bloch Theorem; Kronig Penny model, Electron dynamics in crystalline lattice.

#### **Unit - III**

**Thermal Properties:** Lattice vibrations of mono and diatomic chains, Quantization of lattice vibration, Phonon; Infrared absorption; Einstein and Debye theories of specific heat; Thermal conductivity; Anharmonicity and Thermal expansion.

#### **Unit - IV**

**Optical Properties:** Optical reflectance, Kramers-Kronig relations; Conductivity and dielectric function of electron gas; Basic theory of luminescence, phosphorescence, thermoluminescence, electroluminescence and photo-conductivity; Excitons in ionic and molecular crystals, Electronhole drops (EHD) and colour centres.

- 1. Solid state Physics by A.J. Dekkar (McMillan Publishers)
- 2. Introduction to Solid State Physics by C. Kittel (Wiley Eastern)
- 3. Elementary Solid State Physics by M. Ali Omar (Pearson Education)
- 4. Solid State Physics, N.W. Ashcroft and N.D. Mermin, (Harcourt Asia Limited)
- 5. Principles of the Theory of Solids by J.M. Ziman (Cambridge University Press)
- 6. Solid State Physics by S.O. Pillai (New Age Publishers)







## भौतिकी विभाग, दीनदयाल उपाध्याय गोरखपुर विश्वविद्यालय,गोरखपुर

## PHY – 410F: Group Theory and Molecular Spectra

Credit 4+0

**Course Objectives:** Understanding radiations due to transitions in molecules and symmetry considerations for them.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- CO1. The students will understand various electromagnetic transitions in molecules.
- CO2. Finding selection rules using symmetry and group considerations.
- CO3. The students will be able to apply the concepts in various branches of Physics.

#### Unit - I

**Rotation and Vibration Spectra:** IR and Raman spectra of rigid rotator and harmonic oscillator, IR and Raman spectra of non-rigid rotator, anharmonic oscillator and vibrating rotator, Intensities in rotation - vibration spectra, Isotope effects in rotation and vibration spectra.

#### Unit - II

**Electronic Spectra:** Electronic energy and total energy, vibration structure of electronic transitions, progressions and sequences, rotational structure of electronic bands, band head formation and band origin. Intensity distribution in vibrational structure, Frank-Condon principle and its quantum mechanical formulation, intensity alternation in rotational lines.

#### Units – III

**Group Theory:** Symmetry elements and symmetry operations, Point group and their representation, Mathematical group, Matrix representation, Orthogonality theorem (statements and interpretation only), Reducible and irreducible representations, Direct product group.

#### Unit - IV

**Vibrational and Raman Spectra:** Normal modes, symmetry characterization of electronic states and vibrational modes of polyatomic molecules, character tables ( $C_{2v}$ ,  $D_{3h}$  and  $D_{6h}$ ) and their applications to selection rules of IR and Raman spectra, application to  $H_2O$  and  $CO_2$  molecules.

- 1. Molecular Spectra and Molecular Structure by G. Herzberg (Dover Publication).
- 2. Fundamentals of Spectroscopy by C.N. Banwell and E.M. McCash (Tata-McGraw-Hill)
- 3. Introduction to Molecular Spectroscopy by G.M. Barrow (McGraw-Hill)
- 4. Modern Spectroscopy by M.J. Hollas (Wiley Inter Science)
- 5. Elements of Group theory for Physicists by A.W. Joshi (Wiley Eastern)
- 6. Chemical Applications of Group Theory by F.A. Cotton (Wiley Eastern)







भौतिकी विभाग, दीनदयाल उपाध्याय गोरखपुर विश्वविद्यालय,गोरखपुर

## PHY – 411F: Major Research Project/Dissertation

Credit 12

**Course Objective:** The primary goal of this course is to open the students to visualize and learn new techniques. The assigned project work could be related to the experiments available, theoretical concepts and development. The candidate shall submit a brief report and present seminar.

**Course Outcomes:** Student will learn presentation skills including making power point presentations etc.

# DEEN DAYAL UPADHYAYA GORAKHPUR UNIVERSITY GORAKHPUR



# **FOUR YEAR B. Sc. CHEMISTRY Programme**

(B.Sc. Chemistry- Honours and Research Programme)

## **Syllabus**

(For the Academic Session-2024 onwards)

Appendix-A (Four Year UG Programme Framework)

							: e			
Year	Year Semester	MAJOR-1 [Subject-1] From Same Faculty	MAJOR-2 [Subject-2] From Same Faculty	MINOR [Subject-3] From Same/ others Faculty	Skill Skill Enhancement Course/ vocational	AEC Ability Enhancement Courses/	Research Project/ Dissertation/ Internship/ Reld work/ survey	Total Credits	Degree and Credits	
- 35	-	Th (6 ) OR Th (4)+ Prac (2)	Th (6) OR Th (4)+ Prac (2)	Th (6 ) OR Th (4)+ Prac (2)	S.E.CI (3 Credits)	AEC-1 (2 Credits)		23	Certificate	
	=	Th (6 ) OR Th (4)+ Prac (2)	Th (6 ) or Th (4)+ Prac (2)	Th (4)+ Prac (2)	S.E.C2 (3 Credits)	AEC-2 (2 Credits)		23	in Faculty (46 Credits)	Exit Option 1
	=	Th (6 ) OR Th (4)+ Prac (2)	Th (6   or Th (4)+ Prac (2)	Th (6 ) OR Th (4)+ Prac (2)	S.E.C3 (3 Credits)	AEC-3 (2 Credits)		23	Diploma	
7	2	Th (6 ) OR Th (4)+ Prac (2)	Th (6) DR Th (4)+ Prac (2)	Th (6 ) OR Th (4)+ Prac (2)		(2 Credits)	Any one (3 Credits)	23	(92 Credits)	Exit Option 2
,	۸	Th (2x5) OR Th (2x4) + Prac (2)	Th (2x5) OR Th(2x4) + Frac (2)					20	UG Degree	į
m	N	Th (2x4) + Prac (2)	Th (2x5) OR Th (2x5) OR Th (2x4) + Prac (2) Th (2x4) + Prac (2)					20	(132 Credits)	

UG Honors	(172 Credits)	300		with Research (172 Credits)
20	20		20	20
				Research Project (12 Credits)
		2000		
		Semesters		
		ks in First Six 9		
		cured 75% Mar		
Th (5x4) OR Th (4x4)+ Prac(4)	Th (5x4) OR Th (4x4)+ Prac (4)	For Students who see	Th (5x4) OR Th (4x4)+ Prac(4)	Th (2x4)
II,	IIIA		IIA	II.
	+	OR.		4

## **B.Sc. Chemistry**

## **B.Sc. I Semester**

Paper No.	Paper Name	No. of Credits
CHE-101F	Fundamentals of Chemistry	4+0
CHE-102F	Qualitative Analysis	0+2
SECC-01F	Laboratory tools and techniques	3+0
AECC-01F	Academic writing	2+0

## **B.Sc. II Semester**

Paper No.	Paper Name	No. of Credits
CHE-103F	Basic organic chemistry, solid state and chemistry of s and p-block elements	4+0
CHE-104F	Chemical Analysis	0+2
SECC-02F	Industrial Processes	3+0
AECC-02F	Personality Development and Leadership	2+0

#### **B.Sc. III Semester**

Paper No.	Paper Name	No. of Credits
CHE-201F	Chemical Dynamics, Organic & Coordination Chemistry	4+0
CHE-202F	Physical Analysis	0+2
SECC-03F	Environmental studies and Computer application	3+0
AECC-03F	Industrial Waste Management	2+0

## **B.Sc. IV Semester**

Paper No.	Paper Name	No. of Credits
CHE-203F	Quantum Mechanics & Organic Synthesis-A	4+0
CHE-204F	Separation Technique and Volumetric Analysis	0+2
CHE-205F	Research Project	3+0
AECC-04F	Occupational Health Management	2+0

#### **B.Sc. V Semester**

Paper No.	Paper Name	No. of Credits
CHE-301F	Analytical Techniques and Organic Synthesis-B	4+0
CHE-302F	Polymer, Coordination and Inner Transition Metal Chemistry	4+0
CHE-303F	Qualitative and Quantitative Analysis	0+2

**B.Sc. VI Semester (B.Sc. Chemistry)** 

Paper No.	Paper Name	No. of Credits
CHE-304F	Organic Synthesis-C	4+0
CHE-305F	Chemical Energetics & Bioinorganic Chemistry	4+0
CHE-306F	Physico-Chemical Analysis and Organic Synthesis	0+2

#### **B.Sc. VII Semester**

(B.Sc. Chemistry Honours) and (B.Sc. Chemistry Research)

Paper No.	Paper Name	No. of Credits
CHE-401F	Molecular Symmetry and Molecular Vibrations	4+0
CHE-402F	Quantum Chemistry-I	4+0
CHE-403F	Main Group Elements	4+0
CHE-404F	Organic Reaction Mechanism	4+0
CHE-405F	Surface Chemistry, purification and identification of materials	0+4

**B.Sc. VIII Semester (B.Sc. Chemistry Honours)** 

Paper No.	Paper Name	No. of Credits
CHE-406F	Analytical Chemistry	4+0
CHE-407F	Thermodynamics and Electrochemistry	4+0
CHE-408F	Transition Elements	4+0
CHE-409F	Natural Products	4+0
CHE-410F	Chemical Kinetics, separation and identification of binary inorganic / organic materials	0+4

**B.Sc. VIII Semester (B.Sc. Chemistry Research)** 

Paper No.	Paper Name	No. of Credits
CHE-406F	Analytical Chemistry	4+0
CHE-411F	Chemical Techniques	4+0
CHE-412F	Research Project	0+12

#### **SUBJECT: CHEMISTRY**

(Four Year Undergraduate Course Structure)

## **Purpose of the Program**

The purpose of the undergraduate chemistry program is to provide the key knowledge based and laboratory resources to prepare students for career as professionals in various industries and research institutions.

#### **Program Specific Outcomes**

- **PS01.** Students will have a firm foundation in the fundamentals and application of current chemical and scientific theories including those in analytical, Inorganic, Organic and Physical Chemistries.
- **PS02.** Students will be able to design and carry out scientific experiments as well as accurately record and analyze the results of such experiments.
- **PS03.** Students will be skilled in problem solving, critical thinking and analytical reasoning as applied to scientific problems.
- **PS04.** Students will be able to explore new areas of research in both chemistry and allied fields of science and technology.
- **PS05.** Students will appreciate the central role of chemistry in our society and use this as a basis for ethical behavior in issues facing chemists including an understanding of safe handling of chemicals, environmental issues and key issues facing our society in energy, health, and medicine.
- **PS06.** Students will be able to explain why chemistry is an integral activity for addressing social, economic, and environmental problems.
- **PS07.** Students will be able to function as a member of an interdisciplinary problem-solving team.

## B.Sc. I Year (CHEMISTRY) Semester-I

(Four Year Undergraduate Course Structure)

## **CHE 101F: Fundamentals of Chemistry**

Credit 4+0

#### **Course outcomes**:

This course will provide a broad foundation in chemistry that stresses scientific reasoning and analytical problem solving with a molecular perspective. Students will gain an understanding of

- Molecular geometries, physical and chemical properties of the molecules.
- Current bonding models for simple inorganic and organic molecules to predict structures and important bonding parameters.
- The chapter Recapitulation of basics of organic chemistry gives the most primary and utmost important knowledge and concepts of organic Chemistry.
- This course gives a broader theoretical picture in multiple stages in an overall chemical reaction. It describes reactive intermediates, transition states and states of all the bonds broken and formed.
- The chapters Chemistry of alkanes and cycloalkanes gives the clear picture of singly bonded structure and geometry of the molecules.

Unit	Topics
I	Atomic Structure:
	Quantum numbers. shapes of s, p and d orbitals. Pauli's exclusion principle. Hund's rule of maximum multiplicity. Aufbau principle. Variation of orbital energies with atomic number and energy level diagram.
II	Bonding theories of Molecules:
	The valence bond theory (VBT) and it's limitations, Concept of hybridization, hybrid orbitals and molecular geometry, Bents rule, Valence shell electron pair repulsion theory (VSEPR), shapes of simple molecules and ions. Molecular orbital theory (MOT). Molecular orbital diagrams, bond orders of homonuclear and heteronuclear diatomic molecules and ions.
	Dipole Moment and Weak Chemical Forces- hydrogen bonding, Van der Waals forces

Periodic properties of Atoms:
Brief discussion, factors affecting and variation trends of following properties in groups and periods. Effective nuclear charge, shielding or screening effect, Slater rules, Atomic and ionic radii, electronegativity, Pauling's/Allred Rochow's scales,
Ionization enthalpy, electron gain enthalpy.
<b>Kinetic theories of gases Gaseous State:</b> Postulates of kinetic theory of gases, deviation from ideal behavior, van der Waals equation of state.
<b>Critical phenomena:</b> PV isotherms of real gases, continuity of states, the isotherms of Van der Waals equation, relationship between critical constants and Van der Waals constants, the law of corresponding states, reduced equation of state.
Recapitulation of basics of Organic Chemistry:
Hybridization, bond lengths and bond angles, bond energy, localized and delocalized chemical bonding, hyperconjugation; Electronic Displacements: Inductive, electromeric, resonance mesomeric effects and their applications
Mechanism of Organic Reactions:
Curved arrow notation, drawing electron movements with allows, half-headed and double-headed arrows, homolytic and heterolytic bond fission, Types of reagents electrophiles and nucleophiles, Types of organic reactions, Energy considerations. Reactive intermediates Carbocations, carbanions, free radicals, Assigning formal charges on intermediates and other ionic species.
Chemistry of Alkanes and Cycloalkanes
<ul> <li>A) Alkanes: Classification of carbon atom in alkanes, General methods of preparation, physical and chemical properties of alkanes, Free radical substitutions: Halogenation -relative reactivity and selectivity</li> <li>(B) Cycloalkanes: Nomenclature, methods of formation, chemical reactions, Baeyer's strain theory and its limitations. Chair, Boat and Twist boat forms of cyclohexane with energy diagrams ring strain in small rings, theory of strain less rings. The case of cyclopropane ring, banana bonds.</li> </ul>

## **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Lee, J.D. Concise Inorganic Chemistry, Pearson Education 2010
- 2. Huheey, J.E., Keiter, E.A., Keiter, R. L., Medhi, O.K. Inorganic Chemistry, Principles of Structure and Reactivity, Pearson Education 2006.
- 3. Shriver, D.D. & P. Atkins, *Inorganic Chemistry 2nd Ed.*, Oxford University Press,1994.
- $4. \quad Morrison, R.N. \& Boyd, R.N. \textit{Organic Chemistry}, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).$
- 5. Carey, F. A., Guiliano, R. M. Organic Chemistry, Eighth edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2012.
- 6. Clayden, J., Greeves, N. & Warren, S. Organic Chemistry, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Oxford University Press, 2012.
- 7. Graham Solomons, T.W., Fryhle, C. B. Organic Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
- 8. Chaube D. K. et al, A Textbook of fundamental chemistry, The Krishna Publications.

## **B.Sc. I Year (CHEMISTRY)**

#### **Semester-I Practical**

(Four Year Undergraduate Course Structure)

**CHE 102F: Qualitative Analysis** 

Credit 0+2

#### **Course outcomes:**

Upon completion of this course the students will have the knowledge and skills to understand the laboratory methods and tests related to estimation of metals ions and estimation of acids and alkali contents in commercial products.

- Potability tests of water samples
- Estimation of metal ions in samples
- Estimation of alkali and acid contents in samples
- Estimation of inorganic salts and hydrated water in samples

Unit	Topics
I	Crystallisation and Determination of melting point  (i) Benzoic Acid (ii) Acetanilide
II	Qualitative analysis of Inorganic mixture containing four radicals NH <sub>4</sub> +, Na+, K+, Mg++, Ca++, Sr++, Ba++, Zn++, Mn++, Ni++, Co++, Al+++, Fe+++, Cr+++, Cu++, Bi++, Cd++ As+++, Sb+++, Sn++, Pb++. CO <sub>3</sub> <sup>2-</sup> ,NO <sub>2</sub> -, S <sup>2-</sup> , SO <sub>3</sub> <sup>2-</sup> , SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup> , F-, Cl-, Br-, NO <sub>3</sub> -, CH <sub>3</sub> COO
III	Calibration of thermometer, pipettes, burettes and other glasswares.
IV	Preparation of standards solutions by titration
	Dilution 0.1M to 0.001M solutions, Mole concept and preparation of molar, formal, normal and molal solution.

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Mendham, J., Vogels Qauntitative Chemical Analysis, Pearson
- 2. Harris, D. C. Quantitative Chemical Analysis. 6th Ed., Freeman (2007) Chapters 3-5.
- 3. Harris, D.C. Exploring Chemical Analysis, 9th Ed. New York, W.H. Freeman, 2016.
- 4. Khopkar, S.M. Basic Concepts of Analytical Chemistry. New Age International Publisher, 2009.
- 5. Skoog, D.A. Holler F.J. and Nieman, T.A. *Principles of Instrumental Analysis*, Cengage Learning India Edition
- 6. Chaube D. K. et al, Practical Chemistry, The Krishna Publications.

# B.Sc. I Year (CHEMISTRY) Semester-II

(Four Year Undergraduate Course Structure)

## CHE 103F: Basic Organic Chemistry, Solid State and Chemistry of s and p-Block Elements

Credit 4+0

**Course outcomes:** This course will provide a broad foundation of –

- Unsaturated hydrocarbons.
- Basic understanding of stereochemistry of organic compounds
- Chemistry of p-block elements and noble gases.

Unit	Topics
I	Chemistry of Alkenes:
	Methods of formation of alkenes, Elementary treatment of mechanism of (i) addition of hydrogen, halogens, halogen acids, water and sulphuric acid and (ii) Hydroboration, epoxidation, ozonolysis and hydroxylation.
II	Chemistry of Alkynes:
	Methods of formation of alkynes, Elementary treatment of mechanism of addition reactions of carbon-carbon triple bond- hydrogenation, halogenations, hydrohalogenation and hydration reactions.
III	Stereochemistry:
IV	Concept of isomerism, Types of isomerism. (i) Optical isomerism: (a) Concept of chirality, elements of symmetry (b) Optical isomerism of compounds containing one (lactic acid) and two asymmetric carbons (tartaric acid). (ii) Methods of racemization and resolution, relative and absolute configuration. (iii) Geometrical isomerism: Maleic and fumaric acid, and methods for their configurations. (iv) Sawhorse and Newman's projection formula; R-S, D-L and E-Z nomenclatures. (v) Conformations of ethane and n-butane  Liquid State: Intermolecular forces, structure of liquids (a qualitative description). Structural differences between solids, liquids and gases. Liquid crystals: Difference between liquid crystal, solid and liquid. Classification, structure of nematic and
	cholesterol phases. Thermography and seven segment cell.
V	<b>General studies of s block elements :</b> Group wise discussion of s-block element with respect to electronic configuration, ionisation potential, electron affinity, electronegativity, atomic and ionic radii and their oxidation states. General trend of their compounds.
VI	Solid State:
	Definition of space lattice, unit cell. Laws of crystallography (i) Law of constancy
	of interfacial angles, (ii) Law of rationality of indices and iii) Symmetry elements
	in crystals and law of symmetry .X-ray diffraction by crystals. Derivation of
	Bragg equation. Determination of crystal structure of NaCl and KCl.

#### VII

**p-Block Elements**: Comparative study (including diagonal relationship) of groups 13-17 elements, compounds like hydrides, oxides, oxyacids and halides of group 13-16, hydrides of boron-diborane and higher boranes, borazine, borohydrides, fullerenes, carbides, fluorocarbons, silicates (structural principle), tetrasulphur tetra nitride, basic properties of halogens, interhalogens and polyhalides.

**Chemistry of Noble Gasses**: Chemical properties of the noble gases, chemistry of xenon, structure and bonding in xenon compounds.

#### Suggested Readings:

- $1. \quad Davis, B.G., Fairbanks, A.J., {\it Carbohydrate Chemistry}, Oxford Chemistry Primer, Oxford University Press.$
- 2. Finar, I. L. Organic Chemistry (Volume 2), Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).
- 3. Nelson, D. L. & Cox, M. M. Lehninger's Principles of Biochemistry7th Ed., W. H.Freeman.
- 4. Ball, D. W. Physical Chemistry Thomson Press, India(2007).
- 8. Castellan, G. W. Physical Chemistry 4th Ed. Narosa(2004).
- 9. R.B. Seymour & C.E. Carraher: *Polymer Chemistry: An Introduction*, Marcel Dekker, Inc. New York, 1981.
- 10. G.Odian: Principles of Polymerization, 4<sup>th</sup> Ed. Wiley, 2004.
- 11. F.W.Billmeyer: *TextbookofPolymerScience*, 2<sup>nd</sup>Ed. WileyInterscience, 1971.
- 12. P. Ghosh: Polymer Science & Technology, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 1991

## **B.Sc. I Year (CHEMISTRY)**

## **Semester-II Practical**

(Four Year Undergraduate Course Structure)

## CHE 104F: Chemical Analysis

Credit 0+2

#### **Course outcomes:**

This course will provide basic qualitative and quantitative experimental knowledge of biomolecules such as carbohydrates, proteins, amino acids, nucleic acids drug molecules. Upon successful completion of this course students may get job opportunities in food, beverage, and pharmaceutical industries.

Unit	Topics
I	Separation and identification of amino acids present in given mixture by paper chromatography, reporting the $R_{\rm f}$ value.
II	Surface Tension and Viscosity
	1.Determination of surface tension of pure liquid or solution
	2.Determination of viscosity of liquid pure liquid or solution
III	Preparation of Organic Compounds
	(i) Picrates (ii) Acetanilide (iii) 2,4,6 tribromoaniline
IV	Identification of organic compounds
IV	
	Identification of an organic compound through the functional group analysis,
	determination of melting point and preparation of suitable derivatives.

#### Suggested Readings:

- 1. Furniss, B.S.; Hannaford, A.J.; Smith, P.W.G.; Tatchell, A.R. *Practical Organic Chemistry, 5th Ed.,* Pearson (2012).
- 2. Mann, F.G. & Saunders, B.C. Practical Organic Chemistry, PearsonEducation.
- 3. Ahluwalia, V.K. & Aggarwal, R. Comprehensive Practical Organic Chemistry, Universities Press
- 4. Cooper, T.G. Tool of Biochemistry. Wiley-Blackwell (1977).
- 5. Wilson, K. & Walker, J. Practical Biochemistry. Cambridge University Press (2009).
- 6. Varley, H., Gowenlock, A.H & Bell, M.: Practical Clinical Biochemistry, Heinemann,

## **B.Sc. II Year (CHEMISTRY)** Semester-III

(Four Year Undergraduate Course Structure)

## CHE 201F: Chemical Dynamics, Organic & Coordination Chemistry | Credit

Course Outcomes: Upon successful completion of this course students should be able to describe chemical kinetics, kinetic theories of gases, phase equilibirium, lementary knowledge of d-block elements and coordination chemistry.

of a-block elements and coordination chemistry.			
Unit	Topics		
I	Chemical Kinetics: Rate of a reaction, molecularity and order of reaction,		
	concentration dependence of rates, mathematical characteristic of simple chemical		
	reactions zero order, first order, second order, pseudo order, halflife and mean life.		
	Determination of the order of reaction differential method, method of integration,		
	half-life method and isolation method. Theories of chemical kinetics: Effect of		
	temperature on rate of reaction, Arrhenius equation, concept of activation energy.		
	Simple collision theory based on hard sphere model, transition state theory		
	(equilibrium hypothesis). Expression for the rate constant based on equilibrium		
	constant and thermodynamic aspects (no derivation).		
II	Phase Equilibrium: Statement and meaning of the terms-phase, component and		
	degree of freedom, derivation of Gibbs phase rule, phase equilibria of one		
	component system water, S, He and Diamond, graphite. Phase equilibria of two		
	component systems Solid - liquid equilibria , simple eutectic. Pb-Ag systems.		
III	Aromaticity and Chemistry of Arenes:		
	Aromatic, Antiaromatic and non-Aromatic compounds, Nomenclature of benzene		
	derivatives, MO picture of benzene, Character of arenes, cyclic		
	carbocations/carbanions. Electrophilic aromatic substitution - halogenation,		
	nitration, sulphonation and Friedel- Craft's Alkylation with their		
	mechanism, Directing effects of the groups		
IV	Chemistry of Alcohols		
	Classification and nomenclature, Monohydric alcohols nomenclature, methods of		
	formation by reduction of Aldehydes, Ketones, Carboxylic acids and Esters, Hydrogen		
	bonding, Acidic nature, Differentiation among 1°, 2° and 3° alcohols, Dihydric		
	alcohols, Trihydric alcohols - nomenclature, methods of formation, chemical		
	reactions of glycerol.		

V	Chemistry of Transition Elements
	Chemistry of Elements of First Transition Series -Characteristic properties of d-
	block elements. Binary compounds (hydrides, carbides and oxides) of the elements
	of the first transition series and complexes with respect to relative stability of their
	oxidation states, coordination number and geometry.
	Chemistry of Elements of Second and Third Transition Series- General
	characteristics, comparative treatment of Zr/Hf, Nb/Ta, Mo/W in respect of ionic
	radii, oxidation states, magnetic behavior, spectral properties and stereochemistry.
VI	Coordination Chemistry Coordinate bonding, double complex salts, Werner's
	theory of coordination complexes classification of ligands, ambidentate ligands,
	chelates, coordination numbers, IUPAC nomenclature of coordination complexes
	(up to two metal centers), Isomerism in coordination compounds, constitutional
	and stereo isomerism, geometrical and optical isomerism in square planar and
	octahedral complexes.
VII	Theories of Coordination Chemistry
	Metal- ligand bonding in transition metal complexes, limitations of valance bond
	theory, an elementary idea of crystal field theory, crystal field splitting 7 in
	octahedral, tetrahedral and square planner complexes, factors affecting the crystal-
	field parameters.

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Alberty,R A, Physical Chemistry,4 theditionWiley Eastern Ltd,2001.
- 2. Atkins, PW, the elements of physical chemistry, Oxford, 1991
- 3. Barrow, G. M, International student Edition . McGraw Hill, McGraw-Hill, 1973.
- 4. Cotton,F.A, Wilkinson,G and Gaus,P. L ,Basic Inorganic Chemistry,3<sup>rd</sup> Edition ,Wiley1995
- 5. Lee, J.D, Concise Inorganic Chemistry 4<sup>th</sup> EditionELBS, 1977
- $6. \quad Clayden, J., Greeves, N., Warren, S., \textit{Organic Chemistry}, Second edition, Oxford University Press 2012.$
- 7. Silverstein, R. M., Bassler, G. C., Morrill, T. C. *Spectrometric Identification of Organic Compounds*, John Wiley and Sons, INC, Fifthedition.
- 8. Pavia, D. L. et al. Introduction to Spectroscopy, 5th Ed. Cengage Learning IndiaEd.
- 9. Willard, H.H. et al.: Instrumental Methods of Analysis, 7th Ed. Wardsworth Publishing Company, Belmont, California, USA,1988.
- 10. Christian, G.D. Analytical Chemistry, 6th Ed. John Wiley & Sons, New York, 2004.
- 11. Harris, D.C.: Exploring Chemical Analysis, 9th Ed. New York, W.H. Freeman, 2016.
- 12. Khopkar, S.M. Basic Concepts of Analytical Chemistry. New Age International Publisher, 2009.

#### Suggestive digital platforms web links

- 1. <a href="https://www.coursera.org/courses?query=chemistry&languages=en">https://www.coursera.org/courses?query=chemistry&languages=en</a>
- 2. https://www.mooc-list.com/tags/physical-chemistry
- 3. https://www.coursera.org/learn/physical-chemistry
- 4. <a href="https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/chemistry/5-61-physical-chemistry-fall-2017/">https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/chemistry/5-61-physical-chemistry-fall-2017/</a>
- 5. <a href="http://heecontent.upsdc.gov.in/Home.aspx">http://heecontent.upsdc.gov.in/Home.aspx</a>

## B.Sc. II Year (CHEMISTRY)

## **Semester-III Practical**

(Four Year Undergraduate Course Structure)

CHE 202F: Physical Analysis	Credit
	0+2

**Course Outcomes:** Upon successful completion of this course students should be able to calibrate apparatus and prepare solutions of various concentrations, estimation of components through volumetric analysis; to perform dilatometric experiments: one and two component phase equilibrium experiments.

Unit	Topics
I	Surface Tension and Viscosity
	1. Determination of surface tension of pure liquid or solution
	2. Determination of viscosity of liquid pure liquid or solution
II	Boiling point and Transition Temperature  1. Boiling point of common organic liquid compounds <b>ANY FIVE:</b> <i>n</i> butylalcohol, cyclohexanol, ethyl methyl ketone, cyclohexanone, acetylacetone, isobutyl methyl ketone, isobutyl alcohol, acetonitrile, benzaldehyde and acetophenone. [Boiling points of the chosen organic compounds should preferably be within 180°C]. 2. Transition Temperature, Determination of the transition temperature of the given substance by thermometric /dialometric method (e.g. MnCl <sub>2</sub> .4H <sub>2</sub> O/SrBr <sub>2</sub> .2H <sub>2</sub> O)
III	Phase Equilibrium  1. To study the effect of a solute (e.g. NaCl, succinic acid) on the critical solution temperature of two partially miscible liquids (e.g. phenol water system) and to determine the concentration of that solute in the given phenol-water system  2. To construct the phase diagram of two component (e.g. diphenylamine benzophenone) system by cooling by cooling curve method
IV	1. Kinetics of dissolution of Mg ribbon in HCl 2. Determination of Heat of neutralisation of (i) Strong Acid-Strong Base (ii) Strong Acid-Weak Base (iii) Weak Acid-Strong Base

## **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Skoog. D. A., West DM and Hollar
- 2. Analytical Chemistry, An Introduction 7<sup>th</sup> edition, Sauders College

Suggestive digital platforms web links

- 1. <a href="https://www.labster.com/chemistry-virtual-labs/">https://www.labster.com/chemistry-virtual-labs/</a>
- 2. <a href="https://www.vlab.co.in/broad-area-chemical-sciences">https://www.vlab.co.in/broad-area-chemical-sciences</a>, <a href="https://chemcollective.org/vlabs">https://chemcollective.org/vlabs</a>

## B.Sc. II Year (CHEMISTRY)

### **Semester-IV**

(Four Year Undergraduate Course Structure)

## CHE 203F: Quantum Mechanics and Organic Synthesis-A

Credit 4+0

**Course Outcomes:** Upon successful completion of this course students should be able to describe atomic structure, elementary quantum mechanics, wave function and its significance; Schrodinger wave equation and its applications; Molecular orbital theory, basic ideas Criteria for forming molecular orbital from atomic orbitals, Molecular Spectroscopy, Rotational Spectrum, vibrational Electronic Spectrum: photo chemistry and kinetics of photo chemical reaction

Analytical chemistry plays an enormous role in our society, such as in drug manufacturing, process control in industry, environmental monitoring, medical diagnostics, food production, and forensic surveys. It is also of great importance in different research areas. Analytical chemistry is a science that is directed towards creating new knowledge so that chemical analysis can be improved to respond to increasing or new demands.

- Students will be able to explore new areas of research in both chemistry and allied fields of science and technology.
- Students will be able to function as a member of an interdisciplinary problem-solving team.
- Students will be skilled in problem solving, critical thinking and analytical reasoning as applied to scientific problems
- Students will gain an understanding of how to determine the structure of organic molecules using IR spectroscopic technique
- To develop basic skills required for purification, solvent extraction, TLC and column chromatography

Unit	Topics
I	<b>Elementary Quantum Mechanics</b> : Bohr's model of H atom. de-Broglie hypothesis.
	Heisenberg uncertainty principle, Schrödinger wave equation (time dependent and
	time independent) and its importance, physical interpretation of the wave function
	and probability distribution curves, Radial and angular wave functions, Schrödinger
	wave equation for H-atom, separation into three equations (without derivation),
	bonding wave function, concept of $\sigma$ , $\sigma^*$ , $\pi$ , $\pi^*$
II	Molecular Spectroscopy: Introduction: Electromagnetic radiation, regions of the
	spectrum, basic features of different spectrometers, statement of the Born-
	Oppenheimer approximation, degrees of freedom
	Rotational Spectrum: Diatomic molecules. Energy levels of a rigid rotor (semi-
	classical principles), selection rules, spectral intensity, distribution using
	population distribution (Maxwell- Boltzmann distribution) determination of bond
	length, qualitative description of non-rigid rotor, isotope effect.
	Vibrational Spectrum: Infrared spectrum : Energy levels of simple harmonic
	oscillator, selection rules, pure vibrational spectrum, intensity, determination of

	force constant and qualitative relation of force constant and bond energies, effect of
	anharmonic motion and isotope on the spectrum, idea of vibrational frequencies of
	different functional groups.
	Raman spectrum: Concept of polarizability, pure rotational and pure vibrational,
	Raman spectra of diatomic molecules, selection rules.
III	Chemistry of Phenols: Nomenclature, structure and bonding, preparation of
	phenols, physical properties and acidic character, Comparative acidic strengths of
	alcohols and phenols, resonance stabilization of phenoxide ion. Reactions of
	phenols electrophilic aromatic substitution, acylation and carboxylation.
IV	Chemistry of Ethers and Epoxides: Nomenclature of ethers and methods of their
	formation, physical properties, Chemical reactions cleavage and autoxidation, -
	Synthesis of epoxides, Acid and base-catalyzed ring opening of epoxides,
V	A. Volumetric Analysis
	General principle of acid-base titrations, precipitation titrations, oxidation-reduction
	titrations, iodimetry and complexometric titrations, use of EDTA for the
	determination of Ca <sup>2+</sup> and Mg <sup>2+</sup> , Hardness of water, types of EDTA titrations and
	metal ion indicators.
	B. Gravimetric Analysis
	Precipitation from homogenous medium, purity of precipitates, coprecipitation,
	post-precipitation, washing and ignition of precipitates, contamination and their
	removal.
VI	Errors and Evaluation
	Definition of terms, mean and median, precision, standard deviation, relative
	standard deviation, accuracy- absolute error, types of error in experimental data
	determination (systematic), intermediate (or random) and gross, sources of errors
	and the effects upon the analytical results, methods for reporting analytical data,
****	statistical evaluation and data -indeterminate errors, use of statistics
VII	<b>Separation Techniques: Solvent</b> extraction: Classification, principle and efficiency
	of the technique. Mechanism of extraction: extraction by solvation and chelation.
	Technique of extraction: batch, continuous and counter current extractions.
	Qualitative and quantitative aspects of solvent extraction: extraction of metal ions
	from aqueous solution, extraction of organic species from the aqueous and non-
	aqueous media.
	Chromatography: Classification, principle and efficiency of the technique.
	Mechanism of separation: adsorption, partition & ion exchange. Development of
	chromatograms: frontal, elution, and displacement methods.

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- 13. Alberty, R A, Physical Chemistry, 4 theditionWiley Eastern Ltd, 2001.
- 14. Atkins, PW, the elements of physical chemistry, Oxford, 1991
- 15. Barrow, G.M, International student Edition . McGraw Hill, McGraw-Hill, 1973.
- 16. Cotton,F.A, Wilkinson,G and Gaus,P. L ,Basic Inorganic Chemistry,3<sup>rd</sup> Edition ,Wiley1995
- 17. Lee, J.D, Concise Inorganic Chemistry 4<sup>th</sup> EditionELBS, 1977
- 18. Clayden, J., Greeves, N., Warren, S., Organic Chemistry, Secondedition, Oxford University Press 2012.
- 19. Silverstein, R. M., Bassler, G. C., Morrill, T. C. *Spectrometric Identification of Organic Compounds*, John Wiley and Sons, INC, Fifthedition.
- 20. Pavia, D. L. et al. Introduction to Spectroscopy, 5th Ed. Cengage Learning IndiaEd.
- 21. Willard, H.H. *et al.*: *Instrumental Methods of Analysis*, 7th Ed. Wardsworth Publishing Company, Belmont, California, USA,1988.
- 22. Christian, G.D. Analytical Chemistry, 6th Ed. John Wiley & Sons, New York, 2004.
- 23. Harris, D.C.: Exploring Chemical Analysis, 9th Ed. New York, W.H. Freeman, 2016.
- 24. Khopkar, S.M. Basic Concepts of Analytical Chemistry. New Age International Publisher, 2009.

#### Suggestive digital platforms web links

- 6. <a href="https://www.coursera.org/courses?query=chemistry&languages=en">https://www.coursera.org/courses?query=chemistry&languages=en</a>
- 7. <a href="https://www.mooc-list.com/tags/physical-chemistry">https://www.mooc-list.com/tags/physical-chemistry</a>
- 8. <a href="https://www.coursera.org/learn/physical-chemistry">https://www.coursera.org/learn/physical-chemistry</a>
- 9. https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/chemistry/5-61-physical-chemistry-fall-2017/
- 10. http://heecontent.upsdc.gov.in/Home.aspx

## **B.Sc. II Year (CHEMISTRY)**

#### **Semester-IV Practical**

(Four Year Undergraduate Course Structure)

## **CHE 204F: Separation Technique and Volumetric Analysis**

Credit 0+2

**Course outcomes:** Upon completion of this course, chemistry majors can employ critical thinking and scientific inquiry in the performance, design, interpretation, and documentation of laboratory experiments, at a level suitable to succeed at an entry-level position in chemical industry or a chemistry graduate program.

- Students will be able to explore new areas of research in both chemistry and allied fields of science and technology.
- Students will be able to function as a member of an interdisciplinary problem-solving team.
- Students will be skilled in problem solving, critical thinking and analytical reasoning as applied to scientific problems
- Students will gain an understanding of how to determine the structure of organic molecules using IR spectroscopic technique
- To develop basic skills required for purification, solvent extraction, TLC and column chromatography

Unit	Topics
	Chromatographic Separations
I	Paper chromatographic separation of following metal ions: i. Ni (II) and
	Co (II) ii. Cu(II) and Cd(II)
II	Separation of a mixture of o-and p-nitrophenol or o-and p-aminophenol by thin layer
	Chromatography(TLC)
III	Volumetric Exercises
	I. Acid Base titrations
	II. Estimation of Oxalic acid by titrating with KMnO4
	III. Estimation of Silver ions by Volhard's and Mohr's Method.
	IV. Redox titrations e.g. titration of ferrous ion with permanganate and dichromate using
	internal and external indicators.
	V. Estimation of hardness of water by EDTA.

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Mendham, J., Quantitative Chemical Analysis 6th Ed., Pearson, 2009.
- 2. Willard, H.H. et al.: Instrumental Methods of Analysis, 7th Ed. Wardsworth Publishing Company, Belmont, California, USA,1988.
- 3. Christian, G.D. Analytical Chemistry, 6th Ed. John Wiley & Sons, New York, 2004.
- $4. \quad Harris, D.C. Exploring Chemical Analysis, 9 th Ed. New York, W.H. Freeman, 2016.$
- 5. Khopkar, S.M. Basic Concepts of Analytical Chemistry. New Age International Publisher, 2009.
- 6. Skoog, D.A. Holler F.J. and Nieman, T.A. Principles of Instrumental Analysis, Cengage Learning India Edition.
- 7. Mikes, O. & Chalmes, R.A. Laboratory Handbook of Chromatographic & Allied Methods, Elles Harwood Ltd. London.
- 8. Ditts, R.V. Analytical Chemistry: Methods of separation. Van Nostrand, New York,1974.

## B.Sc. III Year (CHEMISTRY) Semester-V

(Four Year Undergraduate Course Structure)

## CHE 301F: Analytical Techniques and Organic Synthesis-B

Credit 4+0

Course outcomes: Biomolecules are important for the functioning of living organisms. These molecules perform or trigger important biochemical reactions in living organisms. When studying biomolecules, one can understand the physiological function that regulates the proper growth and development of a human body. This course aims to introduce the students with basic of oxygen and halogen containing functional groups, experimental understanding of carbohydrates, amino acids, proteins, nucleic acids, and medicinal chemistry. Upon completion of this course students may get job opportunities in food, beverage, and pharmaceutical industries. Students will gain an understanding of which are used as solvents and raw material for synthesis of drug and other pharmaceutically important compounds and synthetic dyes.

Unit	Topics
I	UV-Visible Spectroscopy :
	Origin of spectra, interaction of radiation with matter, fundamental laws of
	spectroscopy and selection rules, types of electronic transitions, λmax,
	chromophore and auxochromes, nBathochromic and Hypsochromic shifts, Intensity
	of absorption, application of Woodward Rules for calculation of $\lambda$ max for the
	conjugated dienes, alicyclic, homoannualar and heteroannular;
	extended conjugated systems, distinction between cis and trans isomers.
II	Infrared Spectroscopy:
	IR Spectroscopy: Fundamental and non-fundamental molecular vibrations;
	Hooke's law, selection rule, IR absorption positions of various functional groups;
	Effect of H-bonding, conjugation, resonance and ring size on IR absorptions;
	Fingerprint region and its significance, application in functional group analysis and
	and interpretation of I.R. spectra of simple organic compounds.
III	Chemistry of Organic Halides
	Nomenclature and classes of alkyl halides, methods of formation, chemical
	reactions, Mechanisms of nucleophilic substitution reactions of alkyl halides, SN2
	and SN1 reactions with energy profile diagrams; Polyhalogencompounds :
	Chloroform, carbon tetrachloride; Methods of formation of aryl halides, nuclear
	and side chain reactions; The addition-elimination and the elimination-addition
	mechanisms of nucleophilic aromatic substitution reactions; Relative reactivities
	of alkyl halides vs allyl, vinyl and aryl halides,

IV	Chemistry of Carbohydrates:
	Classification of carbohydrates, reducing and non-reducing sugars, General
	Properties of Glucose and Fructose, their open chain structure. Epimers,
	mutarotation and anomers. Mechanism of mutarotation Determination of
	configuration of Glucose (Fischer proof). Cyclic structure of glucose. Haworth
	projections. Cyclic structure of fructose. Inter conversions of sugars (ascending
	and descending of sugar series, conversion of aldoses to ketoses).
V	Chemistry of Proteins:
	Classification of amino acids, zwitter ion structure and Isoelectric point. Overview
	of primary, secondary, tertiary, and quaternary structure of proteins.
	Determination of primary structure of peptides, determination of N-terminal
	amino acid (by DNFB and Edman method) and C terminal amino, Synthesis of
	simple peptides (upto dipeptides) by N-protection & C-activating groups and
	Merrifield solid phase synthesis.
VI	Chemistry of Nucleic Acids:
	Constituents of Nucleic acids: Adenine, guanine, thymine, and Cytosine (Structure
	only), Nucleosides and nucleotides (nomenclature), Synthesis of nucleic acids,
	Structure of polynucleotides; Structure of DNA (Watson-Crick model) and RNA
	(types of RNA), Genetic Code, Biological roles of DNA and RNA: Replication,
	Transcription and Translation
VII	Introductory Medicinal Chemistry:
	Drug discovery, design, and development; Basic Retrosynthetic approach. Drug
	action-receptor theory. Structure activity relationships of drug molecules, binding
	role of OH group, -NH <sub>2</sub> group, double bond and aromatic ring.
VIII	Synthetic Dyes: Color and constitution (electronic Concept), Classification of dyes,
	Chemistry and synthesis of Methyl orange, Congo red, Malachite green

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- $1. \quad Morrison, R.N. \& Boyd, R.N. \textit{Organic Chemistry}, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).$
- 2. Sykes, P. A guidebook to Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Pearson Education, 2003.
- $3. \quad \text{Carey, F. A., Guiliano, R. M.} \textit{Organic Chemistry}, \textit{Eighth edition, McGraw Hill Education,} 2012.$
- 4. Loudon, G. M. Organic Chemistry, Fourth edition, Oxford University Press, 2008.
- 5. Clayden, J., Greeves, N. & Warren, S. *Organic Chemistry*, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, OxfordUniversity Press, 2012.
- 6. Graham Solomons, T.W., Fryhle, C. B. *Organic Chemistry*, John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
- 7. Smith, J. G. Organic Chemistry, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing CompanyLimited.
- 8. March, J. Advanced Organic Chemistry, Fourth edition, Wiley.\

# B.Sc. III Year (CHEMISTRY) Semester-V

(Four Year Undergraduate Course Structure)

# CHE 302F: Polymer, Coordination and Inner Transition Metal Chemistry

Credit 4+0

**Course outcomes:** This paper provides detailed knowledge of synthesis of various class of organic compounds and functional groups inter conversion. Organic synthesis is the most important branch of organic chemistry which provides jobs in production & QC departments related to chemicals, drugs, medicines, FMCG etc. industries.

	ments related to themicals, drugs, medicines, PMCG etc. muusties.
Unit	Topics
I	Catalysis
	General principles and properties of catalysts, homogenous catalysis (catalytic steps and examples) and heterogenous catalysis (catalytic steps and examples) and their industrial applications, Deactivation, or regeneration of catalysts. Phase transfer catalysts, application of zeolites as catalysts. Enzyme catalysis: Michaelis-Menten equation, Lineweaver-Burkplot, turn-over number.
II	Chemistry of Lanthanides
	Electronic structure, oxidation states and ionic radii and lanthanide contraction,
	complex formation, occurrence and isolation, ceric ammonium sulphate and its
	analyticaluses.
III	Chemistry of Actinides
	Electronic configuration, oxidation states and magnetic properties, chemistry of separation of Np, Pu and Am from U.
IV	Thermodynamic and kinetic aspects of metal complexes
	A brief outline of thermodynamic stability of metal complexes and factors
	affecting the stability, stability constants of complexes and their determination,
	substitution reactions of square planar complexes.

## V **Inorganic Spectroscopy and Magnetism** I. Electronic spectra of Transition Metal Complexes, Types of electronic transitions, selection rules for d-d transitions, spectroscopic ground states, spectrochemical series, Orgel-energy level diagram for d1 and d9 states, discussion of the electronic spectrum of [Ti(H2O)<sub>6</sub>] 3+ and [Cu(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>6</sub>]<sup>2+</sup>complex ion. II. Magnetic properties of transition metal complexes, types of magnetic behaviour, methods of determining magnetic susceptibility, spin-only formula, L-S coupling, correlation of $\mu$ s and $\mu$ eff values, orbital contribution to magnetic moments, application of magnetic moment data for 3d-metal complexes. General description of magnetic properties: Paramagnetism, diamagnetism. ferromagnetism and magnetic susceptibility. VI **Metal Carbonyls and Nitrosyls** 18-electron rule, preparation, structure and nature of bonding in the mononuclear and dinuclear carbonvls and nitrosvls. VII **Introduction to Polymer** Monomers, Oligomers, Polymers and their characteristics, Classification of polymers: Natural synthetic, linear, cross linked and network; plastics, elastomers, fibers, Homopolymers and Co-polymers, Bonding in polymers: Primary and secondary bond forces in polymers; cohesive energy, and decomposition of polymers. Silicones and Phosphazenes, Silicones and phosphazenes as examples of inorganic polymers, nature of bonding in triphosphazenes.

#### Suggested Readings:

- 1. Morrison, R.N. & Boyd, R.N. Organic Chemistry, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).
- 2. Sykes, P. A guidebook to Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Pearson Education, 2003.
- 3. Carey, F. A., Guiliano, R. M. Organic Chemistry, Eighth edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2012.
- 4. Loudon, G. M. Organic Chemistry, Fourth edition, Oxford University Press, 2008.
- 5. Clayden, J., Greeves, N. & Warren, S. *Organic Chemistry*, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, OxfordUniversity Press, 2012.
- 6. Smith, J. G. Organic Chemistry, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing CompanyLimited.
- 7. March, J. Advanced Organic Chemistry, Fourthedition, Wiley.
- 8. Lee, J.D. Concise Inorganic Chemistry, Pearson Education 2010.

## **B.Sc. III Year (CHEMISTRY)**

## **Semester-V Practical**

(Four Year Undergraduate Course Structure)

## CHE 303F: Qualitative and Quantitative Analysis

Credit 0+2

#### **Course outcomes:**

Upon completion of this course the students will have the knowledge and skills to understand the laboratory methods and tests related to inorganic mixtures and organic compounds.

- Separation of organic compounds from mixture
- · Elemental analysis in organic compounds
- Identification of functional group in organic compounds
- Identification of organic compound

Unit	Topics
I	Separation and Identification of Organic Mixture
	Analysis of an organic mixture containing two solid components using water, NaHCO <sub>3</sub> , NaOH for separation and preparation of suitable derivatives
II	1. To study the kinetics of reaction between acetone and iodine.
	2. To determine the solubility of simple salt by evaporation method
	and to draw the solubility curve.
III	Qualitative and quantitative analysis of carbohydrates:
	1. Separation of mixture of two sugars by ascending paper chromatography.
	2. Differentiate between reducing and non reducing sugar. Synthesis of Osazones.
IV	
IV	Determination and identification of Nucleic Acids
	1.Determination of nucleic acids
	2.Extraction of DNA from onion/cauliflower

### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Vogel, A.I., Tatchell, A.R., Furnis, B.S., Hannaford, A.J. & Smith, P.W.G., Textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry, Prentice-Hall, 5th edition, 1996.
- 2. Mann, F.G. & Saunders, B.C. Practical Organic Chemistry Orient-Longman, 1960.
- 3. Harris, D.C. Exploring Chemical Analysis, 9 & Ed. New York, W.H. Freeman, 2016.
- 4. Khopkar, S.M. *Basic Concepts of Analytical Chemistry*. New Age International Publisher, 2009.

## **B.Sc. III Year (CHEMISTRY)**

#### **Semester-VI**

(Four Year Undergraduate Course Structure)

## CHE 304F: Organic Synthesis C

Credit 4+0

**Course outcomes:** This paper provides detailed knowledge of synthesis of various class of organic compounds and functional groups inter conversion. Organic synthesis is the most important branch of organic chemistry which provides jobs in production & QC departments related to chemicals, drugs, medicines, FMCG etc. industries.

The study of natural products and heterocyclic compounds offers an excellent strategy toward identifying novel biological probes for several diseases. Historically, natural products have played an important role in the development of pharmaceutical drugs for several diseases including cancer and infection.

- It relates and gives an analytical aptitude for synthesizing various industrially important compounds.
- Learn the different types of alkaloids, & terpenes etc and their chemistry and medicinal importance.
- Explain the importance of natural compounds as lead molecules for new drug discovery.

	discovery.	
Unit	Topics	
I	Reagents in Organic Synthesis	
	A detailed study of the following reagents in organic transformations, Oxidation	
	with SeO2, Jones Oxidation, PCC, PDC, NaBH4, LiAlH4, DIBAL-H	
II	Organometallic Compounds- Organomagnesium compounds: the Grignard	
	reagents, formation, structure and chemical reactions. Organolithium	
	compounds: formation and chemical reactions.	
III	Chemistry of Aldehydes and ketones: Nomenclature and structure of the	
	carbonyl groups, synthesis of aldehydes and ketones with particular reference to	
	the synthesis of aldehydes from acid chlorides, Physical properties. Mechanism of	
	nucleophillic additions to carbonyl group with particular emphasis on benzoin,	
	aldol, Perkin and Wittig reaction Oxidation of aldehydes, Cannizzaro reaction, MPV,	
	Clemmensen, Wolff-Kishner, An introduction to a,b -unsaturated aldehyde and	
	ketones.	
IV	Carboxylic acids and their Functional Derivatives	
	Nomenclature and classification of aliphatic and aromatic carboxylic acids.	
	Preparation and reactions. Acidity (effect of substituents on acidity) and salt	
	formation, Reactions: Mechanism of reduction, substitution in alkyl or aryl group,	
	stereospecific addition to maleic and fumaric acids. Preparation and reactions of	
	acid chlorides, acid anhydrides, amides and esters, acid and alkaline hydrolysis of	
	esters, trans-esterification.	
V	Organic Compounds of Nitrogen- Preparation of nitroalkanes and nitroarenes,	
-	Chemical reactions of nitroalkanes. Mechanisms of nucleophilic substitution in	
	F	

nitroarenes and their reductions in acidic, neutral and alkaline media, Picric acid, Separation of a mixture of primary, secondary and tertiary amines. Structural features effecting basicity of amines. Gabriel- phthalimide reaction, Hofmann bromamide reaction. Reactions of amines, electrophilic aromatic substitution in arylamines, reactions of amines with nitrous acid.

Heterocyclic Chemistry

Molecular orbital picture and aromatic characteristics of pyrrole, furan, thiophene and pyridine, Methods of synthesis and chemical reactions with particular emphasis, on the mechanism of electrophilic substitution. Mechanism of

and pyridine, Methods of synthesis and chemical reactions with particular emphasis on the mechanism of electrophilic substitution, Mechanism of nucleophilic substitution reaction in pyridine derivatives, Comparison of basicity of pyridine, piperidine and pyrrole. Mechanism of electrophilic substitution reactions of indole, quinoline and isoquinoline.

## VII Rearrangements

A detailed study of the following rearrangements: Pinacol-pinacolone, Benzil Benzilic acid, and Fries rearrangement

#### **Suggested Readings:**

VI

- 1. Morrison, R.N. & Boyd, R.N. Organic Chemistry, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).
- 2. Sykes, P. A guidebook to Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Pearson Education, 2003.
- 3. Carey, F. A., Guiliano, R. M. Organic Chemistry, Eighth edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2012.
- 4. Loudon, G. M. Organic Chemistry, Fourth edition, Oxford University Press, 2008.
- 5. Clayden, J., Greeves, N. & Warren, S. Organic Chemistry, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, OxfordUniversity Press, 2012.
- 6. Graham Solomons, T.W., Fryhle, C. B. Organic Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
- 7. Smith, J. G. Organic Chemistry, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing CompanyLimited.
- 8. March, J. Advanced Organic Chemistry, Fourth edition, Wiley.
- 9. Acheson, R.M. Introduction to the Chemistry of Heterocyclic compounds, John Welly & Sons (1976).
- 10. Finar, I. L. Organic Chemistry (Volume 1), Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt.Ltd. (Pearson Education).
- 11. Finar, I. L. Organic Chemistry (Volume 2: Stereochemistry and the Chemistry of Natural
- 12. Products), Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (PearsonEducation).
- 13. Singh, J.; Ali, S.M. & Singh, J. Natural Product Chemistry, Pragati Prakashan (2010).

#### Suggested online links:

http://heecontent.upsdc.gov.in/Home.aspx

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## B.Sc. III Year (CHEMISTRY)

## **Semester-VI**

(Four Year Undergraduate Course Structure)

# **CHE 305F:** Chemical Energetics and Bioinorganic Chemistry

Credit 4+0

**Course outcomes:** Upon successful completion of this course students should be able to describe laws of thermodynamics and its applications, phase equilibria of one and two component system, electro chemistry ,ionic equilibrium applications of conductivity and potentiometric measurements

Unit	Topics
I	Thermodynamics-1:
	First Law of Thermodynamics: Statement, definition of internal energy and enthalpy. Heat capacity, heat capacities at constant volume and pressure and their relationship. Joule's law Joule- Thomson coefficient and inversion temperature.  Thermochemistry: Standard state, standard enthalpy of formation Hess's law of heat summation and its applications. Heat of reaction at constant pressure and at constant volume. Enthalpy of neutralization. Bond dissociation energy and its calculation from thermo-chemical data,
II	Kirchhoff's equation.  Thermodynamics II
	Second Law of Thermodynamics, Need for the law, different statements of the law, Carnot cycle and its efficiency. Carnot theorem. Thermodynamic scale of temperature.  Concept of Entropy, Entropy as a state function, entropy as a function of V & T, entropy as a function of P&T, Entropy change in ideal gases and mixing of gases. Gibbs and Helmholtz Functions Gibbs function (G) and Helmhotz function (A) as thermodynamic quantities. A & G as criteria for thermodynamic equilibrium and spontaneity, their advantage over entropy change,
III	<b>Electrochemistry</b> : specific conductance molar and equivalent conductance, measurement of equivalent conductance, variation ofmolar, equivalent and specific conductances with dilution. Migration of ions and Kohlrausch law, , Arrhenius theory of electrolyte dissociation and its limitations. Weak and strong electrolytes. Ostwald's dilution law, its uses and limitations.

Colligative Properties-Ideal and non-ideal solutions, methods of expressing concentrations of solutions, activity and activity coefficient. Dilute solution, colligative properties, Raoult's law, relative lowering of vapour pressure, molecular weight determination, Osmosis, law of osmotic pressure and its measurement, determination of molecular weight from osmotic pressure, Elevation of boiling point and depression of freezing, Thermodynamic derivation of relation between molecular weight and elevation in boiling point and depression in freezing point.

### V Bioinorganic Chemistry

Essential and trace elements in biological processes, metalloporphyrins with special reference to heamoglobin and myoglobin. Biological role of alkali and alkaline earth metal ions with special reference to  $Ca^{2+}$  and  $Mg^{2+}$ . Cu in plastocyanin and hemocyanin, Zn in carboxypeptidase and carbonic anhydrase.

## **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Foye, W.O., Lemke, T.L. & William, D.A.: Principles of Medicinal Chemistry, 4th ed.,
- B..I. Waverly Pvt. Ltd. NewDelhi.
- 2. Peter Atkins & Julio De Paula, Physical Chemistry 9th Ed., Oxford University Press(2010).
- 3. Metz, C. R. Physical Chemistry 2nd Ed., Tata McGraw-Hill (2009). 4.
- 5. Ball, D.W. Physical Chemistry Thomson Press, India (2007).
- 6. Castellan, G.W. Physical Chemistry 4th Edn. Narosa (2004).
- 7. Allen Bard ,JLarry . Faulkner R ,Fundamentals of Electrochemical methods

fundamentals and applications, new York John , Wiley & sons , 2001

8. H. J. Arnikar, *Essentials of Nuclear Chemistry*, 4th ed., New Age International, NewDelhi, 1995.

## **B.Sc. III Year (CHEMISTRY)**

## **Semester-VI Practical**

(Four Year Undergraduate Course Structure)

# CHE 306F: Physico-Chemical Analysis and Organic Synthesis

Credit 0+2

**Course Outcomes:** Upon successful completion of this course students should be able to quantify the product obtained through gravimetric method; determination of R values and identification of organic compounds through paper and thin layer chromatography laboratory techniques: perform thermo chemical reactions

Topics
Gravimetric Analysis
1. Analysis of Cu as CuSCN,
2. Analysis of Ni as Ni(dimethylgloxime)
Estimate the following metals gravimetrically:
1. Barium as Barium sulphate
2. Zinc as Zinc Oxide
3. Iron as Iron Oxide
4. Chromium as Chromium Oxide
5. Lead as lead sulphate .
Thermochemistry
1. To determine the solubility of benzoic acid at different temperatures and
to determine heat of the dissolution process.
2. To determine the enthalpy of neutralization of a weak acid/weak base
versus strong base/strong acid and determine the enthalpy of ionization of the weak acid/weak base.
3. To determine the enthalpy of solution of solid calcium chloride
and calculate the lattice energy of calcium chloride from its enthalpy data
using Born-Habercycle.
Preparation of organic compounds (Single Step Synthesis)
(i) p-Bromoacetanilide
(ii) p-Nitro acetanilide
(iii) Soap from line seed oil or coconut oil
(iv) Esterification of Benzoic Acid from Ethanol/Methanol

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Skkog DA, West DM Hollar, FJ, Analytical Chemistry: An Introduction 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, Sauders college publishing, Philadelphia (2010)
- 2. Larry Hargis, G Analytical Chemistry: Principles and Techniques Suggestive digital platforms web links
- 4. <a href="https://www.labster.com/chemistry-virtual-labs/">https://www.labster.com/chemistry-virtual-labs/</a>
- **5.** <a href="https://www.vlab.co.in/broad-area-chemical-sciences">https://www.vlab.co.in/broad-area-chemical-sciences</a>
- 6. http://chemcollective.org/vlabs

# B.Sc. Chemistry Honours and Research Semester-VII

## CHE 401F: Molecular Symmetry and Molecular Vibrations

(4+0 Credits)

Course Objectives: Symmetry strictly defines relations between molecular spectra and molecular structure. This paper focuses on the mathematical tools which are necessary to apply symmetry concepts to vibrational spectroscopy.

#### Unit-1

Symmetry elements and symmetry operations with special reference to water and ethane.

Classification of molecules/ ions based on their symmetry properties.

#### Unit-2

Derivation of matrices for rotation, reflection, rotation-reflection and inversion operations, Symmetry point groups applied to all type of molecules ( $C_{nh}$ ,  $D_{nh}$ ,  $C_{nv}$ ,  $T_d$ ,  $O_h$  and  $I_h$ ).

#### Unit-3

Group multiplication basis, matrix representation, character of an operation, orthogonality, character tables, reducible and irreducible representations, groups, subgroups and classes.

#### Unit-4

Symmetry of normal vibrations, determination of normal modes by internal and Cartesian coordinates methods, mixing of internal coordinates in normal modes, selection rules for IR and Raman spectroscopy.

#### Unit-5

Normal coordinate analysis of water and ammonia molecules and their infrared and Raman spectral activity.

#### **Books Recommended:**

- 1. D.M. Bishop, "Group theory and Chemistry" Dover Publications.
- 2. F.A. Cotton, "Chemical Applications of Group Theory", John Wiley, 1971.
- 3. M. Hamaresh, "Group theory and its Applications to Physical Problems" Addison-Wisley
- 4. McWeeny, "Symmetry An Introduction to Group Theory", Pergamon Press.
- 5. Lowell H. Hall "Group Theory and Symmetry in Chemistry", McGraw Hill Book Company, New York, 1969
- 6. K.VeeraReddy, "Symmetry and Spectroscopy of Molecules", New Age International Limited Publisher, New Delhi.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

CO 1: Symmetry elements and symmetry operations covers a wide area of research in theoretical chemistry.

CO 2: Understanding of symmetry of normal vibrations, determination of normal modes, mixing of internal coordinates and normal coordinate analysis of molecules develops the basis of experimental infra red and Raman spectroscopic analysis of molecules and their theoretical calculations via computational programmes.

### CHE 402F: Quantum Chemistry I

(4+0 Credits)

Course Objectives: The objective of the course is to know the application of quantum mechanics in physical models and experiments of chemical systems. It is also called molecular quantum mechanics.

#### Unit-1

#### **Fundamental Concepts:**

- **a.** Operators and algebra of operators, commutators, Linear operators, Vector operators, Laplacian operators, Hermitian operators, Concept of normalization and orthogonality in wave function.
- **b.** Postulates of quantum mechanics.
- **c.** Schrodinger equation and particle in one dimensional and three-dimensional box and degeneracy of states.

#### Unit-2

#### Quantum mechanical treatment:

- a. Quantum mechanical treatment of a harmonic oscillator, One dimensional Harmonic oscillator (Classical and quantum mechanical treatments), Energy levels of harmonic and an-harmonic oscillators.
- b. Quantum mechanical treatment of a rigid rotor
- c. Rigid rotor model of a diatomic molecule, Energy levels of a rigid rotor, Rigid rotor selection rule, A non rigid rotor.

#### Unit 3

### Schrodinger equation for H atom:

Transformation of coordinates, Separation of Variables,  $\phi$ , $\theta$  and R equations and their solutions, Spherical harmonics.

#### Unit 4

#### **Many - Electron Atoms:**

Antisymmetry and Slater determinant for the wave function of ground state of multielectron atom, Self consistent field approximation (Hartree's Theory).

#### Unit 5

#### **Approximation methods:**

The variation method, Perturbation method and First order Perturbation theory.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Quantum Chemistry by Donald A. Macquarrie
- 2. Molecular Quantum Mechanics by P.W. Atkins and R.S. Friedman
- 3. Quantum Chemistry by R. K. Prasad
- 4. Introductory Quantum Chemistry by A. K. Chandra
- 5. Quantum Chemistry by Ira N. Levine
- 6. Physical Chemistry by T. Engel and P. Reid

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- CO 1: Students will be able to grasp fundamental concepts of operators, algebra of operators and quantum mechanical and Schrodinger wave equations for single and multi electron systems.
- CO 2: Real analysis covers a wide area of research in computational chemistry. This course is useful in various completive exams like CSIR-NET, IAS, PCS.

## **CHE 403F: Main Group Elements**

(4+0 Credits)

**Course Objectives:** The paper of main group elements is introduced to M.Sc. classes for the study of s and p block elements of the periodic table. The core objective of this paper is to prepare the students to understand and correlate preparation, structure, bonding and properties of s and p block elements.

#### Unit-1

#### **Stereochemistry of Bonding in Main Group Components:**

 $d\pi$  –  $p\pi$  bonds, Bents rule, Energetics of hybridization

#### Unit-2

#### Preparation, Structure, Bonding and Technical Applications of,

- a. Polyether complexes of alkali and alkaline earth metals
- b. Polyphasphazenes
- c. Thiazyl and its polymers, tetrasulfurdinitride.

#### Unit-3

- a. Structure and bonding of Borane anions
- b. Classification and structures of Silicates

#### Unit-4

#### Synthesis and structure of:

- a. Carbides
- **b.** Polyions of Ge, Sn, Pb, Sb, Bi and Hg

#### Unit-5

- Definition and classification of organometallic compounds on the basis of hapticity and polarity of metal-carbon bond
- b. Preparation, Properties, Structure and Applications of alkyl and aryls of Lithium, Beryllium, Aluminum, Mercury and Tin.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Advance Inorganic Chemistry, 6th Edition, Cotton and Wilkinson
- 2. Inorganic Chemistry, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Principles of Structure and Reactivity by J.F. Huheey, E.A. Keiter and R.L. Keiter, 1993

- 3. Chemistry of Elements by N.N. Greenwood and A. Ernshaw, Butterworths 1997
- 4. Organometallic Chemistry: A Unified Approach by R.C. Mehrotra and A.K. Singh
- 5. Comprehensive Coordination Chemistry Vol.3 by G. Wilkinson, R.D. Gillard, And J.A. McCleverty, Pergamon Press 1987.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- CO 1. Students will be able to demonstrate an intuitive understanding of correlation between electronic configuration and bonding properties of elements.
- CO 2. Chemistry of main group elements covers a wide area of research in inorganic chemistry.

## **CHE 404F:Organic Reaction Mechanism**

(4+0 Credits)

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. Train students to graspbasics of organic reactions- step by step sequence of elementary reactions by which overall chemical change occurs.
- 2. To understand principles of organic reaction mechanism, substitution, elimination, homo- and hetero bond addition reactions.
- 3. To prepare the students for further research in organic chemistry.

#### Unit-1

#### Basic principle of organic reaction mechanism:

Potential energy diagram, methods of determination of organic reaction mechanism and their applications, kinetic isotopic effect and its importance in determination of reaction mechanism.

#### Unit-2

#### **Substitution Reactions:**

- a. **Aromatic electrophilic substitution:** General view, energy profile diagram, arenium ion mechanism (ArSE) of different aromatic electrophilic substitution reactions, ipso-substitution and ortho/para ratio.
- b. **Aromatic nucleophilic substitution:** (ArSN) Addition- elimination and elimination- addition (benzyne) mechanisms,
- c. Aliphatic nucleophilic substitution: Mechanism and stereochemistry of  $S_N^1$ ,  $S_N^2$ ,  $S_N^{'}$  and  $S_N^{i}$  reactions, role of substrate's. Nuleophilic substitution at bridged head carbon atom.

d. **Neighouring group participation (NPG):** Evidence for NGP,participation of sigma., Pi- bonds, halogen, N-atoms and phenyl ring.

#### Unit-3

#### **Elimination reaction:**

 $E_1$ ,  $E_2$  and  $E_1$ cb mechanisms, orientation ( Saytzef's and Hoffmann eliminations), pyrolytic (syn ) elimination, stereochemistry of  $E_2$  reaction, factors affecting  $E_1$ ,  $E_2$  and  $E_1$ cb reactions, Competition between substitution and elimination reactions.

#### Unit-4

#### C=C Bond Addition:

Mechanism and stereochemistry of addition of halogen and halogen acids to alkenes,1,2-hydroxylation, oxymercuration-demercuration, Corey epoxidation and cyclopropanation, Simmon-Smith cyclopropanation and Sharpless asymmetric epoxidation (SAE).

#### Unit-5

#### **C-Hetero multiple Bond addition:**

Mechanism of hydrolysis of ester and amide. Crame's rule. Condensationreaction involving Cannizzaro, Claisenand Knovenagel.

#### **Reference Books:**

- Advanced Organic Chemistry Part. A &B By F. A. Carey and R. J. Sundberg, Plenum Publisher, New York, 2007.
- 2. Advanced Organic Chemistry By J. March, 2007.
- 3. Organic chemistry By J. Clayden, N. Greeves, S. Warren and P. Wothers, Oxford University Press, New York, 2001.

**Course Outcomes:** Organic reaction mechanism is the backbone of classical and applied organic chemistry.

## Semester-VII (Practical)

# CHE 405F: Surface Chemistry, purification and identification of materials (0+4 Credits)

## **Physical Chemistry exercises:**

- 1. Determination of the solubility of benzoic acid in water at different temperatures and calculate the heat of solution
- 2. Determination of the distribution coefficient of benzoic acid between benzene and water
- 3. Determination of the distribution coefficient of acetic acid between benzene and water
- 4. Determination of the distribution coefficient of iodine between carbon tetrachloride and water
- 5. Study the adsorption of acetic acid on charcoal and draw the Freundlich isotherm

#### **Inorganic Chemistry exercises:**

Qualitative analysis of an inorganic mixture of seven radicals including Tl, W, Se, Te, V, Be, U, Ti, Zr, Th, Ce and Li, in addition to the radicals prescribed for the B.Sc. course. Semi-micro analysis is to be done

#### **Organic Chemistry exercises:**

Preparation of organic compounds involving two stages. Emphasis should be given in the following processes:

Purification, distillation under reduced pressure, steam distillation and fractional crystallization.

## **B.Sc. Chemistry Honours**

#### **Semester-VIII**

**CHE 406F: Analytical Chemistry** 

(4+0 Credits)

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To study concepts and theories behind basic methods and techniques used in analytical chemistry. This theory can be used to solve many rigorous problems of universe.
- 2. To prepare the students for further research in analytical methods of chemistry.

#### Unit-1

#### **Electroanalytical Techniques:**

- **a. Conductometric:** Discussion of the nature of the curves of acid-base (including mixtures of acids), precipitation and complexometric titrations
- **b. Potentiometric:** Different types of electrodes, discussion of the nature of the curves for oxidation-reduction and acid-base titrations, comparision with the conductometric method
- c. Voltammetry: Cyclic voltammetry
- **d. Polarography:** Dropping mercury electrode and its advantages, polarographically active species, concept of residual, diffusion and limiting current of half wave potential, Ilkovic equation and factors affecting diffusion current

#### Unit-2

#### **Thermoanalytical Methods:**

- **a. Thermogravimetry:** Apparatus, factors affecting TG, Interpretation of TG curves of  $CaC_2O_4.H_2O$  and  $MgC_2O_4.2H_2O$
- b. Differential Thermal Analysis and Differential Scanning Calorimetry: Apparatus, factors affecting DTA and DSC curves with special reference to heating rate, particle size and packing, measurement of heat of transition, heat of reaction and heat of dehydration of salts and metal hydrates.

#### Unit-3

#### **Radiochemical Methods**

- a. Isotope method
- b. Inverse isotopic dilution
- c. Neutron activation technique

#### Unit-4

#### **Chromatographic Method:**

- a. Gas Chromatography: GLC and GSC
- **b.** HPLC

#### Unit-5

#### **Spectral Methods:**

- a. Nephelometry
- b. Turbidimetry
- **c.** Flame Photometry

#### Reference Books:

- 1. Fundamentals of Analytical Chemistry: D.A. Skoog, D.M. West and F.J. Holler, 1992, 6e
- 2. Quantitative Inorganic Analysis, A.I. Vogel, 2012, 7e
- 3. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis: B.K. Sharma, 2011
- 4. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis: H. Kaur, 2016, 12 e
- 5. Analytical Chemistry, Gary D. Christian, 2007, 6e
- 6. Instrumental Methods of Analysis: H.H. Willard, L.L. Merrit, Jr. J.A. Dean, 1974, 5e

#### **Course Outcomes:**

After studying this course the student will be able to,

- CO 1. Understand the basic of this course and think & develop new ideas and concepts in analytical chemistry
- CO 2. Know about electroanayltical, thermoanalytical, radiochemical, chromatographic and spectral techniques.

#### **CHE 407F: Thermodynamics and Electrochemistry**

(4+0 Credits)

**Course Objectives:** The main objective of the course is to provide fundamentalconcepts of thermodynamics effects and relationships. The course is to give knowledge of comprehensive and rigorous treatment of classical thermodynamics, thermodynamics relations. Explain the concept of partial molar properties fugacity and activity. The course is designed to give an insight of phenomena of electrolytic conductance, reactions in solutions, basic principles of electrical phenomena are important for interfaces and electrode processes.

#### Unit 1

#### a. Some important thermodynamic effects and relationships:

The Joule Thomson's effect, The Gibbs Helmoltz equation and its application, The ClausiusClapeyron equation, The Maxwell's relation.

#### b. Partial molar Properties

Partial molar quantities,(partial molar volume and partial molar Gibbs energy),Chemical potential and variation of chemical potential with temperature and pressure, The Gibbs Duhem equation

#### c. Fugacity and Activity

Fugacity, variation of fugacity with temperature and pressure, Activity and the activity coefficient.

#### Unit 2

#### The Third law Thermodynamics:

The third law, Nernst heat theorem, application of third law, The residual entropy.

#### Unit 3

#### **Electrolytic Conductance of strong electrolytes:**

Debye-Falkenhagen effects, Wein effects the ionic association, effect of ionic strength on rate of ionic reactions.

#### Unit 4

#### Electrical phenomena at interface:

The electrical double layer, electrokinetic phenomena, quantitative treatment of electro osmosis, Electrophoresis and streaming potential.

#### Unit 5

### **Electrode processes:**

Dissolution and deposition potential, decomposition potential and its determination, Concentration Polarization and over voltage(hydrogen overvoltage and oxygen overvoltage), The Limiting current density.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Thermodynamics for Chemists by S.Glasstone.
- 2. An Introduction of Chemical Thermodynamics by R.P.Rastogi and R.R.Mishra.
- 3. Thermodynamics by K.S.Pitzer
- 4. Electrochemistry by S.Glasstone
- 5. Electrochemistry by Potter
- 6. Modern Electrochemistry by Bockris Reddy Vol I&II
- 7. Comprehensive Physical Chemistry by N.B. Singh, S.S. Das and N.S. Gajbhiye, New Age International Publishers.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- CO 1. To understand various thermodynamic relationship, the concept of free energy and partial molar quantities, activity and activity coefficients and determination.
- CO 2. To understand the phenomena of electrolytic conductance. Reactions in solutions.
- CO 3. To understand electrical phenomena at interfaces and electrode processes.
- CO 4. To understand application of electrochemistry in electrolytic processes.

#### **CHE 408F: Transition Elements**

(4+0 Credits)

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. Train students to grasp fundamental chemistry of transition metal elements-group of element whose atom has a partially filled d sub-shell.
- 2. To understand principles of structure, stereochemistry, kinetics and mechanism of transition metal elements.
- 3. To prepare the students for further research in transition metal chemistry.

#### Unit-1

#### **Structures of 2 to 8 Coordinate Metal Complexes:**

Cation-anion ratio in various polyhedral, Hybrid orbitals and preferred conditions of formation of the complexes of following geometries:

- C.N.2 Linear
- C.N.3 Trigonal planar, Trigonal pyramidal
- C.N.4 Tetrahedral, Square planar
- C.N.5 Trigonal bipyramidal, Square pyramidal, pentagonal.
- C.N.6 Octahedral, Trigonal prism
- C.N.7 Pentagonal bipyramidal, Capped octahedral, Capped trigonal prism.
- C.N.8 Cubic, Tetragonal antiprismatic, Dodecahedral, Hexagonal bipyramidal, and Bicapped trigonal prism,

Stereochemical non-rigidity in four to eight coordinate Complexes.

#### Unit-2

**Stereoisomerism** in six coordinate octahedral complexes (Ma3bcd, Ma2bcde, Mabcdef and complexes containing bi-and ter- dentate ligands, Intermolecular and intramolecular rearrangements (Bailar and Ray Dutta twist only), mechanism of racemisation in tris (chelate) octahedral complexes, Methods of resolution of optical isomers.

#### Unit-3

**Kinetics and mechanism** of substitution reactions in octahedral Co (III) and square planar Pt (II) complexes.

#### Unit-4

Mechanism of one electron transfer reactions (inner and outer sphere mechanisms), Factors affecting the rates of direct electron transfer reactions and the Marcus equation, Two electron transfer reactions.

#### Unit-5

#### **Metal Ligand Equilibria in Solution:**

Step wise and overall formation constants and their relations, Factors affecting the stability of metal complexes with reference to the nature of metal ions and ligands, determination of stability constants by pH-metric and spectroscopic methods.

#### **Books Recommended:**

- 1. Inorganic Chemistry, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Principles of Structure and Relativity by J.E. Huheey, E.A. Keiter and R.L. Keiter, 1993
- 2. Chemistry of Elements by N.N. Greenwood and A. Ernshaw, Butterworths, 1997
- 3. Mechanism of Inorganic Reactions; A Study Of Metal Complexes in Solution by F. Bosolo and R.G. Pearson
- 4. Ligand Field Theory And Its Application by B.N. Figgis and M.A. Hitchman, Wiley, NewYork, 2000.

**Course Outcomes:** After studying this course the student will be able to,

- CO 1. Understand the basic of transition metal chemistry and think & develop new ideas in this field.
- CO 2. Know geometries of 2 to 8 coordinate metal complexes, streoisomerism, kinetics and mechanism of substitution reactions in octahedral and square planar complexes.
- CO 3. Understand mechanism of electron transfer reactions and stability of transition metal complexes.
- CO 4. Develop new ideas for further research in the field of coordination chemistry.

#### **CHE 409F: Natural Products**

(4+0 Credits)

**Course Objectives:** Natural product chemistry is branch of chemistry that deals with chemicalcompounds or substances produced by a living organism-that is, found in nature. Natural products can also be prepared by chemicalsynthesis (both semi synthesis and total synthesis) and have played a central role in the development of the field of organic chemistry by providing challenging synthetic targets.

Basic concepts and knowledge of chemistry of natural products are necessary to develop understanding of core organic chemistry i.e. simple to complex organic

structures, organic structural determination, semi-synthetic to total synthetic pathways of organic structures etc.

#### Unit- 1

**Acetogenins**: Classification, general method of structure determination of,

- a. Flavones- Chrysin
- **b.** Flavonols-quercetin
- c. Anthocyanins- Cyanin
- **d.** Anthocyanidins- cyanidin chlorides

#### Unit-2

Terpenoids: Introduction, isolation and general methods of determining structure of,

- a. Monoterpenoids
- i. Acyclic monoterpenoids: Citral and geraniol
- ii. Monocyclic monoterpenoids : α-Terpineol

#### Unit-3

Alkaloids: Introduction and general methods of determining structure of,

- i. Hemlock alkaloid- Coniine
- ii. Pyrrolidine-Pyridine alkaloid- Nicotine
- iii. Chincona alkaloids -Quinine
- iv. Opium alkaloids: Papaverine and Morphine
- v. Rauwolfia alkaloids

#### Unit-4

Carbohydrates: Structure and functions of,

Disaccarides- Lactose, Sucrose

#### Unit-5

#### Biosynthesis of natural products:

- i. The acetate hypothesis, Isoprene rule, mevalonic acid from acetylco-enzyme A,
   biogenesis of terpenoids
- ii. Shikimic acid pathway of biogenesis of aromatic ring
- iii. General biogenesis of alkaloids

#### **Reference Books:**

1. Organic Chemistry, I.L. Finar Vol. I and II, 2000

- 2. Natural Products, S.M. Chawla, 2018
- 3. Biochemistry-Lehninger, 2000
- 4. Biochemistry by L. Stryer, 1995

**Course Outcomes:** After studying this course the student will be able to,

- CO 1. Understand basics of different classes of natural products- Acetogenins, Terpenoids, Alkaloids and Carbohydrates and their general structural determination.
- CO 2. Know about acetate hypothesis, isoprene rule, biogenesis of Terpenoid, aromatic ring (Shikimic acid pathway) and alkaloid.
- CO 3. develop ideas for further research total organic synthesis.

# (Practical) CHE 410F: Chemical Kinetics, separation and identification of binary inorganic / organic materials

(0+4 Credits)

#### **Physical Chemistry exercises:**

- 1. Solubility curve for water-acetic acid-chloroform systems
- 2. Determination of the rate constant of the acid-catalysed hydrolysis of ethyl acetate at laboratory temperature
- 3. Determination of the rate constant of the hydrolysis of ethyl acetate by sodium hydroxide at laboratory temperature
- 4. Conductometric titration between strong acid and strong alkali
- 5. Determination of the dimerization constant of benzoic acid in benzene medium by partition method

#### **Inorganic:**

Either both gravimetric and one volumetric, one gravimetric estimation of two metal ions from following mixtures:

- a. Cu+2 and Ni+2
- b. Cu+2 and Zn+2
- c. Ni<sup>+2</sup> and Zn<sup>+2</sup>
- d. Cu<sup>+2</sup> and Ba<sup>+2</sup>
- e. Cu<sup>+2</sup> and Ag<sup>+</sup>
- f. Fe+2 and Ag+
- g. Ba+2 and Ag+

#### Organic:

Analysis of binary organic mixture (Liquid-Liquid, Liquid-Solid, Solid-Solid)

## **B.Sc. Chemistry Research**

#### **Semester-VIII**

CHE 406F: Analytical Chemistry (4+0 Credits)

### **Course Objectives:**

- To study concepts and theories behind basic methods and techniques used in analytical chemistry. This theory can be used to solve many rigorous problems of universe.
- 2. To prepare the students for further research in analytical methods of chemistry.

#### Unit-1

#### **Electroanalytical Techniques:**

- **a. Conductometric:** Discussion of the nature of the curves of acid-base (including mixtures of acids), precipitation and complexometric titrations
- **b. Potentiometric:** Different types of electrodes, discussion of the nature of the curves for oxidation-reduction and acid-base titrations, comparision with the conductometric method
- c. Voltametry: Cyclic voltametry
- **d. Polarography:** Dropping mercury electrode and its advantages, polarographically active species, concept of residual, diffusion and limiting current of half wave potential, Ilkovic equation and factors affecting diffusion current

#### Unit-2

#### **Thermoanalytical Methods:**

- **a. Thermogravimetry:** Apparatus, factors affecting TG, Interpretation of TG curves of CaC<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>.H<sub>2</sub>O and MgC<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>.2H<sub>2</sub>O
- b. Differential Thermal Analysis and Differential Scanning Calorimetry: Apparatus, factors affecting DTA and DSC curves with special reference to heating rate, particle size and packing, measurement of heat of transition, heat of reaction and heat of dehydration of salts and metal hydrates.

#### Unit-3

#### **Radiochemical Methods**

- a. Isotope method
- b. Inverse isotopic dilution

c. Neutron activation technique

#### Unit-4

#### **Chromatographic Method:**

- a. Gas Chromatography: GLC and GSC
- b. HPLC

#### Unit-5

#### **Spectral Methods:**

- a. Nephelometry
- b. Turbidimetry
- c. Flame Photometry

#### **Reference Books:**

- 7. Fundamentals of Analytical Chemistry: D.A. Skoog, D.M. West and F.J. Holler, 1992, 6e
- 8. Quantitative Inorganic Analysis, A.I. Vogel, 2012, 7e
- 9. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis: B.K. Sharma, 2011
- 10. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis: H. Kaur, 2016, 12 e
- 11. Analytical Chemistry, Gary D. Christian, 2007, 6e
- 12. Instrumental Methods of Analysis: H.H. Willard, L.L. Merrit, Jr. J.A. Dean, 1974, 5e

#### **Course Outcomes:**

After studying this course the student will be able to,

- CO 1. Understand the basic of this course and think & develop new ideas and concepts in analytical chemistry
- CO 2. Know about electroanayltical, thermoanalytical, radiochemical, chromatographic and spectral techniques.

#### **CHE 411F: Chemical Techniques**

(4+0 Credits)

#### Unit I

#### Sampling methods and lab practices

Methods of sampling solids, liquids and gases, good lab practices, lab safety, waste disposal and managements, methods of storing chemicals, solvents and glassware.

#### **Unit II**

#### Introduction to basic non-instrumental laboratory techniques

Sample preparation, solution preparation, gravimetric analysis and volumetric techniques such as complexometric titration and types of EDTA titration.

#### **Unit III**

#### Introduction to basic instrumental laboratory techniques

Use and maintenance of analytical balance, potentiometer, pH meters, conductivity meters, mechanical stirrers, melting point apparatus, water heaters, water deionisers, magnetic stirrers and hot plates etc.

#### Unit IV

#### Fundamental aspects of various spectroscopy techniques

Introduction to UV-Visible, IR, NMR, EPR spectroscopies and Magnetic Measurements.

#### Unit V

#### Fundamental aspects of some analytical techniques

Basic principle, instrumentation and applications of Chromatographic methods, Atomic absorption spectroscopy and Flame photometry.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Willard, H.H., Merritt, L.L., Dean, J.A., Instrumental methods of analysis, CBS Publishers and distributers, Shahdara, Delhi, 1986.
- 2. Vogel, A.I., Tatchell, A.R., Furnis, B.S., Hannaford, A.J., Smith, P.W.G. Vogel's practical organic chemistry, Pearson Education India, 1996.
- 3. Vogel, A.I., Elementary practical organic chemistry: Small scale preparations Part 1, Pearson Education India, 2010.
- 4. Silverstein, R. M., Webster, F.X., Spectrometric identification of organic compounds, John Wiley and Sons, 1997.

## **CHE-412F: Research Project**

### 12 Credits

Under the research project, the student can conduct experiments, engage in review writing, perform lab work, or complete dissertation work related to the syllabus of a particular semester, all under the supervision of the assigned mentor.

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## AECC 01F: ACADEMIC WRITING (Semester I)

#### Unit 1

#### NTRODUCTION TO THE PROCESS OF WRITING

Significance of Vocabulary and language, Types and Tone of Writing - Descriptive,

Persuasive, analytical.

Purposes of writings - Academic communication, Review, Project Proposal

#### Unit 2

#### TOOLS OF WRITING

Understanding of the title, Gathering of materials - Summary,

Paraphrase and Notes - Paragraph formationand division - Structuring a write-up

#### Unit 3

#### WRITING ESSAYS

Forming essays - Addressing questions, addressing issues/topics, - using research - other'swork, review, using quotes.

#### Unit 4

#### ETHICAL ASPECTS OF ACADEMIC WRITING

Style of writing Citation Style- types of citation styles - for books, book chapters and online articles, Understanding of Plagiarism and how to avoid Plagiarism

#### Texbook(s):

- 1. L Lennie Irvin, What is Academic Writing,
- 2. John J Ruszkiewicz and Jay Dolmage, How to Write Anything,
- 3. Gordon Taylor, A Students' Writing Guide: How to Plan and Write Successful Essays,
- $4.\ John\ J\ Ruszkiewicz$  and Jay Dolmage, MLA  $\&\ APA$  documentation and Format from How to Write Anything ,
- 5. F.M. Connel, A Textbook for the Study of Poetry, 2013

## AECC 02F Personality Development and Leadership (Semester II)

#### Unit I

Personality: Concept and Definition, Determinants of personality, Personality traits, Personality characteristics in organizations: Self-evaluation, Self-efficacy, Self-esteem, Self-monitoring: Positive and negative Impact. Organizational Context of Leadership and Personality.

#### Unit II

Leadership: Definition Importance of Leadership and Management, Leader vs Manager, Essential qualities of an effective leader

#### **Unit III**

Types of Leaders: Traditional, Transactional, Transformational, Inspirational and servant leadership, Issues in leadership: Emotional Intelligence and leadership, Trust as a factor, Gender and Leadership.

#### **Unit IV**

Theories of Leadership: Trait theory, Behavioral theories, Contingency theory.

#### **Book Reference:**

- 1. Organisational Behaviour ,M.Parikh and R.Gupta , TataMcGraw Hill Education Private Limited
- 2. Organisational Behavior, D. Nelson, J.C Quick and P. Khandelwal, Cengage Publication.

## AECC 03F Industrial Waste Management (Semester III)

#### Unit 1

Classification, sources and composition of solid, liquid and gaseous wastes, hazardous and non-hazardous wastes, special waste materials.

#### Unit 2

Storage and transport of and collection of industrial wastes.

#### Unit 3

Waste Minimization: Managements of waste, minimization, reuse and recycling, waste utilization and materials recovery.

#### Unit 4

Treatment of waste: Biological treatment, composting, anaerobic digestion, combustion, incineration and landfills, ultimate disposal.

#### Recommended Text Books

- 1. H. S. Peavy, D.R. Rowe and G. Techbanoglous, Environmental Engineering, Mcgraw Hill Books Co., 1985.
- 2. R. A. Corbitt, Started Handbook A Environmental Engineering; Mcgraw Hill New York, 1990.
- 3. A. M. Martin (ed), Bio-conservation of waste Materials to Industrial Products; Elsevier, Amsterdam, 1991.
- 4. O.P. Kharbanda and E. A. Stellworthy, Waste Management- towards a Sustainable Society, Gower, 1990.
- 5. E. Mortensen, Introduction to Solid Waste, Lecture Notes to Graduate Diploma in Environmental Engineering, University College, Ireland, 1990-1993.
- 6. K. L. Zirm, The Management of hazardous Substances in the environment, Applied Science, N.Y.
- 7. R. K. Somasekhar and Mariyengar(ED), Solid Waste Management- Current Status and Stratagies for Future, Allied Publishers, Mumbai2002.

# AECC 04F Occupational Health Management (Semester IV)

## Unit I

Introduction, Classification of occupational health hazards, Storage and Handling of Hazardous Materials, First Aid & Emergency Procedure

**Unit II** Concept of personal protective equipments: types and uses, Threshold limit value, lethal dose and concentration,

## Unit III

Approaches to prevent accident, Role of ILO: ILO Conventions & Recommendations.

#### **Unit IV**

Responsibilities of Government-Social organizations & Public Authorities, Risk Analysis & Risk Management

## Recommended Text Books

- 1. Fundamentals of Industrial Hygiene by B.A. Plog & P. J. Quinlan
- 2. Handbook of Occupational Safety and Health by S. Z. Mansdorf.
- 3. Fundamentals of Occupational Safety and Health by J. Kohn & M. A. Friend

# SECC 01F: Laboratory tools and techniques Semester I

# Unit: 1 Laboratory safety rules and Regulation

Addresses safety protocols, risk assessment, minimizing risks of hazards, chemical handling and storage, Equipment Safety and proper handling, Calibration of glasswares, hazard communication practices in chemical industries.

# Unit: 2 Analytical techniques in Chemistry

Preparation of standard solutions in light of normality, molarity and molality, Theory and application of various analytical instruments commonly used in industry, such as chromatography and spectroscopy.

# **Unit: 3 Chemical Laboratory Management**

Preparation of basic laboratory reagents such as Sodium hydroxide solution, neutral Ferric chloride solution, Ferrous sulphate solution, Iodine solution, Fehling solution, Nessler's reagent, Shiff's reagent etc. Principles of laboratory management including budgeting, equipment maintenance and personnel management, good laboratory practices.

#### **Recommended books:**

- 1. Vogels Text book of Quantitative Chemical Analysis, 5th edition
- 2. Vogels Text book of macro and semimicro qualitative inorganic analysis. G. Svela,  $5^{\rm th}$  edition
- 3. Chemical reagent manual prepared by Chemistry department, SGTB Khalsa college under DBT's Star College Scheme, University of Delhi (Available online)

# SECC 02F: Industrial Processes Semester II

# **Unit: 1 Industrial Chemistry**

Explore the application of chemistry in industrial processes including manufacturing and production. Visit of some industries and corporate offices situated near by Gorakhpur area.

# **Unit: 2 Process Chemistry/ Green Chemistry**

Focus on optimisation and scale up of different chemical processes in industries, emphasizing on ideal process chemical route, its efficiency, greener way to synthesize compound with cost cutting processes.

# Unit: 3 Quality control and Assurance

Principle and practices related to Quality control and Assurance in industries like pharmaceuticals, food and manufacturing. Food laws, food standardization and regulation agencies in India, national standards, international standards.

# **Recommended books:**

- 1. E. Stocchi: Industrial Chemistry, Vol-1, Ellis Horwood Ltd. UK.
- 2. Sharma, B.K. & Gaur H. Industrial Chemistry, Goel Publishing House, Meerut (1996).
- 3. Handbook of analysis and quality control for fruits and vegetable products, S. Ranhganna, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 1986-Food.
- 4. Srilaxmi, Food Science, Edition: 3<sup>rd</sup> (2004). 7.Lillian Hoagland Meyer, Food Chemistry (2008).

# SECC 03F: Environmental studies and Computer application Semester III

## Unit: 1 Environmental impact assessment

Examine the environmental impact of chemical processes, sources of industrial pollution, preventive actions of global warming and green house effects, radiation effects by the uses of cell phones and protection tips

# **Unit: 2 Instrumental analysis**

Calibration, maintenance and troubleshooting of instruments used in industries,

Qualitative and quantitative analysis of compounds, practical applications and
advantages of various equipments used in chemistry practices and industries.

# Unit: 3 Basic computational skill for chemist

Introduction and application of MS Word office, Chem draw, origin software, communication and internet basic of computer network, basic of electronic mail and document handling in E-mail.

# **Recommended books:**

- 1. Environmental pollution, download. Nos.org/333courseE/10.pdf
- 2. Fundamental concepts of applied chemistry J.C. Ghosh, S. Chand and CO, LTD, New Delhi.

# **SYLLABUS**

# FOR THE

# **BACHELOR OF SCIENCE** (4 year)

IN

# **ZOOLOGY**

# FOUR YEAR FULL-TIME PROGRAMME



# DEPARTMENT OF ZOOLOGY FACULTY OF SCIENCE

DEEN DAYAL UPADHYAYA, GORAKHPUR UNIVERSITY,

GORAKHPUR-273009 2024

# PROGRAME: B. Sc. 4 Year ZOOLOGY

Year	Semester	University Code	Paper Title	Theory/Practic al	Course category	Credits	Semester Credit
1	I	ZOO-101F	Cytology, Genetics and Immunology	Theory	Compulsory	4+0	
		ZOO-102F	Cell Biology & Cytogenetics Lab	Practical	Compulsory	0+2	
	п	ZOO-103F	Biochemistry and Physiology	Theory	Compulsory	4+0	12
		ZOO-104F	Physiological, Biochemical & Hematology Lab	Practical	Compulsory	0+2	
		ZOO-201F	Molecular Biology, Bioinstrumentation & Biotechniques	Theory	Compulsory	4+0	
2	ш	ZOO-202F	Bioinstrumentation & Molecular Biology Lab	Practical	Compulsory	0+2	
		ZOO-203F	Gene Technology and Human Welfare	Theory	Compulsory	4+0	12
	IV	ZOO-204F	Genetic Engineering Lab, Genetic Counselling& Telemedicine	Practical	Compulsory	0+2	
		ZOO-301F	Diversity of Non- Chordates, Parasitological and Economic Zoology	Theory	Compulsory	4+0	
	v	ZOO-302F	Diversity of Chordates and Comparative Anatomy	Theory	Compulsory	4+0	
		ZOO-303F	Lab on Virtual Dissection, Anatomy, Economic Zoology and Parasitological	Practical	Compulsory	0+2	
		ZOO-304F	Evolutionary Biology and Developmental Biology	Theory	Compulsory	4+0	20
3	VI	ZOO-305F	Ecology, Ethology, Environmental Science and Wildlife	Theory	Compulsory	4+0	
		ZOO-306F	Lab on Environmental Science, Behavioural Ecology, Developmental Biology, Wildlife, Ethology	Practical	Compulsory	0+2	
		ZOO-401F	Biology of invertebrates	Theory	Compulsory	4+0	
		ZOO-402F	Advances in modern scientific tools and techniques	Theory	Compulsory	4+0	
4	VII	ZOO-403F	Comparative Animal Physiology	Theory	Compulsory	4+0	20
		ZOO-404F ZOO-405 F	Biological Chemistry Practical based on ZOO-401F, ZOO-	Theory Practical	Compulsory Compulsory	4+0 0+4	

		402F, ZOO-403F & ZOO-404F				
	ZOO-406F	Biology of Chordates	Theory	Compulsory	4+0	
	ZOO-407F	Systematics, Biodiversity and its conservation	Theory	Compulsory	4+0	
	ZOO-408F	Molecular genetics	Theory	Compulsory	4+0	
VIII	ZOO-409F	Animal Development	Theory	Compulsory	4+0	20
	ZOO-410F	Practical based on ZOO-406F,ZOO-407F, ZOO-408F & ZOO- 409F	Practical	Compulsory	0+4	

CourseCode:Z	
CourseTitle:C	ytology
Credits:4+0	
Unit	Торіс
I	StructureandFunctionofCellOrganellesI
	<ul> <li>Plasmamembrane:chemicalstructure—lipidsandproteins</li> </ul>
	Endomembrane system: protein targeting and sorting, endocytosis, exocytosis
	Introduction to all national Biologists (Zoologists) who have
	contributed/contributing to Zoological and Life Sciences as a mark o
	tributetoancientandmodernbiologywillbeincludedaspartofthe
	ContinuousInternalEvaluation(CIE)
II	StructureandFunctionofCellOrganellesII
	Cytoskeleton:microtubules,microfilaments,intermediatefilaments
	Mitochondria:Structure,oxidativephosphorylation
	Peroxisomeandribosome:structureandfunction
III	NucleusandChromatinStructure
	Structure and function of nucleus in eukaryotes
	ChemicalstructureandbasecompositionofDNAand RNA
	DNAsupercoiling, chromatinorganization, structure of chromosomes
	TypesofDNAandRNA
IV	Cellcycle, CellDivisionandCell Signaling
	Celldivision:mitosisandmeiosis
	Cellcycleanditsregulation,apoptosis,Signaltransduction:intracellular
	signalingandcellsurfacereceptorsviaG-proteinlinkedreceptors,JAK-
V	STAT pathway  MendelismandSex Determination
V	
	Basicprinciplesofheredity:Mendel'slaws,monohybridanddihybrid crosses
	CompleteandIncompleteDominance,
	Penetranceandexpressivity,
	GenicSex-  Determining Systems Faving and artists and Determination Southern instinction in
	DeterminingSystems,EnvironmentalSexDetermination,SexDetermination in <i>Drosophila</i> , Sex Determination in Humans,
	Sex-linkedcharacteristics and Dosage compensation
VI	ExtensionsofMendelism,GenesandEnvironment
<b>V1</b>	ExtensionsofMendelism:MultipleAlleles,Gene Interaction,
	<ul> <li>CytoplasmicInheritance, GeneticMaternal Effects,</li> </ul>
	GenomicImprinting, Anticipation,
	<ul> <li>Interaction Between Genes and Environment: Environmental Effects on Gene</li> </ul>
	Expression, Inheritance of Continuous Characteristics
VII	HumanChromosomesandPatternsof Inheritance
V 11	Humankaryotype, Chromosomalanomalies: Structural and numerical aberrations
	with examples,
	Pedigreeanalysis

VIII	ImmuneSystemandits Components		
	Historical perspective of Immunology, Innate and Adaptive Immunity,		
	Structure and functions of different classes of immunoglobulins,		
	Hypersensitivity,		
	• Immune system: innate and adaptive immunity, clonal selection, complement		
	system,		
	Humoralimmunityandcellmediatedimmunity,		
	• Immunoglobulin and T-cell receptor genes: organization of Ig gene loci,		
	molecular mechanism of generation of antibody diversity		
	HLAcomplex:organization,classIandIIHLAmolecules,expressionofHLA genes		

CourseCode:ZOO-102F Semester: I					
CourseTitle:Cell	Biology	&CytogeneticsLab			
Credits:0+2					
Unit		Topic			
I	1.	Tostudydifferentcelltypessuchasbuccalepithelialcells,1	neurons, striated muscle cells		
		using Methylene blue.			
	2.	To study the different stages of Mitosis in root tip of onion.			
	3.	To study the different stages of Meiosising rass hopper testing a support of the different stages of Meiosising rass hopper testing and the different stages of Meiosising rass hopper testing rate and the different stages of Meiosising rass hopper testing rate and the different stages of Meiosising rate and the dindividual stages of Meiosising rate and the different stages of M	S.		
	4.	To prepare molecular models of nucleotides, amino ac	eids, dipeptides using bead		
		and stick method.			
	5.	Tocheckthepermeabilityofcellsusingsaltsolutionofdiffe			
II	1.	To study different mammalian blood cell types using Leish and the study different mammalian blood cell types using Leish and the study different mammalian blood cell types using Leish and the study different mammalian blood cell types using Leish and the study different mammalian blood cell types using Leish and the study different mammalian blood cell types using Leish and the study different mammalian blood cell types using Leish and the study different mammalian blood cell types using Leish and the study different mammalian blood cell types using Leish and the study different mammalian blood cell types using Leish and the study different mammalian blood cell types using Leish and the study different mammalian blood cell types using Leish and the study different mammalian blood cell types using Leish and the study different mammalian blood cell types using Leish and the study different mammalian blood cell types using Leish and the study different mammalian blood cell types using the study different mammalian blood cell	manstain.		
	2.	DeterminationofABOBloodgroup			
	3.	Cell counting and via bility test from spleno cytes of farm broken and the contraction of the contraction			
	4.	Enumerationofredbloodcellsandwhitebloodcellsusingl	naemocytometer		
III	1.	Studyofmutantphenotypesof Drosophila.			
	2.	Preparationofpolytenechromosomes.			
	3.	Studyofsexchromatin(Barrbodies)inbuccal smearandh			
	4.	Preparationofhumankaryotypeandstudythechromosom			
	_	number, translocation, deletion etc. from the pictures	provided.		
	5.	Topreparefamilypedigrees.			
IV	Virtua				
	1.	https://www.vlab.co.in			
	2.	https://zoologysan.blogspot.com			
	3.	www.vlab.iitb.ac.in/vlab			
	4.	www.onlinelabs.in			
	5.	www.powershow.com,			
	6.	https://vlab.amrita.edu			
	7.	https://sites.dartmouth.edu			

Course Code:Z	OO-103F Semester: II
CourseTitle: B	iochemistry and Physiology
Credits:4+0	
Unit	Topic
I	StructureandFunctionofBiomolecules
	<ul> <li>StructureandBiologicalimportanceofcarbohydrates(Monosaccharides,</li> </ul>
	Disaccharides, Polysaccharides and Glycoconjugates)
	<ul> <li>Lipids(saturated andunsaturated fatty acids, Tri-acylglycerols, Phospholipids,</li> </ul>
	Glycolipids, Steroids)
	• Structure, Classification and General properties of α-amino acids; Essential and
	non-essential α-amino acids,
	Levels of organization in proteins; Simple and conjugate proteins
II	EnzymeActionand Regulation
	Nomenclature and classification of enzymes; Cofactors; Specificity of enzyme
	action;
	Isozymes;Mechanismofenzyme action;
	• Enzyme kinetics; Factors affecting rate of enzyme-catalyzed reactions;
	Derivation of Michaelis-Menten equation, Concept of Km and Vmax,
	Lineweaver-Burk plot; Enzyme inhibition;
THE STATE OF THE S	Allostericenzymesandtheirkinetics;Regulationofenzyme action
III	MetabolismofCarbohydratesandLipids
	Metabolism of Carbohydrates:glycolysis,citricacidcycle, gluconeogenesis,
	phosphate pentose pathway Glycogenolysis and Glycogenesis
	LipidsBiosynthesisofpalmiticacid; Ketogenesis, β-oxidation and omega-oxidation of
IV	saturated fatty acids with even and odd number of carbon atoms
1 V	MetabolismofProteinsandNucleotides
	Catabolismofaminoacids:Transamination,Deamination,Ureacycle
	Nucleotidesandvitamins     Provinced mitach and rich assignment a make in Opidative phase hambation and its
	<ul> <li>Reviewof mitochondrialrespiratorychain,Oxidativephosphorylation,and its regulation</li> </ul>
V	DigestionandRespiration
v	Structuralorganizationandfunctionsofgastrointestinaltractandassociated glands
	<ul> <li>Mechanicalandchemicaldigestionoffood; Absorptionsofcarbohydrates,</li> </ul>
	lipids, proteins, water, minerals and vitamins;
	Histologyoftracheaandlung,     Machanism of requiretion Pulmonery ventilation Pagniretory valumes and
	Mechanism of respiration, Pulmonary ventilation; Respiratory volumes and corposition.  Transport of avvigen and corpor diavide in blood Respiratory.
	capacities; Transport of oxygen and carbon dioxide in blood,Respiratory pigments,Dissociationcurvesandthefactorsinfluencingit;Controlof
	respiration
	respiration
VI	Circulationand Excretion
'-	Componentsofbloodandtheirfunctions
	Haemostasis:Bloodclottingsystem,
	Bloodgroups: Rhfactor, ABOandMN
	<ul> <li>Structure of mammalian heart, Cardiac cycle; Cardiac output and its regulation,</li> </ul>
	Electrocardiogram, Blood pressure and its regulation
	Structureofkidneyanditsfunctionalunit; Mechanismofurineformation
VII	NervousSystemandEndocrinology
	Structureofneuron, restingmembrane potential
	Originofactionpotentialanditspropagationacrossthemyelinatedand unmyelinated
	nerve fibers
	<ul><li>Typesof synapse</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>Endocrineglands-pineal, pituitary, thyroid, parathyroid, pancreas, adrenal;</li> </ul>
	hormones secreted by them
<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

	Classificationofhormones;MechanismofHormoneaction		
VIII	Muscular System		
	Histologyofdifferenttypesof muscle,		
	Ultrastructureofskeletalmuscle;		
	<ul> <li>Molecularandchemicalbasisofmusclecontraction;</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Characteristicsofmuscletwitch; Motorunit, summation and tetanus</li> </ul>		

CourseCode:Z0	OO-104F Semester: II
CourseTitle:Ph	ysiological,Biochemical&HematologyLab
Credits:2+0	
Unit	Topic
I	EstimationofhaemoglobinusingSahli's haemoglobinometer
	2. Preparationofhaeminandhaemochromogencrystals
	3. Recordingofbloodpressureusingasphygmomanometer
	4. Recordingofbloodglucoselevel byusing glucometer
	5. Preparationofmolecularmodelsofaminoacids,dipeptidesetc.
II	1. StudyofpermanentslidesofMammalianskin,Cartilage,Bone,
	2. Spinal cord, Nerve cell, Pituitary, Pancreas, Testis, Ovary, Adrenal, Thyroid and
	Parathyroid
	3. Recordingofsimplemuscletwitchwithelectricalstimulation(or Virtual)
	4. Demonstrationoftheunconditionedreflexaction(Deeptendonreflexsuchas knee jerk
	reflex)
III	1. Ninhydrintestfor-aminoacids.
	2. Benedict'stestforreducingsugarandiodinetestfor starch.
	3. Testforsugarandacetonein urine.
	4. Qualitativetestsoffunctionalgroupsincarbohydrates, proteins and lipids.
	5. Paperchromatographyofaminoacids.
	6. Actionofsalivaryamylaseunderoptimum conditions
IV	VirtualLabs
	1. https://www.vlab.co.in
	2. https://zoologysan.blogspot.com
	3. www.vlab.iitb.ac.in/vlab
	4. www.onlinelabs.in
	5. www.powershow.com
	6. <a href="https://vlab.amrita.edu">https://vlab.amrita.edu</a>
	7. https://sites.dartmouth.edu

CourseCode:Z	OO-201F Semester: III
CourseTitle:M	olecularBiologyandBioinstrumentation&Biotechniques
Credits:4+0	
Unit	Topic
I	Processof Transcription
	Finestructureof gene
	<ul> <li>RNApolymerases</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Transcriptionfactorsandmachinery</li> </ul>
	Formationofinitiationcomplex
	Initiation, elongation and termination of transcription in prokaryotes and eukaryotes
II	Processof Translation
11	
	TheGeneticcode     Ribosome
	Factorsinvolvedintranslation
	<ul> <li>AminoacylationoftRNA,tRNA-identity,aminoacylTrnasynthetase</li> <li>Initiation,elongationandterminationoftranslationinprokaryotesandeukaryotes</li> </ul>
III	RegulationofGeneExpressionI
111	<u> </u>
	Regulation of gene expression in prokary otes: lacand trpoper on sin E. coli     Regulation of gene expression in pulsary otes: Pela of chromaticing on a
	<ul> <li>Regulationofgeneexpressionineukaryotes:Roleofchromatiningene expression</li> </ul>
	Regulationattranscriptionallevel, Post-transcriptionalmodifications: Capping,
	Splicing, Polyadenylation, RNA editing.
IV	RegulationofGeneExpressionII
1 4	Regulationofgeneexpressionineukaryotes:
	<ul> <li>Regulationattranslationallevel,Post-translationalmodifications:proteinfolding etc.</li> </ul>
	Intracellular protein degradation
	Genesilencing,RNAinterference(RNAi)
V	PrincipleandTypesofMicroscopes
	PrincipleofMicroscopyandApplications
	<ul> <li>TypesofMicroscopes:lightmicroscopy,darkfieldmicroscopy,phase-contrast</li> </ul>
	microscopy,
	Fluorescencemicroscopy,confocalmicroscopy,electronmicroscopy
VI	CentrifugationandChromatography
	Principle of Centrifugation:
	TypesofCentrifuges: highspeedand ultracentrifuge
	• Typesofrotors: Vertical, Swing-out, Fixed-angle etc.
	<ul> <li>PrincipleandTypesofChromatography:paper,thinlayer,columnion-</li> </ul>
	exchange, gel filtration, HPLC, affinity
VII	SpectrophotometryandBiochemicalTechniques
	Colorimetryandspectrophotometry:Beer-lambertlaw,absorptionspectrum
	Biochemicaltechniques:MeasurementofpH,
	Preparationofbuffersandsolutions
	Measurement,applicationsandsafetymeasuresofradio-tracertechniques
VIII	MolecularTechniques
	Nucleic acid fractionation, detection by electrophoresis, DNA sequencing,
	Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR), primer designing, DNA fingerprinting, site
	directed mutagenesis, RFLP
	Molecular cloning, genomic libraries, Gene transfer techniques: electroporation,
	microinjection
	Detection of proteins, PAGE, ELISA, Western blotting,
	Hybridomatechnology

CourseCode:ZC	OO -202F Semester: III
CourseTitle:Bio	instrumentation&MolecularBiologyLab
Credits:0+2	
Unit	Topic
I	<ol> <li>To study the working principle and Simple, Compound and Binocular microscopes.</li> <li>To study the working principle of various lab equipments such as pH Meter. Electronic balance, vortex mixer, use of glass and micropipettes, Laminar flow. Incubator shaker, Waterbath, Centrifuge, Chromatography apparatus, etc.</li> </ol>
II	<ol> <li>Topreparesolutions and buffers.</li> <li>Tolearn the working of Colorimeter and Spectrophotometer.</li> <li>Demonstration of differential centrifugation to fractionate different components in a mixture</li> </ol>
III	<ol> <li>Topreparedilutions of Riboflavinandverifytheprinciple of spectrophotometer.</li> <li>Toidentifydifferentaminoacidsinamixtureusingpaperchromatography.</li> <li>Demonstration of DNA extraction from blood or tissue samples.</li> <li>To estimate amount of DNA using spectrophotometer.</li> </ol>
IV	VirtualLabs  1. www.labinapp.com 2. www.uwlax.edu 3. www.labster.com 4. www.onlinelabs.in 5. www.powershow.in 6. https://vlab.amrita.edu 7. info@premiereducationaltechnologyies.com 8. https://li.wsu.edu

CourseCode:Z	COO-203F Semester: IV			
CourseTitle:GeneTechnologyandHuman Welfare				
Credits:4+0				
Unit	Topic			
I	PrinciplesofGeneManipulation  RecombinantDNATechnology RestrictionEnzymes,DNAmodifyingenzymes,CloningVectors,Ligation Genetransfertechniques,Genetherapy Selectionandidentificationofrecombinantcells			
II	ApplicationsofGeneticEngineering			
III	Enzyme Technology			
IV	DNADiagnostics      Geneticanalysisofhumandiseases,detectionofknownandunknownmutations     DNAfingerprinting     Conceptofpharmacogenomicsandpharmacogenetics     Personalizedmedicine—optimizingdrugtherapy			
V	BiostatisticsI			
VI	BiostatisticsII     Datasummarizing:frequencydistribution,graphical,presentation—bar,pie diagram, histogram,     Testsofsignificance:oneandtwosampletests,t-testandChi-squaretest			
VII	BasicsofComputers  Basics(CPU,I/Ounits)andoperatingsystems, Conceptofhomepagesandwebsites,WorldWideWeb,URLs,usingsearch engines			
VIII	Bioinformatics			

# CourseCode:ZOO-204F Semester: IV CourseTitle:GeneticEngineeringLab,GeneticCounseling& Telemedicine Credits:0+2 Topic Unit Measurethepreandpostclitellarlengthsofearthwormsandcalculatemean, Ι median, mode, standard deviation etc. 2. Measuretheheightandweightofallstudentsintheclassandapplystatistical measures. Toperformbacterialcultureandcalculategenerationtime of bacteria. II 1. 2. TostudyRestrictionenzymedigestionusingteaching kits. TostudyPolymeraseChainReaction(PCR)usingteaching kits. 4. DemonstrationofagarosegelelectrophoresisfordetectionofDNA. 5. Demonstration of Polyacrylamide Gel Electrophoresis (PAGE) for detection of proteins. 6. TocalculatemolecularweightofunknownDNAandproteinfragmentsfromgel pictures. Tolearnthebasicsofcomputerapplications Ш TolearnsequenceanalysisusingBLAST 3. TolearnMultiplesequencealignmentusingCLUSTALW TolearnaboutPhylogeneticanalysisusingtheprogrammePHYLIP. 5. TolearnhowtoperformPrimerdesigningforPCRusingavailablesoftwares etc. IV 1. GelDocumentationSystemhttps://youtu.be/WPpt3-FanNE Colorimeter-https://youtu.be/v4aK6G0bGuU 3. PCRPart1-https://youtu.be/CpGX1UFS14A 4. PCRPart2-https://youtu.be/6IcHAYPTAEw 5. DNAisolationPart1-https://youtu.be/QE7Ul0JnY9A 6. DNAisolationpart2-https://youtu.be/-efr HFeHxM 7. DNAcurve-https://youtu.be/ubL8QxTeuG4 8. Spectrophotometer-https://youtu.be/ubL8OxTeuG4 9. AgarosePart1-https://youtu.be/7gvHPFww--g 10. Agarosepart2-https://youtu.be/j bOZCHNsSg

CourseCode:Z	COO-301F Semester: V			
CourseTitle:DiversityofNon-Chordates,ParasitologyandEconomicZoology				
Credits:4+0				
Unit	Topic			
I	ProtozoatoCoelenterate  • Protozoa-Euglena,MonocystisandParamecium  • Porifera—Sycon  • Coelenterata-ObeliaandAurelia			
II	Ctenophorato Nemathelminthes  • Ctenophora-Salientfeatures  • Platyhelminthes - Fasciola (Liver fluke) and Taenia (Tape worm) Nemathelminthes - Ancylostoma(Hook worm)			
III	AnnelidatoArthropoda  • Annelida-NereisandHirudinaria(Leech)  • Arthropoda-Palaemon(Prawn)andSchistocerca(Locust)			
IV	<ul> <li>MolluscatoHemichordata</li> <li>Mollusca-Lamellidens(Freshwatermussel)andPila</li> <li>Echinodermata-Pentaceros(excludingdevelopment)</li> </ul>			
V	Parasitology  • Structure, life cycle, pathogenicity, including diseases, causes symptoms and control of thefollowingparasitesofdomesticanimalsandhumans: Trypanosoma, Giardia and Wuchereria			
VI	Vectorsandpests  • Lifecycleandtheircontroloffollowingpests:Gundhibug,Sugarcaneleafhopper, Rodents.  Termites and Mosquitoes and their control.			
VII	EconomicZoology-1  • Animalbreedingandculture: Aquaculture, Pisciculture, Poultry			
VIII	EconomicZoology-2  • Sericulture, Apiculture, Lac-culture, Vermiculture			

CourseCode:Z	
	iversityofChordatesandComparativeAnatomy
Credits:4+0	
Unit	Topic
I	OriginofChordates&Hemichordata
	Origin of Chordates.
	<ul> <li>ClassificationofPhylumChordatauptotheOrder.</li> </ul>
	Hemichordata: General characteristics, classification and detailed study of the study of th
	Balanoglossus (Habit and Habitat, Morphology, Anatomy, Physiology and
	Development).
II	CephalochordataandUrochordata
	<ul> <li>Cephalochordata:Generalcharacteristics, classification and detailed study of</li> </ul>
	Branchiostoma(Amphioxus) (Habit and Habitat, Morphology, Anatomy,
	Physiology).
	<ul> <li>Urochordata:Generalcharacteristics, classification and detailed study of</li> </ul>
	Herdmania (Habitand Habitat, Morphology Anatomy, Physiology and Post Embryon
	Development).
III	ClassificationandGeneralCharacteristicsofVertebrates
	<ul> <li>GeneralcharactersandClassificationofdifferentclassesofPiscesandAmphibia up to</li> </ul>
	the order with examples.
	NeotenyandPaedogenesis
IV	ClassificationandGeneralCharacteristicsofVertebrates
	<ul> <li>GeneralcharactersandClassificationofdifferentclassesofReptilia,Avesand</li> </ul>
	Mammalia up to the order with examples.
	<ul> <li>PoisonousandNonPoisonousSnakes,Bitingmechanismof snakes.</li> </ul>
	FlightAdaptationsinBirds
	AdaptiveRadiationsin Eutheria
V	IntegumentarySystem
	Structure, functions and derivatives of integument
	SkeletalSystem
	Overviewofaxialandappendicularskeleton, JawsuspensoriumVisceral arches
VI	DigestiveSystem
	Alimentarycanalandassociated glands
	RespiratorySystem
X 777	Skin,gills,lungsandairsacs;Accessoryrespiratoryorgans
VII	CirculatorySystem
	Generalplanofcirculation, evolution of heart and a ortic arches
	Urinogenital System
VIII	Successionofkidney, Evolutionofurinogenital ducts, Typesof mammalian uteri  Namena Suctemental ducts  Namena Succession (Namena Succession (N
VIII	Nervous System
	Comparative account of brain Autonomic nervous system, Spinal cord, Cranial      The system of
	nerves in mammals
	SenseOrgans  • ClassificationofreceptorsBriefaccountofvisualandauditoryreceptorsinman
	- Classificationoffeceptors Differaccountervisual and additional receptors in main

CourseCode::ZO	O-303F Semester: V
CourseTitle:Labo	nVirtualDissection,Anatomy,EconomicZoologyandParasitology
Credits:0+2	
Unit	Topic
I	Studyofanimalspecimensofvariousanimalphyla.
	2. Topreparepermanentstainedslideofseptalnephridiaof earthworm.
	3. TotakeoutthenerveringofearthwormTotakeouthastateplatefrom <i>Palaemon</i>
II	Studyofanimalspecimensofvariousanimal phyla
	2. Studyonuseandethicalhandlingofmodelorganisms(Mice,rats,rabbit andpig).
	3. Topreparestained/unstainedslideofplacoid scales
	4. Comparativestudyofbonesofdifferentvertebrates
	5. Comparativestudyofhistologicalslidesofdifferenttissuesofvertebrates.
III	1. PermanentPreparationof: Euglena, Paramecium
	2. Study of prepared slides/ specimens of Entamoeba Giardia, Leishmania,
	Trypanosoma,PlasmodiumFasciola,Cotugnia,Taenia,Rallietina,Polystoma
	Schistosoma, Echinococcus, Enterobius, Ascaris and Ancylostoma;
	3. Permanent Preparation of Cimex (bed bug)/ Pediculus(Louse),
	Haematopinus(cattlelouse), freshwaterannelids, arthropods; and soil arthropods, Lar
	valstages of helminths and arthropods
	4. Permanentmountofwings,mouthpartsanddevelopmentalstagesofmosquito and
	house fly
	5. Permanentpreparationofticks/mites,abdominalgillsofaquatidinsectsviz.
	Chironomus larva, dragonfly and mayfly nymphs, preparation of antenna of
	housefly Identification of pests.
	6. Lifehistoryofsilkworm,honeybeeandlacinsect
	7. DifferenttypesofimportantediblefishesofIndia
	8. Slidesofplantnematodes
	9. Studyofanaquaticecosystem, its biotic components and food chain
	10. ProjectReport/modelchartmaking
	11. <b>Dissections</b> :throughmultimedia/ models
	12. Cockroach:Centralnervous system
	13. Wallago: Afferentandefferentbranchialvessels Cranialnerves, Weberian
	ossicles
IV	VirtualLabs
	1. https://www.vlab.co.in
	2. https://zoologysan.blogspot.com
	3. www.vlab.iitb.ac.in/vlab
	4. https://www.vlab.co.in
	5. https://zoologysan.blogspot.com
	6. www.vlab.iitb.ac.in/vlabwww.onlinelabs.in
	7. www.powershow.comhttps://vlab.amrita.edu
	8. https://sites.dartmouth.edu

rseCode:Z	
	volutionaryandDevelopmentalBiology
dits:4+0	
Unit	Topic
I	Theoriesof Evolution
	Originof Life
	Historicalreviewofevolutionaryconcept:Lamarckism,Darwinism(Natural, Sexu
	and Artifical selection)
	Modernsynthetictheoryofevolution
	Patternsofevolution(Divergence,ConvergenceParallel, Coevolution)
II	PopulationGenetics
	<ul> <li>MicroevolutionandMacroevolution:allelefrequencies,genotypefrequencies,</li> </ul>
	HardyWeinbergequilibriumandconditionsforitsmaintenance
	Forcesofevolution:mutation,selection,geneticdrift
III	DirectEvidencesof Evolution
	<ul> <li>Typesoffossils,Incompletenessoffossilrecord,</li> </ul>
	Datingoffossils,Phylogenyofhorse
IV	SpeciesConceptand Extinction
	<ul> <li>Biologicalspeciesconcept(AdvantagesandLimitations);</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Modesofspeciation(Allopatric, Sympatric)</li> </ul>
	Massextinction(Causes, Names of five major extinctions)
V	GameteFertilizationandEarlyDevelopment
	Gametogenesis, Fertilization
	Cleavagepattern
	Gastrulation,fatemaps
	Developmentalmechanicsofcellspecification
	Morphogenesisandcelladhesion
VI	DevelopmentalGenes
	Genesanddevelopment
	Molecularbasisofdevelopment
	Differentialgeneexpression
VII	EarlyVertebrate Development
	<ul> <li>Earlydevelopmentofvertebrates(fish,birds&amp;mammals)</li> </ul>
	Metamorphosis,regenerationandstem cells
	Environmentalregulationofdevelopment
VIII	LateDevelopmentalProcesses
	Thedynamicsoforgandevelopment
	<ul> <li>Developmentofeye,kidney,limb</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Metamorphosis:thehormonalreactivationofdevelopmentinamphibians,insects</li> </ul>
	Regeneration:salamanderlimbs,mammalianliver,Hydras
	Aging:thebiologyof senescence

CourseCode:Z	OO-305F Semester: VI
CourseTitle:E	cology,Ethology,EnvironmentalBiologyandWildlife
Credits:4+0	
Unit	Topic
I	IntroductiontoEcology
	Historyofecology, AutecologyandsynecologyLevelsoforganization, Lawsoflimiting
	factors Study of physical factors
II	Organization of Ecosystem
	• Levelsoforganization, Lawsoflimiting factors Study of physical factors,
	Population: Density, natality, mortality, lifetables, fecundity tables, survivorship      The properties of the state
	curves, age ratio, sex ratio, dispersal and dispersion, Exponential and logistic
	growth,  • Typesofecosystemswithoneexampleindetail,Foodchain:Detritusandgrazing food
	chains, , Food web, Energy flow through the ecosystem
	Ecological pyramids and Ecological efficiencies, Nutrient and biogeochemical
	cycle with one example of Carbon cycle
III	CommunityEcology
	Communitycharacteristics:speciesrichness,dominancediversity,abundance,
	Ecological succession with one example
IV	EnvironmentalHazards
	SourcesofEnvironmentalhazards
	Climate changes
	Greenhousegasesandglobal warming
	Acidrain,Ozonelayerdestruction
V	EffectsofClimateChange
	Effectofclimatechangeonpublichealth
	Sourcesofwaste, types and characteristics. Sewage disposal and its
	management, Solidwastedisposal, Biomedical wastehandling and disposal,
	<ul> <li>Nuclearwastehandlinganddisposal, Wastefromthermalpowerplants,</li> <li>CasehistoriesonBhopalgastragedy, Chernobyldisaster, Sevesodisasterand</li> </ul>
	Three Mile Island accident and their aftermath.
VI	BehaviouralEcologyandChronobiology
V 1	Originandhistoryof Ethology
	Instinctvs.LearntBehaviour
	Associativelearning, classical and operant conditioning, Habituation, Imprinting
	Circadianrhythms; TidalrhythmsandLunarrhythms
	Chronomedicine
VII	IntroductiontoWildLife
	<ul> <li>Valuesofwildlife-positive and negative;</li> </ul>
	• Conservationethics;
	Importance of conservation;
	Causesof depletion;
	Worldconservationstrategies.
VIII	Protectedareas
	<ul> <li>Nationalparks&amp;sanctuaries,</li> </ul>
	Communityreserve;
	Importantfeaturesofprotectedareasin India;
	<ul> <li>Tigerconservation-TigerreservesinIndia;</li> </ul>
	ManagementchallengesinTigerreserve

CourseCode:ZO	O-306F Semester: VI
CourseTitle:Lab	onEcology,EnvironmentalScience,BehavioralEcology&wildlife
Credits:0+2	
Unit	Topic
I	1. Studyoflifetablesandplottingofsurvivorshipcurvesofdifferenttypesfromthe
	hypothetical/real data provided.
	2. Studyofpopulationdynamicsthroughnumericalproblems.
	3. Studyofcircadianfunctionsinhumans(dailyeating,sleepandtemperature
	patterns).
II	ReportonavisittoNationalPark/BiodiversityPark/Wildlifesanctuary
III	1. Demonstrationof basicequipmentneededinwildlifestudiesuse,care and
	maintenance(Compass,Binoculars,Spottingscope,RangeFinders,Global
	Positioning System, Various types of Cameras and lenses)
	2. Familiarization and study of animal evidences in the field; Identification of
	animalsthroughpugmarks,hoofmarks,scats,pelletgroups,nestantlersetc.
	3. Demonstrationofdifferentfieldtechniquesforfloraand fauna
IV	VirtualLabs
	1. https://www.vlab.co.in
	2. https://zoologysan.blogspot.com
	3. www.vlab.iitb.ac.in/vlab

CourseCode:ZOO-401F Semester: VII		
CourseTitle:Biology of Invertebrates		
Credits: 4+0		
Unit	Topics	
I	<ul> <li>Nutrition and reproduction in protozoa;</li> <li>Origin of Metazoa;</li> <li>Organization and Affinities of Porifera;</li> <li>Polymorphism and Colony formation in Cnidaria;</li> <li>Coral reefs.</li> </ul>	
П	<ul> <li>Life cycle patterns in Helminth parasites;</li> <li>Ecology of soil Nematodes;</li> <li>Segmental organs in Annelida;</li> <li>Adaptive Radiation in Annelida.</li> </ul>	
III	<ul> <li>Organization and Affinities of Onychophora;</li> <li>Larval forms in Crustacea;</li> <li>Parasitism in molluscs,</li> <li>Torsion its effect and significance in Gastropods.</li> </ul>	
IV	<ul> <li>Larval forms in Echinodermata;</li> <li>Affinities of Echinodermata and Hemichordata;</li> <li>Brief outlines of the structure and affinities of minor phyla with special reference to Ctenophore, Rotifera, Acanthocephala, Sipunculoidea and Echiuroidea</li> </ul>	

CourseCode:Z	OO-402F Semester: VII	
CourseTitle:Advances in Modern Tools and Techniques		
Credits: 4+0		
Unit	Topics	
I	Principles and uses of analytical Instruments:	
П	Microbial technique:  • Media preparation and Sterilization, • Inoculation and Growth Monitoring, • Use of microbes in Fermentation, • Microbial Assays.	
Ш	<ul> <li>Separation and Identification of Bio-molecules by Chromatography:</li> <li>Paper and thin layer Chromatography,</li> <li>Gel exclusion Chromatography,</li> <li>High performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC),</li> <li>Affinity Chromatography.</li> </ul>	
IV	Electrophoresis techniques: <ul> <li>General principles,</li> <li>Support media;</li> <li>Electrophoresis of proteins and nucleic acid;</li> <li>Capillary Electrophoresis,</li> <li>Principles of Differential and Density centrifugation.</li> </ul>	

CourseCode:ZO	OO-403F Semester: VII
	omparative Animal Physiology
Credits:4+0	
Unit	Topics
I	Modes of nutrition,
	Types of digestion and absorption of food;
	Neurons, Neuroglial cells, irritability, axonal and synaptic transmission
	<ul> <li>Mechanism of conduction and transmission of nerve impulses;</li> </ul>
	Sodium-Potassium ATPase pump, ion channels;
	Nernst equation, ionic basis of resting and spike potential, electrical potential
	Types of synapse and neurotransmitters.
II	Osmotic conformity and role of membranes in ionic regulation
	Stenohaline, Euryhaline animals
	Hypo and Hyper environment and terrestrial life
	General characteristics of stimulus and response reaction
	• Chemoreceptors,
	• photoreceptors,
	• phonoreceptors,
	<ul><li>mechanoreceptors,</li><li>equilibrium reception;</li></ul>
	Respiration: Oxygen and Carbon dioxide transport,
	<ul> <li>factors affecting oxygen dissociation</li> </ul>
	Respiratory adaptation to low oxygen tension,
	regulatory process in respiration.
III	Thermoregulation in animals:
	Temperature relationship in poikilotherms, homeotherms, endotherms and
	heterotherms,
	Thermal acclimatization;
	Circulation: Types of circulation,
	Physiological categories of heart, conduction system,
	• Cardiac cycle,
	<ul> <li>Electrocardiogram;</li> <li>Body fluids, blood coagulation;</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>Body fluids, blood coagulation;</li><li>Hematological abnormalities,</li></ul>
	• Effectors organs;
	<ul> <li>Types of muscles, its composition, mechanism of muscle contraction.</li> </ul>
IV	Pattern of nitrogen excretion in different animals
	Types of excretory products,
	Pattern of excretion,
	, and the second
	Excretory devices in invertebrates and vertebrates;
	Biosynthesis of urea and uric acids;
	<ul> <li>Comparative study of endocrines organs and their hormonal secretion in non-</li> </ul>
	chordates and chordates

Semester: VII	Semester: VII		
CourseTitle:H	CourseTitle:Biological Chemistry		
Credits: 2+0			
Unit	Topics		
I	Chemical equilibrium,		
	• Law of Mass action;		
	Elementary thermodynamic system;		
	<ul> <li>Calculation of free energy change during biological Redox Reactions,</li> </ul>		
	Acid base Reactions		
	Amphoteric, Zwitter ions.		
II	Kinetics of enzyme of reaction:		
	1. Kinetic of Enzyme– Catalyzed reactions,		
	2. Order of enzyme reaction,		
	3. Rate equations,		
	4. Two substrate reactions;		
	5. Temperature Coefficient,		
	6. Activation Energy;		
	• Enzyme Inhibition,		
	<ul> <li>Competitive and Noncompetitive inhibitors;</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Applications of Enzyme Inhibition Techniques in pest control,</li> </ul>		
	Allosteric Enzyme		
III	• Structure and function of:		
	1. Vitamins		
	2. Coenzymes;		
	Aerobic and anaerobic energy production from:  Only 10 (1) (1) (1) (2) (1) (1) (2) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1		
	1. Carbohydrates, (Glycolysis, HMP Shunt)		
	2. Energy production from lipids (Beta oxidation of fatty acids)		
	3. Catabolic breakdown of amino acids, (Deamination, and transamination of		
IV	amino acids (Phenyl alanine, Tryptophan, Aspartate, Proline and Threonine)		
1 1 1	Biosynthesis of:  A wine A side (Planetalania Transferlan A worked Pauline and Thomasia)		
	1. Amino Acids (Phenylalanine, Tryptophan, Aspartate, Proline and Threonine),		
	2. Nucleotides,		
	3. Glycogen		
	4. Urea		
	Immobilized enzymes and their applications.		

	ZOO-405F Semester: VII
	Practicals Based on ZOO-401F, ZOO-402F, ZOO-403F & ZOO-404F
credits:0+4	
Unit	Topics
I	<ul> <li>General characters and classification of the non-chordates phyla (Protozoa to Echinodermata) with the help of museum specimens and slides.</li> <li>Protozoa: Vital staining and staining preparation of Paramecium; Study of cyclosis and trichocysts in Paramecium; Permanent preparation of Ceratium, Noctiluca, Paramecium, Vorticella, Study of prepared slides: Balantidium, Nyctotherus, Opalina. Paramecium conjugation/binary fission, Entamoeba histolytica, Giardia, Trypanosoma, Leishmania, Trichomona.</li> <li>Porifera: Permanent preparation of gemmules, sponging fibres and different kinds of spicules, Study of museum specimen's specimen's specimens/models: Lecuosolania, Sycon, Grantia, Euplectella, Hyalonema, Oscarella, Chondrilla, Chliona, Chalina, Spongilla, Spongia, Hippospongia.</li> <li>Cnidaria and Ctenophora: Study of nematocycsts of Hydra, Permanent preparation of Hydra; Obelia and other hydrozoan colonies and Obelia Medusa; Study of museum specimens/ models: Tubularia, Bongainvillia, Pennaria, Hydractinia, Sertularia, Campanularia, Millepora, Stylaster, Physalia, Porpita, Valella, Aurelia, Rhizostoma, Tubipora, Alcyonium, Gorgonia, Corallium, Pennatula, Zoanthus, Metridium, Adamsia, Cerianthus, Fungia, Madrepora, Cestum.</li> <li>Helminths: Permanent preparation of selected soil and plant nematodes cestode and trematode parasites of cattle and poultry, and different larval stages of liver fluke, Study of museum specimens/ whole mounts: Convoluta, Dugesia, Bipalium, Fasciola, Paramphistomum, Schistosoma, Taenia, Moniezia, Echinococcus, Trichuris, Trichinella, Heterodera, Enterobius, Ascaris, Ancylostoma, Dracuculus, Wuchereria; study of prepared slides: Scolex of tape worm, mature and gravid proglottid of tape worm; Study of cysticercus larva, hydatid cyst, larval stage of Fasciola.</li> <li>Annelida: Study of museum specimens/models: Aphrodite, Tomopteris, Glycera, Chaetopterus, Arenicola, Sabella, Amphirrite, Serpula, Tubifex, Branchiobdella, Eisenia, Metaphire, Placobdella</li></ul>

	<ul> <li>Echinodermata: Study of museums specimen/ models: Astropecten, Asterias, Ophiothrix, Opiura, Echinus, Clypeaster, Echinocardium, Thyone, Holothuria, Antedon; Study of prepared slides: Larvae of echinoderms: Aristotle's lantern.</li> <li>Hemichordate: Study of museum specimens: Balanoglossus, Cephalodiscus: Tornarialarva,</li> <li>Minor phyla: Representative specimens of Onychophora (Peripatus), Sipunculida(Sipunculus), Echiurida (Bonelia)</li> </ul>
II	<ul> <li>Basic principles and Application of:</li> <li>Microtome,</li> <li>Spectro-photometer,</li> <li>Flame photometer,</li> <li>Atomic absorption,</li> <li>Spectrofluorometer-photometer,</li> <li>Paper and thin layer chromatography,</li> <li>Centrifuge.</li> </ul>
III	<ul> <li>Comparative study of total count of erythrocyte and leukocytes of fish bird, and rat.</li> <li>Comparative study of different leukocyte count (DLC) of fish, bird and rat,</li> <li>Colorimetric estimation of hemoglobin content of the blood, Color index and mean corpuscular hemoglobin in fish, bird and rat,</li> <li>Determination of hematocrit in fish, bird and rat,</li> <li>Determination of respiratory rate of rat in relations to size and sex;</li> <li>Determination of respiration rate in fish at different temperatures.</li> </ul>
IV	<ul> <li>Isolation and colorimetric determination of glycogen content of rat liver;</li> <li>Demonstration of effect of epinephrine on the glycogen yield from the liver;</li> <li>Estimation of nucleic acids in testis of rat.</li> <li>Comparative estimation of the protein content and total lipid in fat body of cockroach, liver of fish and rat.</li> <li>Quantitative estimation of total free amino acid in tissues of cockroach and paper chromatographic separation of these amino acids;</li> <li>Kinetic essay of salivary amylase and to study the effects of time, temperature and pH on its activity;</li> <li>Study of effect of substrate concentration on the activity of urease enzyme;</li> <li>Inhibition of cholinesterase activity in the brain of rat organophosphate.</li> </ul>

CourseCode:ZOO-406F Semester: VIII	
CourseTitle:Biology of Chordates	
Credits:4+0	
Unit	Topics
I	<ul> <li>Origin of chordates:</li> <li>Characteristic of Ostractoderms (Cephalaspida, Anaspida, Pteraspida, Coelolepida)</li> <li>Placodermi (Rhenanida, Acanthothoraci, Petalichthyida, Arthrodira, Ptyctodontida, Phyllolepida, Antiarchi, Brindabellaspida);</li> <li>Inter-relationship among Ostracoderms and Placodermis.</li> </ul>
II	<ul> <li>General organization (external characters, endoskeleton alimentary canal, respiratory organ, blood vascular system, sense organs, urinogenital system) of Holocephali;</li> <li>Affinities of Holocephali, Dipnoi and Crosspterygii;</li> <li>Origin of paired fins in teleosts;</li> <li>Origin of tetrapoda from Lung fishes, Bichirs and Crosspterygians.</li> </ul>
III	<ul> <li>Rhynchocephalia,</li> <li>Origin and Evolution of Reptiles (Seymouria, Cotylosaurs, Captorhinomorphs, <i>Diadetomorphs plesiosaurs</i> and Ichthyosaurs, Archosaurs, Saurischia, Bronotosaurs and Diplodocus, Ornithischia)</li> <li>Origin and evolution of Birds (Jurassic birds, Cretaceous birds, Cenozoic birds);</li> <li>Aerodynamics in Birds (modification in skeleton and musculature aspects ratio, take off, gliding and soaring flapping flight, slow and fast flight, perching mechanism, hovering; landing);</li> <li>Origin and evolution of mammals;</li> <li>Diagnostic characters of mammals and reptiles with mammalian features (Seymouriamorph, Captorhynomrph, Theromorphs) Cynognathus,</li> <li>Conversion stage of reptiles in mammals; firstmammals,</li> <li>Adaptive radiation in Eutheria.</li> </ul>
IV	<ul> <li>Comparative study of heart in different classes of vertebrates, e.g. fish, amphibians' reptiles, birds and mammals;</li> <li>Arterial and venous channel in different vertebrate group;</li> <li>Comparative study of urinogenital system in different groups, e.g Amphibians, Reptiles, Birds and Mammals.</li> </ul>

CourseCode:Zo	OO-407F Semester: VIII						
CourseTitle:Sy	stematics, Biodiversity & its Conservation						
Credits:4+0							
Unit	Topics						
I	<ul> <li>Definition and basics concept of biosystematics &amp; Taxonomy: Historical resume of systematic and its importance and application in biology;</li> </ul>						
	<ul> <li>Trends in biosystematics: Concepts of different conventional and newer aspects—</li> <li>Chemotaxonomy,</li> </ul>						
	<ul><li>2. Cytotaxonomy,</li><li>3. Ethotaxonomy,</li></ul>						
	4. Molecular taxonomy,						
	5. DNA fingerprinting & Molecular markers for detection and evaluation of polymorphism,						
	6. RFLP, 7. RAPD,						
	8. Numerical taxonomy.						
II	Dimensions of Speciation and Taxonomic Characters: Types of lineage changes,						
	Production of additional lineage,						
	Species concepts and its categories,						
	Subspecies and infra-specific categories,						
	Theories of biological classification,						
	Hierarchy of categories,  Tayonamia and new tayonamia characters.						
	Taxonomic and non- taxonomic characters.						
III	Procedure in taxonomy:						
	1. Collection,						
	2. Preservation,						
	3. Identification,  4. Different kinds of toward minimum keys, their marits and demonits.						
	4. Different kinds of taxonomic keys, their merits and demerits,  5. Different kinds of Systematic publications						
	<ul> <li>5. Different kinds of Systematic publications,</li> <li>Type of concept – different zoological types,</li> </ul>						
	<ul> <li>Type of concept – different zoological types,</li> <li>Zoological Nomenclature,</li> </ul>						
	<ul> <li>Formation of scientific names of various taxa,</li> </ul>						
	International Code of Zoological Nomenclature (ICZN) –its operative principles,						
	Interpretation and Application of important rules						
IV	Lamarckian theories, Neo- Lamarkism,						
	Darwin's theory of natural selection: merits and demerits,						
	Darwinian and pre-darwinian concepts of evolution: Birth of concept of						
	organic evolution;						
	<ul> <li>Post—Darwinain concepts of evolution: Neo-darwinian concepts and sources of variation.</li> </ul>						
	Gradualistic vs. non-gradualistic theories,						
	Mayr's Founder Principle,						
	Gould's punctuated equilibrium theory,						
	Kimura's neutral theory,						
	Neo–Darwinism's synthetic theory of evolution.						
	Isolation and speciation;						

<ul> <li>Genes in population;</li> <li>Hardy-Weinberg Law,</li> <li>Sewall Wright Effect,</li> <li>Micro evolution, Macro evolution and Mega evolution,</li> <li>Evolution in action</li> </ul>

CourseCode:Zo	OO-408F Semester: VIII						
CourseTitle:M	olecular Genetics						
Credits:4+0							
Unit	Topics						
I	Mendel's Law and their chromosomal basis;						
	Extension of Mendel's principles;						
	Allelic variations and gene function,						
	Incomplete dominance and co- dominance,						
	Gene mutation for allelism,						
	Gene action— from genotype to phenotype						
	Penetrance and Expressivity,						
	Gene interaction,						
	Epistasis Pleiotropy,						
	Interaction of gene.						
II	Chromosomes and gene,						
	Cytoplasmic inheritance,						
	Environment and Heredity,						
	Lethal genes;						
	sex-linked inheritance;						
	Pedigree Analysis,						
	Chromosomal Mapping,						
	Elements of Eugenics, Imprinting of genes,						
	Gene Therapy						
III	<ul> <li>Gene Therapy</li> <li>Sex chromosome,</li> </ul>						
	• Sex determination,						
	Multiple allelism,						
	Numerical and Structural chromosome aberrations and their significance;						
	DNA replication,						
	<ul> <li>Transposable elements in Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes,</li> </ul>						
	Role of transposable elements in genetic regulation						
IV	Microbial Genetics: Bacterial transformation, transduction, conjugation,						
Bacterial chromosome,							
	Bacteriophages,						
	Molecular CytogeneticTechniques (FISH, GISH, DNA Fingerprinting, Flow						
	cytometry and Chromosome painting)						

CourseCode:ZOO-409F Semester: VIII							
CourseTitle:Animal Embryology							
Credits:4+0	Credits:4+0						
Unit	Topics						
I	Basic concepts of Development Biology						
	• Cellular Differentiation,						
	• Signaling,						
	Role of genes in Embryonic Development of <i>Drosophila</i> ,						
	Mutant screening in <i>Drosphila</i> ,						
	Pattern Regulation in Insect- Imaginal Discs;						
	Development Pattern in Zebra fish; chicken and rat,						
	Determination of polarity and symmetry.						
II	Early Embryonic Development of Vertebrates and Invertebrates;						
	Gametogensis,						
	• Structure of the gametes – the sperm and eggs, its types;						
	<ul> <li>Function of Vitellogenins, Yolk and Egg membranes;</li> </ul>						
	Hormonal control of ovulation;						
	Fertilization, mechanism and types, capacitation, acrosome formation, fertilizin						
	and anti-fertilizin reactions,						
	Amphimixis,      Detterms and planes of alcoyogas in different types of animal ages.						
	<ul> <li>Patterns and planes of cleavages in different types of animal eggs,</li> <li>Role Yolk in egg organization.</li> </ul>						
	Role Yolk in egg organization, Morulation and blastulation,						
	<ul><li>Morulation and blastulation,</li><li>Types of blastulas.</li></ul>						
	Types of oldstatus.						
III	Fate maps and cell lineages;						
	Gastrulation;						
	<ul> <li>Axis and germs layers;</li> </ul>						
	Morphogenesis, morphogenetic movement; cell adhesion,						
	Neural tube formation, cell migration, tubulation, exogastrulation delamination						
	• Fate of germinal layers,						
	Notogenesis and mesogenesis;  A via analification in Draggelile.						
	Axis specification in Drosophila;  Antorior Posterior and Dossel Ventral petterning						
	<ul> <li>Anterior –Posterior and Dorsal –Ventral patterning</li> <li>Role of maternal genes;</li> </ul>						
	<ul> <li>Growth and Differentiation its regulation at the level of chromosome;</li> </ul>						
IV	Introduction and organizer concept;						
- ,	Stem cell types and its biomedical application,						
	Tetraogensis, neoplasia, tumerogenesis, allometric growth, nucleocytoplasmic						
	interaction,						
	Regulation of tissue regeneration and gradients in development system in						
	Hydra and an amphibian, transplantation,						
	<ul> <li>Ageing, theories and age-related changes at molecular level, biological ageing</li> </ul>						
	effect of various nutrients and hormones on ageing, cell death,						
	Transgenic animals: methods of formation, gene targeting,						
	<ul> <li>Production and biomedical application of transgenic animals, mosaics,</li> </ul>						
	chimeras and knock out animals,						
	<ul> <li>Metamorphosis in Insect and Amphibians.</li> </ul>						

	ZOO-410F Semester: VIII
	Practical based on ZOO-406F, ZOO-407F, ZOO-408F & ZOO-409F
edits:0+4	
Unit	Topics
I	<ul> <li>General character and Classification of chordate phyla.</li> <li>Urochordata: Study of museum specimens/ whole: Oikopleura, Herdman, Ascidia, Pyrosoma, Doliolum, Salpa.</li> <li>Cephalochordata: Study of museum specimens/ models: Branchiostoma.</li> <li>Cyclostomata: Study of museum specimens /models: Petromyzon, Myxin, Ammocoetelarva.</li> <li>Pisces: Study of museum specimens/ models: Sphyrna (hammer – head shark), Trygon, (string –rays), Pristis, Raja (skate), Torpedo (electric–ray, Chimaera, Polypterus, Acipener, Polydon, Amia, Lepidosteus, Hils Harppodon, Notopterus, Labeo, Catla, Cyprinus, Cirrhina, Heteropneuste, Clarias, Wallago, Mystus, Anguilla, Exocoteus, Hippocampus, Chann, Amphipinous, Anabas, Synaptura, Echeneis, Neoceratodus, Protopteru Lepidosiren; Study of disarticulated bones of carp.</li> <li>Amphibia: Study of museum specimen/models: Ichthyophis, Uraeotyphlic Cryptobrunchus, Ambystoma, Axolotl larva, Salamandra, Amphiuma, Tritura Proteus, Necturus, Siren, Alytes, Bufo, Hyla, Rhacophorus, Study disarticulated bones of Frog.</li> </ul>
II	<ul> <li>Reptilia: Study of museum specimen/models Chelone, Kachua, Sphenodo Hemidactylus, Calotes, Draco, Phrynosoma, Iguana, Heloderma, Varant Ophiosarus, Typhlops, Python, Natrix, Ptyas, Dendrophis, Bungarus, Nag Russlle's viper, Pit viper, Hydrophis, Cerotalus, Crocodilus, Alligate Gavialis, Ichthyosarus, Dimentron, Brontosarus, Tyranosarus, Stegosarus,</li> <li>Study of disarticulated bones of varanus</li> <li>Aves: Study of museum specimens/models: Arhaeopterys, Milvus (Kite), Gy (Vulture), Pavo (Peacock), Columba (Pigeon), Eudynamys(Koe Psittacula(Parrot), Bubo (Owl), Coracias (Nilkanth), Dinopium(Woodpecke House sparrow, Corvus (Crow).</li> <li>Study of disarticulated bones of fowl.</li> <li>Mammals: Study of museum specimens models: Echidna, Ornithorhynchus Erinaceus, Shrew, Pteropus, Bat, Loris, Manis, Hystrix, Funambulus, Ratta Oryctologus or Lepus, Herpestes, Lutra, (otter), Civet cat, Macaca.</li> <li>Study of disarticulated bones of rabbit, Skull of dog.</li> </ul>
Ш	<ul> <li>Study of different stages of mitosis in onion root tip</li> <li>Study of different stages of meiosis in testis of grasshopper or any other insect with the acetocarmine squash method,</li> <li>Study of the salivary gland chromosomes of <i>Drosophila</i> and <i>Chironomus</i>.</li> </ul>

# Experiments on artificial ovulation, insemination Study of the post embryonic stages of frog and insects, Mounting of egg and embryos of snail, Study of hormonal control of amphibian metamorphosis, Incubation and mounting of chick embryos, Study of prepared slides of the embryology of frog, chick and mammals & mammalian placenta, Application of window techniques for in –situ study of chick embryo with special reference to morphogenetic movements, Determination of the effect of temperature on the embryonic development of chick, Study of the development of selected organs through preserved specimen and prepared slides,

Experiments on regeneration in Hydra, Earthworm and Lizard.

# SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSES (SEC)

# Four years Zoology B Sc. honors course

# List of Skill Enhancement Course (SEC) Course Credits: 3+0

S.No.	Course name	Semester	Course code	Credits	Lectures	Max marks
1	Vermiculture	I	SEC Z-1	3	3 lectures/week	100
2	Apiculture	II	SECZ -2	3	3 lectures/week	100
3	Sericulture	III	SEC Z-3	3	3 lectures/week	100

# **Objective of the AEC Courses**

- 1. To provide basic conceptual understanding of skill enhancement.
- 2. To understand approaches of skill development.
- 3. Use skills and knowledge for self employability.

Course Code: S	SEC Z-1	Semester: I				
CourseTitle:Vo	ermiculture 7	Total teachings hrs: 45				
Credits: 3+0	ļī.	Max Marks 100				
Unit	Topics	Topics				
I	<ul> <li>Vermiculture: definition, meaning, history, biology of earthworms, and biology of earthworms' key to identify the species of earthworms.</li> <li>Economic importance, values in maintenance of soil structure, role of four 'r's in recycling (reduce, reuse, recycle and restore).</li> <li>Vermicomposting and vermiculture methods.</li> </ul>					
П	<ul> <li>Local and exotic species of e</li> <li>Complementary activities of</li> <li>Application and significance</li> </ul>	Useful species of earthworms for vermicomposting, Local and exotic species of earthworms, Complementary activities of auto-evaluation; Application and significance of vermicompost in agro-ecosystem, Use of vermiwash as liquid bio-fertilizer.				
III	organic matter.	insformation of the human waste, residues and bio- latter for production of fertilizer (product, qualities), orm.				
IV	<ul> <li>Effect of combination of ver.</li> <li>Role of earthworms in impro</li> <li>Benefits of Vermiculture,</li> </ul>	miwash with biopesticides on crop productivity, ovement of soil fertility,				

Role of vermicomposting in generation of self-employment.

CourseCode: S	SECZ -2 Semester: II
CourseTitle:A	piculture Total teachings hrs: 45
Credits: 3+0	Max Marks 100
Unit	Topics
I	<ul> <li>Introduction to Apiculture - scope, importance, history of beekeeping: Beekeeping in India, South East Asia and world.</li> <li>Origin, systematics and distribution of honey bees,</li> <li>honey bee morphology, anatomy and life cycle,</li> <li>species of honey bee - indigenous, exotic.</li> <li>Study of social behavior of honey bee: attack, bee dance, annual biological cycle of the bee colony</li> <li>Identification of swarming tendency in a colony.</li> </ul>
П	<ul> <li>Tools and equipment,</li> <li>Basic requirements for beekeeping start up,</li> <li>Honey bee keeping methods; Traditional and Modern bee keeping, urban or backyard beekeeping, migration and swarming of bees.</li> <li>Role of Central Honey Bee Research &amp; Training Institute BIS standard Tools used in apiculture,</li> </ul>
III	<ul> <li>Honey - its composition, properties and medicinal use,</li> <li>Honey extraction &amp; handling - Quality control standards,</li> <li>Processing of honey, packaging, storage, marketing</li> <li>Role of apiculture in self-employment</li> </ul>
IV	<ul> <li>Honeybee Enemies and Diseases [with the help of Photographs],</li> <li>enemies: Mites, Wax Moths, Ants, Bee Eaters, Garden Lizards, and Bears.</li> <li>Microbial diseases with special reference to Nosema, Sac brood Virus, Thai sac brood virus, American foul brood, and European foul brood diseases,</li> <li>Prevention and control measures of the diseases.</li> </ul>

Course Code:	SECZ-3	emester: III				
CourseTitle:S	Sericulture T	Total teachings hrs: 45				
Credits: 3+0	N	Max Marks 100				
Unit	Unit Topics					
I	<ul> <li>Origin and history of Sericulture,</li> <li>Introduction of silk and silk worm,</li> <li>Habitat, and life cycle of <i>Bombyx mori</i>, egg, larva, pupa and adult, host pla</li> <li>Morphology of mulberry plant, egg production, development biolog silkworm, rearing of larva and cocoon, equipment; disinfection and hygiene</li> <li>Biochemistry of silk, types of silk produced in India, fibroin structure, and; Importance of mulberry silk.</li> </ul>					
П	<ul> <li>Rearing operations: brushing mounting, spinning, cocoon I</li> <li>Cocoon Production and Silk I</li> <li>Sericulture Economics and E</li> </ul>	Components of Sericulture, Physical and commercial characteristics of cocoons; cocoon sorting, Rearing operations: brushing, young and late-age silkworm rearing, molting, mounting, spinning, cocoon harvesting and marketing. Cocoon Production and Silk Reeling Technology, Sericulture Economics and Extension, Diseases and pests of Mulberry plant, their preventive and control measures.				
Ш	<ul> <li>Cocoon Production and Silk</li> <li>Post Cocoon Technology</li> <li>Sericulture Organization &amp; N</li> <li>Role of state departments of S</li> </ul>	coon stifling Mulberry Physiology and Mulberry breeding and Genetics, coon Production and Silk Reeling Technology, st Cocoon Technology riculture Organization & Management, cle of state departments of Sericulture, Central Silk Board, Universities and GOs in Sericulture development.				
IV	Entrepreneurial Development, and employment generation.					

# Syllabus for

# ABILITY ENHANCEMENT COURSES (AEC)

# Four years Zoology B Sc. honors course

# **Objective of the AEC Courses**

**1.** To provide basic conceptual understanding of ability enhancement. 2. To understand approaches of ability development 3. To build ability to prepare students for self employability

# List of ability Enhancement Course (AEC) 2+0

S.No.	Course name	Semester	Course code	Credits	Lectures	Max marks
1	Biostatistics,	I	AECZ- 1	2	2 lectures/week	100
	bioinformatics and					
	Computer applications					
2	Disaster risk reduction	II	AECZ- 2	2	2 lectures/week	100
	and management					
3	Animal ethics & model	III	AECZ- 3	2	2 lectures/week	100
	organisms					
4	Aquaculture skills	IV	AECZ- 4	2	2 lectures/week	100

# **AECZ-1: Ability enhancement course**

Title: Biostatistics, Computer applications and Bioinformatics Credits 2 total teachings hrs 30 Max marks

100

Unit-I

Concepts of population and sample, need for sampling, census and sample surveys, mean, median, mode, standard error and standard deviation, kurtosis, graphical presentation of data, probability, sample size determination, Multinomial and binomial sampling distributions, confidence intervals, Poisson's, distribution, Chi-squared test, sample t-tests, variance and covariance, correlation and regression analysis

## **Unit-II**

Introduction of Computers, classification of Computers, organization of Computer, Key boards, memory hierarchy, Primary Memory - memory unit, SRAM, DRAM, SDRAM, RDRAM, Flash memory. Secondary storage devices Magnetic Disk, Floppy Disk, Optical Disk, Magnetic Drum, Input Devices, Output Devices, applications of MS-office (MS-Word, MS-excel and Power point).

**Unit III** Introduction to bioinformatics and its relation with molecular biology. Examples of related tools (FASTA, BLAST, BLAT), databases (GENBANK, Pubmed, PDB) and software (RASMOL, Ligand Explorer), applications of bioinformatics.

**Unit IV** Biological Database and its Types, Nucleic acid databases (NCBI, DDBJ, and EMBL). Protein databases (primary, composite, and secondary). Specialized Genome databases: (SGD,

TIGR, and ACeDB). Structure databases (CATH, SCOP, and PDBsum), File Format (Genbank, DDBJ, FASTA, PDB, SwissProt), methods of sequence alignments

## **AECZ- 2: Ability enhancement course**

# Disaster risk reduction and management Credits 2 total teachings hrs 30 Max marks 100

#### **Course Outcomes-**

- 1. To build basic conceptual understanding of disasters.
- 2. To build ability to integrate knowledge and analyze, evaluate and manage the different aspects of disasters at local and global levels within limited available information.
- 3. To describe, analyze and evaluate the environmental, social, cultural, economic, legal and organizational aspects influencing vulnerabilities and capacities to face disasters.
- 4. To work theoretically and practically in the processes of disaster management (disaster risk reduction, response, and recovery) and relate their interconnections.

#### UNIT I

### **Fundamentals of Disaster Management**

Concept of Disaster, Hazard, Vulnerability, Exposure, Capacity, Disaster Management Cycle: Preparedness, Response, Recovery and Mitigation, Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR), Institutional Framework in India.

#### **UNIT II**

#### **Types of Disaster**

Natural Disasters: Earthquake, Flood, Drought, Landslide, Land Subsidence, Cyclones, Volcanoes, Tsunami, Avalanches, Global Climate Extremes.

Anthropogenic Disasters: Nuclear Weapons and Spills, Chemical Weapons and Spills, War and Terrorism, Oil Spills, Forest Fires and Accidents (Transportation, Infrastructure Collapse).

#### **UNIT III**

### **Disaster Preparedness of Disasters**

Dos and Do not's at individual or household levels (before, during and after a disaster) Communication, Coordination, Cooperation during the Emergencies, Community Based First Aid (CBFA), Community Based Disaster Management (CBDM), Importance of Mock Drills.

#### **UNIT IV**

# **Disaster Risk Assessment Techniques**

Risk Identification, Application of Remote Sensing (RS), Geographic Information System (GIS), and Global Positioning System (GPS) in Disaster Management and Risk Assessment.

# **AECZ-3: Ability enhancement course**

## Animal ethics and model organisms Credits 2 total teachings hrs 30 Max marks 100

#### Unit: I.

Animal ethics; experimental health and welfare issues, captivity and animal behavior, rights of animals, physiological and environmental stress. Feeding and breeding Strategies, use of animals in biomedical research according to CPCSEA/IAEC Regulatory Guidelines, animal ethics in laboratory experimental animals, Use of genetically modified animals in experimental research.

#### **Unit II**

Animal handling techniques, tools and techniques, physical and chemical restraint with special reference to euthanasia abiding ethics, basic principles of anesthesia, surgery and post surgical care.

#### **Unit III**

Use of animal models i.e. Zebra Fish, Drosophila, mice and rat models in biomedical research and drug development, safety evaluations, regulatory protocols (before clinical trials), Animal age profile, experimental age, dosage, toxicity, survival and death, Animal welfare Board of India—its role, functions and current status

### **Unit IV**

Use of invertebrate models i.e. fruit fly and eukaryotic nematodes as alternate of vertebrate animals to study various diseases such as cancer. The use of computers in predicting the various biological and toxic effects of a chemical, to reduce the usage of animals, computer-aided drug designs, simulations for identifying the receptor binding site for the potential drug

## **AECZ- 4: Ability enhancement course**

# **AECZ- 4: Aquaculture skills**

Credits 2 total teachings hrs 30

Max marks

100

#### Unit I

Commercially important finfish, freshwater fishes, exotic carps, ornamental fishes, of commercially important shellfish – crabs, prawns and shrimps. Identification of eggs and larval forms of cultivable finfish and shellfish, fish food organisms: collection and identification.

#### **Unit II**

Nutritional requirements of finfish and shellfish viz. carps, cat fishes, shrimp and prawn; major nutrients – carbohydrates, proteins and lipids and their importance, Natural food and live feed culture: methods of collection of live feed organisms; identification, isolation and maintenance of phytoplankton and zooplankton; mass culture of spirulina and azolla, culture of rotifers (Brachionus and Moina) and artemia.

#### **Unit III**

Hatchery design and Management: Criteria for site selection of hatchery and nursery. Design and operation of different types of hatchery systems- hatchery protocols, larval rearing stages, packaging and transport of seed. Breeding and culture of ornamental fish, aquarium design and fabrication.

#### **Unit IV**

Soil and water quality monitoring and management; Hatchery technology for Indian major carps and exotic carps and Catfishes, Induced breeding: Methods of natural and artificial fertilization

# PROPOSED STRUCTURE OF SYLLABUS

Deen Dayal Upadhyaya Gorakhpur University



दीनदयाल उपाध्याय गोरखपुर विश्वविद्यालय

# UG PROGRAMME -BOTANY (FACULTY OF SCIENCE)

**National Education Policy-2020** 

THREE PLUS ONE FRAMEWORK 2024

# **UG Syllabus Specimen Structure Table**

# FRAMEWORK OF THREE PLUS ONE UG PROGRAMME IN BOTANY MAJOR 2024

Year/ Semester	Subject 1 Major 1	Subject 2 Major 2	Subject 3 Minor	SEC Skill enhancement course/ vocational	AEC Ability Enhancement Courses/ CoCurricular	Research project /Dissertation/ /internship/Field work/ Survey	Total credits	Degree and credits
1 <sup>st</sup> year/ I SEM	Botany 6 credits(4+2)	6	6	SEC – 1 (3 CREDITS)	AEC -1 (2 CREDITS)		23	Certificate in Faculty (46 Credits)
1 <sup>st</sup> year/ II SEM	Botany 6 credits(4+2)	6	6	SEC – 2 (3 CREDITS)	AEC -2 (2 CREDITS)		23	
2 <sup>nd</sup> year/ III SEM	Botany 6 credits(4+2)	6	6	SEC – 3 (3 CREDITS)	AEC -3 (2 CREDITS)		23	Diploma in Faculty (96 Credits)
2 <sup>nd</sup> year/ IV SEM	Botany 6 credits(4+2)	6	6		AEC -4 (2 CREDITS)	Any one (3 credits)	23	
3 <sup>rd</sup> year/ V SEM	Botany 10 c,2X4+2	10					20	UG Degree
3 <sup>rd</sup> year/ VI SEM	Botany 10 c,2X4+2	10					20	(132 Credits)
4 <sup>th</sup> year/ VII SEM	Botany 20 c,4X4+4						20	UG Honors (172 credits)
4 <sup>th</sup> year/ VIII SEM	Botany 20 c,4X4+4						20	
OR		For Stude	ents who secu	ıred 75% Marks in F	irst Six Semesters			
4 <sup>th</sup> year/ VII SEM	Botany 20 c,4X4+4						20	UG Honors with Research
4 <sup>th</sup> year/ VIII SEM	Botany 20c,2X4					Research Project (12 Credits)	20	(172 credits)

# PROPOSED COURSE STRUCTURE FOR BOTANY (MAJOR)

		SE TITLES OF THE PAPERS IN B.SC. (BOTA	• /			
YEAR	COURSE CODE	PAPER TITLE	CREDITS			
		CERTIFICATE COURSE				
		Semester-I				
FIRST	BOT 101F	Paper: Plant Biodiversity-I	4+0			
YEAR	BOT 102F	Practical Sem I	0+2			
		Semester-II				
	BOT 103F	Plant Biodiversity-II	4+0			
	BOT 104F	Practical Sem II	0+2			
		DIPLOMA COURSE				
		Semester-III				
CECOND	BOT 201F	Microbiology and Plant Pathology	4+0			
SECOND -	BOT 202F	Practical Sem III	0+2			
YEAR -		Semester-IV	•			
F	BOT 203F	Plant Biochemistry	4+0			
	BOT 204F	Practical Sem IV	0+2			
-	<u>'</u>	BACHELOR OF SCIENCE	•			
		Semester-V				
-	BOT 301F	Cell Biology, Genetics and Molecular Biology	4+0			
	BOT 302F	Plant Physiology	4+0			
THIRD YEAR	BOT 303F	Practical Sem V	0+2			
		Semester-VI	L			
	BOT 304F	Cytogenetics, Biostatistics, Plant Breeding	4+0			
	BOT 305F	Ecology & Environment	4+0			
	BOT 306F	Practical Sem VI	0+2			
FOURTH	BOTANY HONOURS COURSE					
YEAR	Semester-VII					
<u> </u>	BOT 401F	Phytogeography and Plant Resorce Utilization	4+0			
<u> </u>	BOT 402F	Ethnobotany and Pharmacognosy	4+0			
	BOT 403F	Environment Management and Climate Change	4+0			
	BOT 404F	Utilization and Management of Aquatic Algal Resources	4+0			
	BOT 405F	Practical Sem VII	0+4			
		Semester -VIII				
-	BOT 406F	Biofertilizers and Biopesticides	4+0			
	BOT 407F	Nursery and Gardening	4+0			
	BOT 408F	Mushroom Cultivation	4+0			
	BOT 409F	Landscaping Floriculture	4+0			
	BOT 410F	Practical Sem VIII	0+4			
I	OR	BOTANY HONOURS COURSE WITH RESEARCH				
		(For Students who secured 75% Marks in First Six Semesters)				
	<del> </del>	Semester- VII				
	BOT 401F	Phytogeography and Plant Resource Utilization	4+0			
	BOT 402F	Ethnobotany and Pharmacognosy	4+0			
	BOT 403F	Environment Management and Climate Change	4+0			
	BOT 404F	Utilization and Management of Aquatic Algal Resources	4+0			
	BOT 405F	Practical Sem VII	4+0			
		Semester –VIII				
	BOT 411F	Bioinformatics and Computer Application	4+0			
	BOT 412F	Genetic Engineering and Tissue Culture	4+0			
	BOT 413F	Research Project	12			

#### **SUBJECT: BOTANY**

#### **Subject prerequisites:**

- 1. To study Botany, a student must have had the subject Biology/Biotechnology learnt at 10+2 level.
- 2. Keen interest in plants and plant-related research, Potential in mathematics, biology and chemistry
- 3. Skills and aptitude for scientific study and research
- 4. Creativity and good comprehension while working on scientific procedures and research
- 5. Computer aptitude.

#### COURSE INTRODUCTION

The new curriculum of B.Sc. in Science (Botany) offers essential knowledge and technical skills to study plants in a holistic manner. Students would be trained in all areas of plant biology using a unique combination of core, elective and vocational papers with significant inter-disciplinary components.

Students would be exposed to cutting-edge technologies that are currently used in the study of plant life forms, their evolution and interactions with other organisms within the ecosystem. Students would also become aware of the social and environmental significance of plants and their relevance to the national economy.

B.Sc. Botany Programme covers academic activities within the classroom sessions along with practical concepts at laboratory sessions. Infield, outstation activities and projects are also required to be organized for real-life experience and learning. Candidates who have curiosity in plants kingdom, ecosystem, love exploring exotic places and wish to work as researchers or professions like Botanist, Conservationist, Ecologist, etc. can choose B.Sc. Botany course.

#### **Programme outcomes (POs):**

Transformed curriculum shall develop educated outcome-oriented candidature, fostered with discovery-learning, equipped with practice & skills to deal practical problems and versed with recent pedagogical trends in education including e-learning, flipped class and hybrid learning to develop into responsible citizen for nation-building and transforming the country towards the future with their knowledge gained in the field of plant science.

	knowledge gamed in the field of plant science.			
PO 1	CBCS syllabus with a combination of general and specialized education shall introduce the concepts of breadth			
	and depth in learning			
PO2	Shall produce competent plant biologists who can employ and implement their gained knowledge in basic and			
	applied aspects that will profoundly influence the prevailing paradigm of agriculture, industry, healthcare and			
	environment to provide sustainable development.			
PO 3	Will increase the ability of critical thinking, development of scientific attitude, handling of problems and			
	generating solutions, improve practical skills, enhance communication skill, social interaction, increase			
	awareness in judicious use of plant resources by recognizing the ethical value system.			
PO 4	The training provided to the students will make them competent enough for doing jobs in Govt. and private			
	sectors of academia, research and industry along with graduate preparation for national as well as international			
	competitive examinations, especially UGC-CSIR NET, UPSC Civil Services Examination, IFS, NSC, FCI, BSI,			
	FRI etc.			
PO 5	Certificate and diploma courses are framed to generate self- entrepreneurship and self-employability, if multiexit			
	option is opted.			
PO 6	Lifelong learning be achieved by drawing attention to the vast world of knowledge of plants and their			
	domestication.			
	Programme specific outcomes (PSOs):			

#### Programme specific outcomes (PSOs): B.Sc. I Year

This Programme imparts knowledge on various fields of plant biology through teaching, interactions and practical classes. It shall maintain a balance between the traditional botany and modern science for shifting it towards the frontier areas of plant sciences with applied approach. This syllabus has been drafted to enable the learners to prepare them for self-entrepreneurship and employment in various fields including academics as well as competitive exams. Students would gain wide knowledge in following aspects:

- 1. Diversity of lower plants and microbes, their habitat, morphology, architecture and reproduction.
- 2. Diversity of thallophytes, pteridophytes and Gymnosperm
- 3. Economic value of plants and their use in Human Welfare.

This course provides a broad understanding of identifying, growing and using plants. This course is primarily aimed to introduce people to the richness of plant diversity found in surrounding areas. Lecture sessions are designed to cover fundamental topics concerning classification of plants and their utilization required for understanding the flora and vegetation. Practical sessions are organized following theory for easy understanding of the various parts of the plants, structural organization of floral parts and diversity therein. Participants are taken to different locations covering a variety of habitats and forest types to acquaint them with the native flora. in the long run, will contribute towards building momentum for people's participation in environmental conservation without compromising on academic rigor and our rich wealth of knowledge inherited over generations.

1. The course will cover conventional topics in Field Botany like Evolutionary History & Diversity ofplants, Complete

Morphology, Nomenclature of plants, Systems of Classification, Keys toimportant Families of Flowering Plants, Field Data Collection & Herbarium Techniques.

2. The course is designed to become a commercial crop grower, florist, protected cultivator, greenbelt plant advisor to industries, pharmacologist & taxonomist.

# Programme specific outcomes (PSOs): B.Sc. II Year

This Programme imparts knowledge on various fields of plant biology through teaching, interactions and practical classes. It shall maintain a balance between the traditional botany and modern science for shifting it towards the frontier areas of plant sciences with applied approach. This syllabus has been drafted to enable the learners to prepare them for self-entrepreneurship and employment in various fields including academics as well as competitive exams. Students would gain wide knowledge in following aspects:

- 1. Diversity of plants and microbes, their habitat, morphology, architecture and reproduction.
- 2. Plant disease causing microbes, symptoms & control.
- 3. Different aspects of plants Biochemistry and diagnostic techniques

# Programme specific outcomes (PSOs): B.Sc. III Year / Bachelor of Science

The learning outcomes of a three years graduation course are aligned with programme learning outcomes but these are specific to-specific courses offered in a program. The core courses shall be the backbone of this framework whereas discipline electives, generic electives and skill enhancement courses would add academic excellence in the subject together with a multi-dimensional and multidisciplinary approach.

- 1. Understanding of plant classification systematics, evolution, ecology, developmentalbiology, physiology, plant interactions with microbes and insects, morphology, anatomy, reproduction, genetics and molecular biology of various life-forms.
- 2. This course is suitable to produce expertise in conservation biology like ex-situ conservation, response to habitat change, genotype characterization and reproductive biology.
- 3.Understanding of various analytical techniques of plant sciences, use of plants asindustrial resources or as a human livelihood support system and is well versed with the use of transgenic technologies for basic and applied research in plants.
- 4. Understanding of various life forms of plants, morphology, anatomy, reproduction, genetics, microbiology, molecular biology, recombinant DNA technology, transgenic technology and use of bioinformatics tools and databases and the application of statistics to biological data.
- **5.** Entrepreneurship Skill Development, Understand the issues of environmental contexts and sustainable development, Inculcation of human values,
- 6. Strengthen mathematical and computational skills. Enable students to use ICT&AI effectively.
- 7. Develop good skills in the laboratory such as observation and evaluation by the use of modern tools and technology.

Programme specific outcomes (PSOs): B.Sc. IV Year / Botany Hons.

The learning outcomes of afour years graduation course are aligned with programme learning outcomes but these are specific to-specific courses offered in a program. The core courses shall be the backbone of this framework whereas applied courses of relevant thrust areas will enable the students to venture into new vocational areas. The core papers are applied in nature based on basic knowledge gained in earlier semesters. These include use of plants in medicines, in industries, as food, feed, drugs, nutraceuticals. It wil strengthen computational skills of the students as well as introduce them to bioinformatics with better understanding of data analysis in biological sciences. this course enables them to understand environment sustainable goals, environmental ethics and its role in various fields. The course will add additional knowledge towards lake management and a entrepreneurial green house management course.

Year: I	Semester: I		Code: <b>BOT10F</b>			
Paper: Plant Biodiversity-I						
Theory : Core			Гotal Credit: 4+0			

#### Course outcomes:

- 1. Develop understanding about the classification and diversity of different microbes including viruses, Algae, Fungi & Lichens & their economic importance.
- 2. Develop conceptual skill about identifying microbes,pathogens,biofertilizers & lichens Develop critical understanding on morphology, anatomy and reproduction of Bryophytes, Pteridophytes and Gymnosperms

Unit	Topic	No. of Lectures
I	Algae: General characteristics, life cycle and classification, Range of	
	thallus organization in algae, pigment diversity, reserve food	
	materials. Economic importance of algae: role of algae in soil	
	fertility, commercial products from algae-biofuel, phycocolloids	
	and cosmetics.	
II	Reproduction, classification and life cycle of Nostoc, Chlorella,	
	Volvox, Oedogonium, Chara, Sargassum, Ectocarpus, Navicula and	
	Polysiphonia.	
III	Fungi: General characteristics, nutrition, life cycle, economic	
	importance and classification of fungi upto class. Heterothallism,	
	Physiological specialization, heterokaryosis and Parasexuality.	
	Lichens.	
IV	Distinguishing characters of Myxomycota: General characters of	
	Mastigomycotina, Zygomycota: <i>Rhizopus,</i>	
	Ascomycota:Saccharomyces, Penicillium,	
	Peziza.Basidiomycotina:Puccinia, Agaricus;	
	Deuteromycotina:Fusarium, Alternaria.	
V	Bryophytes: General characteristics, adaptations to land habit,	
	Range of thallus organization. Classification (up to family),	
	morphology, anatomy and reproduction of <i>Riccia</i> ,	
	Marchantia, Anthoceros and Sphagnum. (Developmental details not	
	to be included). Economic importance of bryophytes.	
VI	Pteridophytes: General characteristics, Early land plants ( <i>Rhynia</i> ).	
	Classification (up to family) with examples, Heterospory and seed	
	habit, stelar evolution, economic importance of Pteridophytes.	
VII	Gymnosperms: Classification and distribution, Salient features of	
	Cycadales, Ginkgoales, Coniferales and Gnetales, their examples,	
	structure and reproduction; economic importance	
VIII	Palaeobotany: General account of Cycadofilicales, Bennettitales and	
	Cordaitales; Geological time scale; Brief account of process of	
	fossilization & types of fossils and study techniques; Contribution	
	of Birbal Sahni.	

Year: I	Semester: I	Code: <b>E</b>	30T 102F
Practicals		Credits; 0+2	
			No. of
			Lectures
Oscillatoria. Chloroph Oedogonium, Cladoph	algae: Cyanophyceae <i>–Spirullina</i> nyceae - <i>Chlorella, Volvox,</i> nora,and <i>Chara</i> . Xanthophyceae - a. Phaeophyceae <i>– Sargassum,</i> Rh	- <i>Vaucheria.</i> Ba	cillariophyceae
Keratinophilic. 2. Identification of fur Saccharomyces, Penic Alternaria. 3. Agaricus: Specimer of Agaricus Lichens:	Isolation of different fungi: Sapringi by lactophenol cotton blue millium, Peziza, Ustilago, Puccinia; as of button stage and fullgrown crustose, foliose and fruticose sp	ethod. <i>Rhizopu</i> Fusarium,Curv mushroom; Se pecimens.	us, vularia, ctioning of gills
thallus through Gemmantheridiophore, archaracter Sphagnum-morphology spores (temporary slabeads, L.S. capsule and Pteridophytes:Lycoporhizophore T. S, stemand microsporophyll	tia- morphology of thallus, W.M. ma cup, W.M. gemmae (all tempo negoniophore, L.S. sporophyte (all gy, W.M. leaf, rhizoids, operculuides); permanent slides showing ad protonema.  Todium: Habit, stem T. S. stobilus of the control of	orary slides), V. All permanent s m, peristome, a g antheridial an W. S., Selaginella strobilus, Mega	S. slides). annulus, ad archegonial a: Habit, sporophyll
strobilus. <i>Marsilea</i> and <i>Azolla</i> –  Gymnosperms :	Habitat & its structure		
1. <i>Cycas</i> – seedling, comicro and megaspore of ovule. <i>Pinus</i> - Brand	oralloid root and coralloid root Tophyll, male cone V. S., microspoch of indefinite growth, spur shows. S. of stem, male and female cone	rophyll T. S. en ot, T. S of old st	tire and V. S. em and
2. Ephedra, Gnetum a S, male and female	and Ginkgo &Thuja: Habit, stem Testrobilus, V. S. of male and fema		=
2. Visit Birbal Sahni I scientists to learn fos	nia and fossils gymnosperms & on the contract of Palaeosciences or virt	ual conference	
Commercial Uses and 1. <i>Azolla</i> production 2. Production techn 3. Production and p	l Production technology	-	
landscaping. 4. Lab method for	qualitative testing/ extraction of E	phedrine ,Taxo	l and <i>Thuj</i> a oil.

Year: I	Semes	ter: II	Code: <b>BOT103F</b>	
Paper: Plant Biodiversity-II				
Theory Core		_	Credits: 4+0	

#### Course outcomes:

- Understand morphology, anatomy, reproduction and developmental changes therein through typological study and
- o create a knowledge base in understanding the basis of plant diversity, economic values & taxonomy of plants Understand the details of external and internal structures of flowering plant
- $\circ$   $\,$  To gain an understanding of the history and concepts underlying various approaches to plant taxonomy and classification.
- To learn the major patterns of diversity among plants, and the characters and types of data used to classify plants. To compare the different approaches to classification with regard to the analysis of data.
- To become familiar with major taxa and their identifying characteristics, and to develop in depth knowledge of the current taxonomy of a major plant family.
- To discover and use diverse taxonomic resources, reference materials, herbarium collections, publications.

Unit	Topic	No. of
	T .	Lectures
I	Angiosperm Morphology(Stem, Roots, Leaves & Flowers, Inflorescence) Morphology and modifications of roots; stem, leaf and bud. Types of inflorescences; flowers, flower parts, fruits and types of placentation; Definition and types of seeds.	
II	Plant Anatomy: Meristematic and permanent tissues, Organs (root, stem and leaf). Apical meristems & theories on apical organization - Apical cell theory, Histogen theory, Tunica -Corpus theory. Secondary growth - Root and stem- cambium (structure and function) annular rings, Anomalous secondary growth - <i>Bignonia, Boerhaavia, Dracaena,Nyctanthes</i>	
III	Reproductive Botany: Plant Embryology, Structure of microsporangium, microsporogenesis, Structure of megasporangium and its types, megasporogenesis, Structure and types of female gametophyte, types of pollination, Methods of pollination, Germination of pollen grain, structure of male gametophyte, Fertilization, structure of dicot and monocot embryo, Endosperm, Double fertilization, Apomixis and polyembryony.	
IV	Palynology: Pollen structure, pollen morphology, pollen allergy, Applied Palynology: Basic concepts, Palaeopalynology, Aeropalynology, Forensic palynology, Role in taxonomic evidences.	
V	Taxonomic Resources & Nomenclature Components of taxonomy (identification, nomenclature, classification) ; Taxonomic resources: Herbarium- functions & important herbaria, Botanical gardens, Flora, Keys- single access and multi-access. Principles and rules of Botanical Nomenclature according to ICN (ranks and names; principle of priority, binomial system; type method, author citation, valid-publication). Types of classification:	

	Artificial, natural and phylogenetic. Bentham and Hooker (upto series), Engler and Prantl (upto series) angiosperm phylogeny group (APG IV) classification.					
VI	families with emphasi economic importance system) Ranunculacea Myrtaceae, Cucurbitad	tion of Angiospermic families -I: A study of the following with emphasis on the morphological peculiarities and importance of its members (based on Bentham & Hooker's Ranunculaceae, Papaveraceae, Malvaceae, Rutaceae, Fabaceae, e, Cucurbitaceae, Rubiaceae, Asteraceae, Apocynaceae, eae, Asclepiadaceae, Solanaceae.				
VII	Identification of Angiospermic families -II: A study of the following families with emphasis on the morphological peculiarities and economic importance of its members (based on Bentham & Hooker's system)-Amaranthaceae, Euphorbiaceae, Apiaceae, Lamiaceae, Orchidaceae, Liliaceae, Musaceae, Poaceae.					
VIII	Modern trends in Plant taxonomy: Brief idea on Phenetics, Biometrics, Cladistics (Monophyletic, polyphyletic and paraphyletic groups; Plesiomorphy and apomorphy). TOOLS & SOFTWARES IN PLANT IDENTIFICATION: GIS (i) Patterns(ii) Features (iii) Quantities Digital Taxonomy (e-flora), Description Language for taxonomy – DELTA,internet directory for botany.					
	Year: I	Semes	ster: II	Code: <b>BO</b>	T104F	
	Practicals			Credits: 0+2		
				No	o. of Lectures	

# Angiosperm Morphology

- 1. To study diversity in leaf shape, size and other foliar features.
- 2. To study monopodial and sympodial branching.
- 3. Morphology of Fruits
- 4. Inflorescence types- study from fresh/ preserved specimens
- 5. Flowers- study of different types from fresh/ preserved specimens
- 6. Fruits- study from different types from fresh/preserved specimens
- 7. Study of ovules (permanent slides/ specimens/photographs)- types (anatropous, orthotropous, amphitropous and campylotropous)
- 8. Modifications in Roots, stems, leaves and inflorescences

#### Plant Anatomy:

Normal & Anomalous secondary thickening - *Bignonia, Dracaena, Boerhaavia diffusa, Nyctanthes* 

Study of primary and secondary growth in the root and stem of monocots and dicots by section cutting and permanent slides. Study of internal structure of dicot and monocot leaves. Study of structure of stomata.

#### Reproductive Botany

- 1. Structure of anther, microsporogenesis and pollen grains
- 2. Structure of ovule and embryo sac development (through slides).
- 3. Study of embryo development in monocots and dicots.
- 4. Vegetative propagation by means of cutting, budding and grafting exercises.
- 5. Study of seed germination.
- 6. Study of pollen morphology of the following plants –*Hibiscus, Vinca, Balsam, Ixora, Crotalaria, Bougainvillea* by microscopic observation.

Calculation of pollen viability percentage using in vitro pollen germination techn

Herbarium: Plant collecting, Preservation and Documentation: Stepwise Practicing Herbarium techniques: (a) FIELD EQUIPMENTS, Global Positioning System (GPS) instrument & Collection of any wild 25 plant specimens(b)Learn to handle Herbarium making tools (c) Pressing and

Drying of collected plant specimens (d) Special treatments for all varied groups of plants (e) Mount on standard herbarium sheets (f) Label them using Standard method (g) Organize them and give Index Register Number

Taxonomic Identification using plant structure

Classify 25 plants on the basis of Taxonomic description (Plant Morphology, Anatomy, Reproductive parts, Habit, adaptation anomalies) according to Bentham and Hooker natural system of classification in the following families: Malvaceae, Fabaceae (Papilionaceae), Solanaceae, Scrophulariaceae, Acanthaceae, Labiatae (Lamiaceae), Rubiaceae.

Identification during excursions: (a) Conducting Spot identification (Binomial, Family) of common wild plants from families included in the theoretical syllabus (list to be provided) and making FIELD NOTE BOOK and filling Sample of a page of field-book, used in Botanical Survey of India.

Botanical Nomenclature & reporting Method:

- (a) Give nomenclature to collected plants as per ICN rules and prepare labels as per BSI
- (b) Author Citation, Effective Publication and Principle of Priority: To show a specimen paper on Basic structure of a taxonomic Research published on a new species in taxonomic journal

Year: II	Year: II Code: BOT					
Pap	Paper: Microbiology and Plant Pathology					
Theory Core		Credits 4+0				

#### Course outcomes:

- $1. \qquad \text{Develop understanding about the classification and diversity of bacteria their economic importance.} \\$
- 2. Develop conceptual skill about identifying microbes,pathogens,
- 3. Gain knowledge about developing commercial enterprise of microbial products.
- 4. Learn host –pathogen relationship and disease management.
- 5. use of microbes in industries

Unit	Topic	No. of Lectures
I	Viruses: general characteristics, viral culture, Structure of viruses,	
	Bacteriophages, Structure of T4 &, λ-phage; Lytic and Lysogenic	
	cycles, viroid, Prions & mycoplasma& phytoplasma, Actinomycetes	
	& plasmids and their economic uses.	
II	Bacteria: Cell structure of Eukaryotic and prokaryotic cells, Gram	
	positive and Gram-negative bacteria, Structure of a bacteria;	
	Bacterial Chemotaxis, Bacterial Growth curve, factors affecting	
	growth of microbes; measurement of growth; Batch culture,	
	Synchronous growth of microbes; Sporulation and recombination	
***	in bacteria.	
III	Food Microbiology: Food spoilage, food preservation, fermented	
17.7	foods, food borne pathogens, single cell protein (SCP)	
IV	Agricultural Microbiology: biofertilizers, biopesticides, biological	
	nitrogen fixation by algae and bacteria and Plant Growth	
	Promoting Rhizobacteria (PGPR), Mass production of bacterial	
17	biofertilizers, blue green algae, <i>Azolla</i> and <i>mycorrhiza</i> .	
V	Industrial Microbiology: Production of antibiotics, enzymes,	
	alcoholic beverages and organic acids.	
VI	Water Microbiology: Microbiology of water, water born diseases,	
	water purification, waste water and sewage disposal,	
	bioremediation	
VII	Plant Pathology	
	Disease concept, Symptoms, Etiology & causal complex, Primary	
	and secondary inoculums, Infection, Pathogenicity and	
	pathogenesis, Koch's Postulates. Mechanism of infection, Disease	
	cycle (monocyclic, polycyclic and polyetic). Phytoimmunology	
	(plant defense mechanism)	
VIII	Diseases and Control	
	Symptoms, Causal organism, Disease cycle and Control measures of	
	-Late Blight of Potato, False Smut of Rice/ Brown spot of rice and	

'White rust of Crucifers, Red Rot of Sugarcane, Wilting of Arhar, Mosaic diseases on tobacco and cucumber, yellow vein mosaic of bhindi; Citrus Canker, Little leaf of brinjal; Damping off of seedlings, Disease management: Quarantine, Chemical, Biological, Integrated pest disease management, fungicides- Bordeaux mixture, Lime Sulphur, Tobacco decoction, Neem cake & oil.

Year: II	Semester: III	Code:BOT202F
Practicals		Credits 0+2
	,	No. of Lectures
Staining tech Cultural cha Pure cultural Biochemical Mannitol mo test, Catalasa Isolation of relegumes.  Enumeration Isolation of Ar Microscopic o Isolation of P Isolation of P Isolation of P Wine product Isolation of lip Immobilized R Enzyme product Isolation of ce Isolation of ce Isolation of ce Isolation of ce Isolation of Visit to NBA Technology), Visit to biofer operation pro Alcohol product	nof bacteria. Iniques: Gram's, Negative, Endo racteristics of bacteria on NA. It techniques (Types of streaking characterization:IMViC, Carboh otility test, Gelatin liquefaction to tetest, Oxidase test. Introgen fixing bacteria from roo of rhizosphere to non rhizosphe otagonistic Pseudomonas from s bservations of root colonization cospirillum sp. from the roots of hyllosphere microflora. solubilizing microorganisms. ion. otic acid bacteria from curd. olytic organisms from butter or ocaterial cells for production of luction and assay – cellulase, pro on of yeast. llulolytic and anaerobic sulphat characterization of acidophili Spirulina, & Chlorella in lab for IM, Mau, Varanasi(Kashi)/ IM Chandigarh for viewing Culture I ctilizers and biopesticides unit	spore, Capsule and Cell Wall.  ).  ydrate fermentation test, est, Urease test, Nitrate reduction of nodules of re population of bacteria. oil. by VAM fungi. grasses.  cheese. hydrolytic enzymes. tease and amylase. e reducing bacteria. c, alkalophilic and halophilic piofuel. TECH (Institute of Microbial Repository.
Plant Pathology	f fungal media (PDA) &Sterilizat	ion process
<u> </u>	i tungai media (PDA) &Sterilizai ithogen from diseased leaf.	ion process.
• Isolation of pa	unogen nom uiseaseu ieai.	

Identification: Pathological specimens of Brown spot of rice, Bacterial blight of rice, Loose smut of wheat, Stem rot of mustard, Late blight of potato; Slides of uredial, telial, pycnial& aecial stages of *Puccinia*, Few viral and bacterial plant diseases.

Year: II	Semester: IV	Code: BOT 203F			
	Paper: Plant Biochemistry				
Theory core		Credits: 4+0			

#### Course outcomes:

After the completion of the course the students will be able to:

- 1. different aspects of Biochemistry
- 2. Learn basic biomolecules, structure, physiological functions
- 3. Assimilate Knowledge about Biochemical constitution of plant diversity.

4.learn about secondary metabolites and various biochemical techniques

	earn about secondary metabonites and various biochemical techniques					
Unit	Topic	No. of				
		Lectures				
I	Carbohydrates: Nomenclature and classification; Role of					
	monosaccharides (glucose, fructose, sugar alcohols - mannitol);					
	Disaccharides (sucrose, lactose), Oligosaccharides and					
	polysaccharides (structural-cellulose, hemicelluloses, pectin,; storage					
	- starch, inulin).					
II	Lipids: Storage lipids, fatty acids- structure and functions, Structural					
	lipids (Membrane lipids): Phosphoglycerides, Shingolipids, sterols.					
III	Proteins: Structure of amino acids; Peptide bonds; Levels of protein					
	structure-primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary; Isoelectric					
	point; Protein denaturation and biological roles of proteins.					
IV	Nucleic acids: Structure of nitrogenous bases; Structure and function					
	of nucleic acids, Nucleic acid denaturation and re-naturation.					
V	Enzymes: Structure of enzyme: holoenzyme, apoenzyme, cofactors,					
	coenzymes and prosthetic group; mechanism of action (activation					
	energy, lock and key hypothesis, induced- fit theory),					
VI	Enzyme inhibition- irreversible and reversible inhibition					
	(competitive, non-competitive, and uncompetitive inhibition),					
	factors affecting enzyme activity, Allosteric enzymes, and					
	cooperativity effect in allosteric proteins.					
VII	Secondary Metabolites: Structure and functions of terpenes, phenolics					
	and alkaloids. Industrial utilization of secondary metabolites.					
VIII	Biochemical techniques: different types of chromatographic					
	techniques, based on ion exchange and affinity, electrophoresis,					
	isoelectric focusing, MALDI-TOF, Western blot, SDS-					
	PAGE, centrifugation, spectrophotometry and protein					
	sequencing.					
	Sequeneing.					

Year: II	Year: II Semester: IV Cod		e: BOT 204F	
Practicals			Credits :0+	-2
				No. of Lectures
Techniques for bioche	mical analysis			
1. Weighing and	Preparation of so	lutions -percent	age, molar	
& normal solut	tions, dilution fro	m stock solution	etc.	
2. Separation of a	ımino acids by pa	per chromatogr	aphy.	
	alysis of carbohy	drates,		
•				
6. Qualitative Ana				
	7. Qualitative analysis of Amino acids and Proteins			
_	nalysis of Nucleid			
1	The state of the s			
1	antioxidants, Testing of adulterants in food items.			
A basic ide chromatogra	a of chromatog phy and col on of column chro	raphy: Principl lumn chromat		

Year: III	Semester: V	Code: BOT 301F			
Paper-I: Cell Biology, Genetics and Molecular Biology					
Theory core		Credits: 4+0			

#### Course Outcome:

- 1. various aspects of cell and cellular organization, chromosomes
- 2. concepts of mendel principles of genetics and inheritance
- 2. Understand nucleic acids, organization of DNA in prokaryotes and Eukaryotes, DNA replication mechanism, genetic code and transcription process.
- 3. Know about Processing and modification of RNA and translation process, function and regulation of expression.

Unit	Topic	No. of Lectures
I	Cell biology	
	Structure and function of cell wall, plasma membrane, ribosomes,	
	Endoplasmic reticulum, golgi apparatus, mitochondria,	
	chloroplast, lysosomes, peroxisomes and cell inclusions -	
	Organization of nucleus: nuclear envelope, nucleoplasm and	
	nucleolus.	
II	Chromosomal nomenclature- chromatids, centromere, telomere,	
	satellite, secondary constriction. Organization of chromosomes-	
	Nucleic acid and histones- types and classification.	
III	Lampbrush chromosomes and polytene chromosomes- Karyotype	
	and idiogram.Cell cycle: G0, G1, S and G2 phases – mitosis, amitosis	
	and meiosis. Cyclin-dependent protein kinases (only brief introduction)	
IV	Genetics	
l V	Mendel's principles of genetics, chromosome theory of inheritance,	
	crossing over and linkage; Incomplete dominance and	
	codominance; Interaction of genes; Extra-nuclear Inheritance, Sex	
	chromosomes and Sex determination in plants.	
V	Molecular Biology	
	Miescher to Watson and Crick- historic perspective, Griffith's and	
	Avery's transformation experiments, Hershey-Chase, bacteriophage	
	experiment, DNA structure, types of DNA, types of genetic material.	
VI	DNA replication in prokaryotes and eukaryotes, Ø (theta) mode of	
	replication, replication of linear, dsDNA, replicating the 5'end of	
	linear chromosome including replication enzymes.	
VII	Types of structures of RNA (mRNA, tRNA, rRNA), RNA	
	polymerase- various types; Translation, (Prokaryotes and	
	eukaryotes), genetic code. Regulation of gene expression in	
	Prokaryotes: <i>lac</i> operon; and in eukaryotes.	

VIII	Blotting techniques: Northern and Southern blotting, DNA	
	fingerprinting; Molecular DNA markers i.e. RAPD, RFLP, SNPs; DNA	
	sequencing, PCR and Reverse Transcriptase-PCR.	

Year: III		Semes	ster: V	Code:	BOT 302F
	Paper-II: Plant Physiology				
	Theory core Credits: 4+0				
Course	Course Outcome:				
After th	ne completion of the cou				
	1. various plant physiological processes				
	2. Plant nutrition and	-			
	3. Respiration and ph	•			
TT . **	4. Plant hormones an		lobiology		N. CI.al
Unit	Dlant maker maleties	Topic		J:CC:	No. of Lectures
I	Plant water relation: and osmosis, water p	-	-		
	and its significance; Fa		<u> </u>	-	
	and its significance, is	actors affecting t	ranspiration, Ro	ot pressure	
II	Mineral Nutrition: Cr	riteria of essent	iality of elemen	its: Role of	
	essential elements; Sy		•		
	Transport of ions a	-	•	•	
	transport. Nitrogen as	similation.			
III	Translocation in phloem:, Composition of phloem sap, girdling				
	experiment; Pressure flow model, apoplastic and symplastic				
	phloem loading and unloading.				
IV	,,,				
	spectra and enhancement effect, Photosystems, Electron transport				
	chain in chloroplast and Photophosphorylation, C3 & C4 photosynthesis, CAM- Plants.				
V	Respiration: Glycolysis		to of promissato o	and and	
V	anaerobic respiration	•	• •		
	oxidative pentose pho				
	pyruvate, regulation o	• •		•	
	transport system, oxid				
	chemiosmotic mechan		<del>_</del>		
	factors affecting respi		•	•	
VI	Lipid Metabolism: S				
	oxidation, glyoxylate				
	mobilization of lipids				
VII	Phytohormones and S		-		
	phytohormones- (aux	•	-	, ethylene.),	
	Seed physiology & Doi	rmancy, Vernaliz	ation.		

VIII	Sensory Photobiology: Photoperiodism (SDP, LDP, day neutral	
	plants); Phytochrome (discovery and structure), red and far red-	
	light responses on photomorphogenesis.	

	Year: III	Semes	ster: V	Code	e: BOT 303F	
	Practicals			Credits: 0-	+2	
					No. of Lectures	
Cell biol	Cell biology					
1.	1. Study of plant cell structure with the help of epidermal peal		dermal peal n	nount of Onion/R	Rhoeo/Crinum.	

- 2. Measurement of cell size by the technique of micrometry.
- 3. Counting cells per unit volume with the help of haemocytometer (Yeast/pollen grains).

Determination of mitotic index and frequency of different

mitotic stages in pre-fixed root tips of Allium cepa.

#### Genetics

- Monohybrid cross (Dominance and incomplete dominance)
- Dihybrid cross (Dominance and incomplete dominance)
- Gene interactions (All types of gene interactions mentioned in the syllabus)
  - Recessive epistasis 9: 3: 1. a.
  - b. Dominant epistasis 12: 3: I
  - Complementary genes 9: 7 c.
  - Duplicate genes with cumulative effect 9: 6: 1
  - Inhibitory genes 13: 3
- Observe the genetic variations among inter and intra specific plants.

Demonstration of Breeding techniques-Hybridization, case studies of mutation, polyploidy, emasculation experiment.

## Genetic material

- 1. Instruments and equipments used in molecular biology.
- Preparation of LB medium and cultivating E.coli on it.
- 3. Isolation of Genomic DNA
- Isolation of DNA from plants
- Examination of the purity of DNA by agarose gel electrophoresis.
- Quantification of DNA by UV-spectrophotometer
- Estimation of DNA by diphenylamine method.

#### Plant water relation, Mineral Nutrition and translocation in phloem

- 1. Determination of osmotic potential of plant cell sap by plasmolytic method using leaves of Rhoeo / Tradescantia.
- 2. Osmosis by potato osmoscope experiment
- 3. Effect of temperature on absorption of water by storage tissue and determination of Q10.
- 4. Experiment to demonstrate the transpiration phenomenon with the bell jar method
- 5. Experiment for demonstration of Transpiration by Four-Leaf Experiment:
- 6. Structure of stomata (dicot & monocot)
- 7. Determination of rate of transpiration using cobalt chloride method.
- 8. Experiment to measure the rate of transpiration by using Farmer's Potometer
- 9. Experiment to measure the rate of transpiration by using Ganong's potometer
- 10. Effect of Temperature on membrane permeability by colorimetric method.

Study of mineral deficiency symptoms using plant material/photographs.

#### Photo Synthesis & Respiration

Separation of plastidial pigments by solvent and paper chromatography.

- Estimation of total chlorophyll content from different chronologically aged leaves (young, mature and senescence) by Arnon method.
- Effect of HCO<sub>3</sub> concentration on oxygen evolution during photosynthesis in an aquatic plant and to find out the optimum and toxic concentration (either by volume measurement or bubble counting).
- Measurement of oxygen uptake by respiring tissue (per g/hr.)
- Determination of the RQ of germinating seeds.

Effect of light intensity on oxygen evolution in photosynthesis using Wilmott' bubble

Plant Development, Movements, Dormancy & Responses

- 1. Geotropism and phototropism Klinostàt
- 2. Hydrotropism
  - a. Measurement of growth Arc and Liver Auxonometer
- 3. To study the phenomenon of seed germination (effect of light).
- 4. To study the induction of amylase activity in germinating grains.
- 5. Test of seed viability by TTC method.

Year: III		Semester: V	ľ	Code: BOT304F			
	Paper-I: Cytogenetics, Biostatistics, Plant Breeding						
	Theory core Credits:4+0				+0		
	Outcome:						
		arse the students will be a	ıble to:				
	1. Cytogenetics in Plan						
		its role in crop improvem					
IIn:4	3. Basics of Biostatist	ics and its use data analys	SIS		No of Loctures		
Unit I	Cytogonotics	Topic			No. of Lectures		
I	Cytogenetics Variation in Chromosome number (Numerical aberrations)- anueploidy and Euploidy-haploidy, polyploidy- significance (Structural aberrations) - deletion, duplication, inversion and translocation.			nificance			
II		various ploidy levels, way ples of polyploid crops.	s to use	euploid			
III	I Plant Breeding Incompatibility, male sterility, hybridization- inter generic, inter specific, and inter varietal hybridization with examples, emasculation, bagging, pollination.						
IV	selection. Genetic ba	lection, pure line selection of selection method g for pest, pathogenic dis	ds, Intro	ductory			
V		etic varieties, Heterosis an preeding, types of heteros		of			
VI	treatment, procedure varieties.	nysical and chemical muta of mutation breeding. Re					
VII	measurements, functi	nethods, basic principles, ons, limitations and uses le, Population,random sai	of statist				
VIII	1 7	n- definition only, Centra le and Median; Measurem		cy-			

dispersion–Coefficient of variation, Standard Deviation, Standard error of Mean; Test of significance: chi- square test	
for goodness of fit.	

Year: III		Semes	ter: VI	Cod	e: BOT 305F		
	Paper-II: Ecology and Environment						
	Theory core			Credits: 4	+0		
Course	Course outcomes:						
1.	acquaint the students w	ith complex inte	rrelationship bet	ween orgai	nisms and		
	nment;						
2.	make them understand				y patterns and		
-	ses, ecosystem functions	• •		•			
3.	This knowledge is critic		ategies for sustai	nable natu	ral resource		
	ement and biodiversity c				NI CI .		
Unit	P 1 1P .	Topic			No. of Lectures		
I	Ecology and Ecosystem		us Dositive and n	ogativo			
	Definition of Ecology, I interactions. Ecosysten						
	function of an ecosystem	=	-				
II	1		•				
**	Types of ecosystems: terrestrial and aquatic acosystems- forest ecosystem, grasslands, deserts, freshwater and marine						
	ecosystems, agroecos	•					
	ecology (brief introduct	-					
III	Food chains and food v		pyramids, produc	ctivity of			
	different ecosystems,	primary produ	ictivity (gross	and net			
	primary productivity),	secondary produ	activity, flow of e	nergy in			
	an ecosystem.						
IV	Ecological Adaptations						
	Epiphytes. Ecological S		• •				
	(autogenic,allogenic,autotrophic,heterotrophic,primary &						
**	secondary), Hydrosere and Xerosere.						
V	Soil Formation, Proper			71 C 11			
	Soil: Origin, Formation, composition, Soil types, Soil Profile, Soil Microorganisms, soil processes, Soil Erosion, Biogeochemical						
			_				
	cycles of carbon, water farming, Mulching,		_				
	reclamation.	Strip cropping,	Terracing an	u Son			
	i cciamation.						

VI	Biodiversity and its Conservation: Definition -genetic, species and ecosystem diversity. Value of biodiversity: hotspots of	
	biodiversity threats to biodiversity. Endemic and endangered species of plants in India.	
VII	Species extinction: local extinction, ecological extinction, biological extinction (natural extinction, mass extinction, major extinction, man-made or sixth extinction), extinction vortex.	
VIII	Ex-situ and in-situ conservation, IUCN status categories of species, Red data book, Role of Seed Bank and Gene Bank, valuing plant resources, ecotourism, Role of BSI.	

Year	Year: III		ster: VI Cod		le: BOT 306F	
	Practicals			Credits: 0-	+2	
					No. of Lectures	
Biostat	Univariate and mean, mode, error (using Calculation cout the probin Mendellia (3:1, 1:1, 9:3 analysis and	nalysis of statisti median, standar seedling populat of correlation coe ability. 3.Determ and modified results: 1.1:1:1, 9:7, comment on the oplication in bios	d deviation and ion / leaflet single ficient values in the implementation of good mono-and differ 13:3, 15:1) by the interection and interecti	nd standard ze). and finding odness of fit ybrid ratios chi-square eritance.		
1. 2. 3. 4.	Halophytes, Ep Study of morph xerophytes (fo Study of biotic Root parasite (Insectivorous Observation ar in the syllabus	daptations: Hy piphytes and Para cological adaptatur each). interactions of: Section (Orobanche) plants).	nsites ions of hydrop Stem parasite Epiphytes, ent ecosystem	(Cuscuta), Predation as mentioned		
	rmation, Proper Determination (pH meter, un and pH paper) Analysis for ca	ties & Conservat of pH of various iversal indicator arbonates, chlori r and base del	ion soil and wate /Lovibond co des, nitrates,	er samples omparator sulphates,		

3. Determination of organic matter of different soil samples by Walkley & Black rapid titration method.	
4. Soil Profile study 5. Soil types of India-Map	
Biodiversity  • Study of community structure by quadrat method and determination of (i) Minimal size of the quadrat, (ii) Frequency, density and abundance of components (to be done during excursion/field visit).	

	Year: IV	Semest	er: VII		Code: BOT 401F		
	Paper-I: Phytogeography and Plant Resorce Utilization						
	Theory core			Credi	ts: 4+0		
Course	Outcome:						
After tl	ne completion of the cou	rse the students	will be able to:				
•	Basic concepts of plant	distribution, phy	togeopgraphy				
•	Use of plants as food, r	nedicine, commer	cial products				
Unit		Topic	-		No. of Lectures		
I	Introductory concept	s of biogeograph	ic regions of I	ndia			
	and world, Agroecol	ogical and florist	tic zones of In	ıdia.			
	Natural vegetation of	of India, static a	nd dynamic p	lant			
	geography,						
II	Basic principles gove	erning geographical distribution of		n of			
	plants, Vegetational	types in Uttar P	radesh. Center	s of			
	diversity of plants,	origin of crop	plants.Concept	t of			
	sustainable developm	ent.					
III	Study of the plants wit	h Botanical name	s, Family, part u	ısed,			
	and economic uses yi	elding Edible & e	ssential oils; Su	ıgar,			
	Starch; Fibers; Par	er, Fumitories	& Masticator	ries,			
	Rubber, Dyes, Timber,	biofuel crops.					
IV	Major cereal crops,	millets, major	vegetable cr	ops,			
	plantation crops, spice	es					

Year: IV	Semester: VII	Code:BOT 402F				
Paper-II: Ethnobotany and Pharmacognosy						
Theory core Credits: 4+0						
Course Outcome:						
After the completion of the course the students will be able to:						

1. E	Ethnobotany and its use in human welfare					
2. E	Ethnobotanical aspect of conservation and management of plant resources					
3. P	Preparation of drugs and commercialization					
Unit	Topic	No. of Lectures				
I	Methodologies of ethnobotanical research: field work, literature,					
	herbaria and musea and other aspects of ethnobotany.					
	Importance of ethnobotany in Indian systems of medicine					
	(Siddha, Ayurveda and Unani).					
II	Study of common plants used by tribes. Ethnobotanical aspect of					
	conservation and management of plant resources, Preservation					
	of primeval forests in the form of sacred groves of individual					
	species and Botanical uses depicted in our epics. Plants in					
	primary health care: common medicinal plants.					
III	Preparation of drugs for commercial market - Organoleptic					
	evaluation of drugs, Microscopic evaluation of drugs-, Physical					
	evaluation of drugs. Sources of crude drugs- roots, rhizome,					
	bulb, corm, leaves, stems, flowers, fruits and seeds.					
IV	Collection of wild herbs, Hydrotherapy or Herbal bath - Herbal					
	oils - Liquid extracts or Tincture - Poultices - Salves - Slippery elm					
	slurry and gruel - Suppositories - Teas. Glycosides and Flavonoids					
	and therapeutic applications. Anthocyanins and Coumarins and					
	therapeutic applications, Volatile oils and and Alkaloids and					
	pharmacological activities.					

	Year: III	Year: III Semester: V		Code: BOT 403F			
	Paper-III: Environment Management and Climate Change						
Theory core				Credits: 4+0			
L	Theory core			Credits: 4+0			

# Course Outcome:

- Sustainable development of natural resources
- Environmental audit & Sustainability
- Pollution, Waste management, environmental ethics

Unit	Topic	No. of
		Lectures
I	Natural resources & Sustainable utilization: Land Utilization, Soil degradation and management strategies; Restoration of degraded lands. Wetlands; Threats and management strategies, Ramsar sites, Forests: Major and minor forest products; Biological Invasion, Energy: Renewable and non-renewable sources of energy, contemporary practices in resource management.	
II	Environmental audit & Sustainability Introductory concepts of environmental audit; Guidelines of environmental audit; Concept of energy and green audit, Concept of Sustainable Agriculture; India's environment action programme: issues, approaches and initiatives towards Sustainability; Sustainable development in practice.	
III	Pollution, Waste management & Circular Economy Environmental pollution, Environmental protection laws, Bioremediation, Activated Sludge Process (ASP) – Trickling Filters – oxidation ponds, fluidized bed reactors, membrane bioreactor, digesters, fixed film reactors, bioscrubbers, biotrickling filters; case study: Ganga Action Plan; implementation of CNG; Waste- Types,	

	collection and disposal, Recycling of solid wastes (hazardous & non-hazardous) - classification, collection and segregation, Incineration, Pyrolysis and gasification, Sanitary landfilling; composting, Biogas production.	
IV	Environmental ethics, Carbon Credits & Role of GIS Introduction to Carbon credit: concept, exchange of carbon credits. Carbon sequestration, importance, meaning and ways. Climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, nuclear accidents and holocaust. Applications and case studies of remote sensing and GIS in land use planning, forest resources & agriculture studies.	

Year: IV		Semester: VI	II	Code: BOT	404F		
	Paper-IV: Utilization and Management of Algal Resources						
	Theory core			Credits: 4+0			
Course	Outcome:						
After th	<u>=</u>	irse the students will be al					
•	Students would be able	e to utilize and managemen	nt of aq	uatic algal resource	es.		
•	Bioprospection of algal	resources.					
•	UnderstandAlgal cultu	ring process.					
Unit		Topic			No. of		
					Lectures		
I	An overview of algal resources, ecological services by algae, role of algae in fisheries, aquaculture of algae-batch and mass cultivation, selection of culture medium, isolation and maintenance of algal cultures, water quality for algal culture.						
II							
III	Value addition through food chain, utilization of algae in aquaculture, impact of habitat degradation on algal resources, wastewater utilization for algal cultivation.						
IV	algae in global warmi	ensity in identifying potent ng mitigation. Exotic algal ies. Control of algal bloom	species	_			

Year: IV	Semester: VII	Code: BOT 405F			
Practicals	Practicals Credits: 0+4				
Economic Botany &Mi	Economic Botany & Microtechnique:				
Cereals: W	heat (habit sketch, L.S./T.S. of gi	ain, starch grains, micro-			

- chemical tests); rice (habit sketch, study of paddy and grain, starch grains, micro-chemical tests)
- Legume: Pea or ground nut (habit, fruit, seed structure, micro-chemical tests)
- Source of sugars and starches: Sugarcane (habit sketch; cane juice-microchemical tests); potato (habit sketch, tuber morphology, T.S. of tuber to show localization of starch grains, W.M. of starch) grains, micro-chemical tests
- Tea- tea leaves, tests for tannin
- Mustard- plant specimen, seeds, tests for fat in crushed seeds
- Timbers: section of young stem.
- Jute- specimen, transverse section of stem, tests for lignin on T.S. of stem and study of fiber following maceration technique.

Study of specimens of economic importance mentioned in Unit I-& II

Cultivating Medicinal and aromatic plants & Essential oil extraction Lemon grass/ Neem/ Zinger /Rose/Mint

## Ethnobotany

- Study of common plants used by tribes. *Aegle marmelos, Ficus religiosa, Cynodon dactylon.*
- Visit a tribal area and collect information on their traditional method of treatment using crude drugs.
- Familiarize with at least 5 folk medicines and study the cultivation, extraction and its medicinal application.
  - Observe the plants of ethnobotanical importance in your area. Visit to an Ayurveda college or Ayurvedic Research Institute / Hospital

# Instrumentation and herbal Preparations

• Develop Capsules of herbs/ Develop Herbal oils/ Develop Poultice/cream Analyse some active ingredients using chromatography /Spectrophotometry

#### Phytochemistry:

- Determination of the percentage of foreign leaf in a drug composed of a mixture of leaves.
- Dimensions of Calcium oxalate crystals in powdered crude drug.
- Preliminary phytochemical tests for alkaloids, terpenoids, glycosides, volatile oils, tannins & resins.

Any 5 herbal preparations.

#### Pollution &Waste management

• Study of instruments used to measure microclimatic variables:

Soil thermometer, maximum and minimum thermometer, anemometer, psychrometer/hygrometer, rain gauge and lux meter

- Estimation of chloride and dissolved oxygen content in water sample
- Comparative anatomical studies of leaves form polluted and less polluted areas.
- Measurement of dissolved O2 by azide modification of Winkler's method.
- Determination of dissolved oxygen of water samples from polluted and unpolluted sources.
- Microbiological assessment of drinking water using MPN technique- water from well, river, water supply department and packaged drinking water
- Making kitchen waste from compost/vermicompost by Enzymes/Bio decomposer/ Whey with dung.

#### Climate Change, Carbon Credits & Role of GIS

- Conducting Waste Audit of your Institution -Demo
- 2. Green auditing of the College/University –Demo

Water testing in green house
<ul> <li>Types of substrates used in greenhouse</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Study of local fresh water body for hydrophytic biodiversity</li> </ul>
Water analysis of local fresh water bodies
Algal Resources:
Identification and documentation of algae from freshwater habitats (local), techniques
for algal cultivation and maintenance of pure cultures, Spirulina and Chlorella
Cultivation, extraction of pigments from algae (carotenoids and phycocyanin), heavy
metal removal by algae.

Year: IV		Semester: VIII		Code: 1	BOT 406F		
	Paper-I: Biofertilizer and Biopesticides						
	Theory core Credits: 4+0						
Course	Outcome:						
After tl	ne completion of the cou	irse the students	will be able to:				
•	Know about biofertiliz	ers and thei appli	ication in crop fi	elds.			
•	Know about practical a	pplication of PGI	PR (plant growth	n promoting rh	izobacteria).		
Unit		Topic			No. of Lectures		
I	General account of microbes used as biofertilizers-PGPR, nitrogen						
**	fixing bacteria, algae a	•		11			
II	Isolation of PGPR		•	-			
	Azotobacter-classifica			•			
	Azotobacter inoculum	-					
	azollae association, le cultivation.	oiological nitroge	en fixation, Azo	lla in rice			
III	Mycorrhizal associa	tion, types of	mycorrhizal a	association,			
	phosphorus nutritio	n, Biocompost	making meth	nods from			
	agricultural and industrial wates, types and methods of						
	vermicomposting.						
IV	Biopesticides: basic c	oncepts, bac <del>teri</del> a	al and fungal bio	opesticides,			
	botanical pesticides a	nd their applicati	on.				

Year: IV	Semester: VIII		Code: BOT 407F	
Paper-II: Nursery and Gardening				
Theory core			Credits: 4+0	
Course Outcome:				

After th	After the completion of the course the students will be able to:					
•	Understand scope of Nursery and gardening					
•	Know about vegetative propagation					
Unit	Topic	No. of Lectures				
I	Scope and objectives of nursery, infrastructure for nursery.					
	Planning and seasonal activities. Planting-direct seeding and					
	transplants.					
II	Structure and types of seeds, seed dormancy-causes and methods					
	of breaking dormancy, seed storage.					
III	Vegetative propagation-cutting, selection of cutting, treatment of					
	cutting. Rooting medium and planting of cuttings. Hardening of					
	plants-green house, mist chamber, shade house and glass house.					
IV	Gardening-objectives and scope, different types of gardening-					
	landscape and home gardening, parks and its components-plant					
	materials and design. Gardening operations-soil laying, manuring,					
	watering, management of pests and diseases and harvesting.					

	Year: IV	Semester: VIII Code: B		BOT 408F			
	Paper-III: Mushroom Cultivation						
	Theory core	•		Credits: 4+0			
Course Outcome:							
After th	After the completion of the course the students will be able to:						
•	Basics of mushroom cu	ıltivation.					
•	Cultivation of Button, (	Dyster and Straw	Mushrooms.				
Unit		Topic			No. of Lectures		
I	fundamentals of cultiv	Cultivation system, farm design, Compost and composting- fundamentals of cultivation system, principles of mushroom farm layout-location of building plot, design of farm, bulk chamber,					
	composting platform,	equipments and	facilities.				
II	Machinery required f preparation. Methods and short method of c	of composting-l	•	=			
III	Spawn and Spawning preparation of spaw media used in raising	n substrate, pre	eparation of pur	-			
IV	Cultivation of Button, raw materials, composite cropping and crop ma Nutrient Profile of values, carbohydrates	ost and compost nagement, pickir Mushroom-prote	ting, spawn and ng and packing. ein, amino acid	spawning,			

Year: IV	Semester: VIII		Code: BOT 409F		
Paper-IV: Landscaping Floriculture					
Theory core Credits: 4+0			Credits: 4+0		
Course Outcome:					
After the completion of the co	After the completion of the course the students will be able to:				
<ul> <li>Understand basic concept of floriculture.</li> </ul>					
Initiate commercial floriculture- a start-up.					

Unit	Topic	No. of Lectures
I	Ornamental plants-flowering annuals, herbaceous perennials,	
	divine vines, shade and ornamental trees, ornamental bulbous and	
	foliage plants, cacti and succulents, palms and cycads, ferns and	
	selaginellas. Cultivation of plants in pots, indoor gardening and	
	bonsai.	
II	Principles of garden design-English, Italian, French, Persian,	
	Mughal and Japanese gardens, features of garden (garden wall,	
	fencing, steps, hedge, edging, lawn, flower, beds, shrubbery,	
	borders, water garden), some famous gardens of India.	
III	Landscaping places of public importance-landscaping highways	
	and educational institutions.	
IV	Commercial floriculture- factors affecting flower production,	
	production and packaging of cut flowers(Carnation, Aster,	
	Chrysanthemum, Dahlia, Gerbera, Gladiolous, Marigold, Rose,	
	Lilium and Orchids). Diseases and pests of ornamental plants.	

Year: IV		Semester: VIII		Code	e: BOT 410F
Pı	racticals			CREDIT 0+	-4
• Cult • Fiel • Visi mus	ation and in tivation of o d visit of gr t to relevan shroom cult t to Nurser	biofertilizer biofertili noculums product different vegetab reen houses, parl at Labs and field tivation). ies and cultivatio	zers. ctionof VAM. les. ks and glass hous visit (involved in	ses.	No. of Lectures

Year: IV		Semester: VII	Code:	BOT 411F				
	Paper-IV: Bioinformatics and Computer Application							
	Theory core Credits: 4+0							
		Course Outcome:						
	-	oletion of the course the student						
		amentals of computer application		matics				
		arn about biological databases a		_				
Unit		about phylogentic analysis and Topic:	its importance	No. of Lectures				
I		s: MS Office: PPT, Microsoft E	vcel data ent					
1	-	ions, formulas and functions, i		-				
		econdary storage media. GPS	-					
	Identification Apps, pro	gramming languages in bioinf	ormatics, role	of				
		biology. Historical backgrou		of				
		ics, Transcriptomics, Proteomic						
		nd computer aided Drug Design						
	Applications and Limitat	aches), Systems Biology and Fu	nctional Biolog	gy.				
II		ntroduction to biological datal	nacae - nrimai	rv				
11	S	site databases, NCBI, nucleic						
	=	J, NDB), protein databases (						
	TrEMBL, PDB), metabolic pathway database (KEGG, EcoCyc, and							
	MetaCyc), small molecule databases (PubChem, )							
III								
	sequencing, Protein sequencing, Mass spectrometry, Microarray),							
	=	ols (BankIt, Sequin, Webin); Seq						
	=	EMBL, Clustal, Phylip, Swiss- al systems (SRS, Entrez).	riotj; sequen	ice				
	amidation, Data retirev	ai systems (sito, Entitez).						

IV	Phylogenetic analysis: Introductory concepts of -Similarity, identity and	
	homology, Alignment – local and global alignment, pairwise and multiple	
	sequence alignments, alignment algorithms. Methods of Alignment (Dot	
	matrix, Dynamic Programming, BLAST and FASTA); Phylogenetic	
	analysis: Construction of phylogenetic tree, dendrograms, methods of	
	construction of phylogenetic trees.	

Year: IV Semester: VII		Code:	BOT 412F			
	Paper-III: G	enetic Engineeri	ng and Plant Tis	sue Culture		
	Theory core			Credits: 4+0		
Course	Course Outcome:					
After tl	ne completion of the cou	irse the students	will be able to:			
•	Process of gene cloning	3				
•	Use of recombinant tec	chnology in crop	improvement			
•	Plant morphogenesis					
•	Basics of plant tissue c	ulture				
Unit		Topic			No. of Lectures	
I	Gene cloning- cutting	and joining of	DNA molecules-	restriction		
	endonucleases, DNA	ligase, cloning v	ectors (plasmid	s, cosmids,		
	bacteriophage, YAC ar					
II	Gene transfer method	_				
	markers, Transgenic	• •	-	•		
	cotton); herbicide re	•	•	•		
	Transgenic crops with	i improved qualit	ty traits (FlavrSa	vr tomato,		
	Golden rice)					
III	Cytodifferentiation, or	-	• •			
	seed culture, embryo culture, organ culture, callus culture Cell					
	culture, cell suspension cultures,,Micropropagation, in vitro					
***	production of haploid	•				
IV	Protoplast isolation, s	•				
	basis of somaclonal	•	nt secondary r	netabolites		
	production, cryoprese	ervation.				

	Year: IV	Semest	er: VIII	Code	e: BOT 413F
Research Project		t		(	CREDIT 12
According to relevan		nt needs.		No. of Lectures	

